Murphys State Route 4 Complete Streets Plan Summary of Existing Conditions

for the Calaveras Council of Governments, Calaveras County, and Caltrans







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Summary of Existing Conditions

The Murphys State Route 4 (SR4) Complete Streets Project will evaluate the SR4 corridor through Murphys, California, and identify improvements to provide safe connectivity by all modes, including walking and biking, throughout the community and to key destinations. The Complete Streets Plan will plot future transportation strategies to improve multimodal corridor safety, access, aesthetics, and mobility. To establish a shared baseline understanding of existing conditions and key issues and opportunities, this report includes the following components:

- Description of the study area, the transportation facilities that serve it, and its demographics.
- Urban design analysis evaluating origins, destinations, walkability, bikeability, and signage.
- Engineering analysis of the existing and planned physical infrastructure within the project boundary.
- Safety analysis considering profiles of collisions and victims from past incidents.
- Bicyclist and pedestrian comfort assessment quantifying the level of stress for bicyclists and pedestrians.
- Regulatory and planning framework.
- Summary of key issues and opportunities for the project based on the analysis in this report.

A. STUDY AREA

Calaveras County is a largely rural county in the Sierra Foothills of California, extending into the Stanislaus National Forest to the east and to the Central Valley to the west. Murphys is an unincorporated community located in the foothills portion of Calaveras County; the US Census has mapped Murphys as a Census-Designated Place (CDP)¹ and estimated its 2016 population to be 2,088 people.²



Riding to School on Big Trees Road, circa 1900 Credit: Marvin, Judith, 2005, Images of America: Around Murphys, Charleston, South Carolina: Arcadia Publishing.



Main Street Murphys in 1853 Credit: The Oakland Museum of California; from: Marvin, Judith, 2005, Images of America: Around Murphys, Charleston, South Carolina: Arcadia Publishing.

¹ United States Census, Geography. Geographic Terms and Concepts – Place, https://www.census.gov/geo/reference/gtc/gtc_place.html, accessed March 7, 2018.

²2012-2016 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates.

Murphys was first inhabited by the Miwok tribe; artifacts and other archaeological resources can be found along Angels and Coyote Creeks, and there are caves, midden mounds, and burial sites located throughout the area. The town of Murphys was founded by two brothers—John and Daniel Murphy—during the mid-1880's, when they opened a general store. During and following the California Gold Rush, Murphys was a bustling boom town. Major fires in 1853 and 1874 destroyed many original buildings, but others remain, including the Murphys Historic Hotel in Main Street Murphys, which opened in 1856 and continues to serve as an important asset to the community today.

Modern-day Main Street Murphys hosts several wineries and other attractions for tourists. The study area for the Murphys SR4 Complete Streets Project incorporates much of the main commercial uses on SR4, the eastern portions of Main Street and Jones Street, Big Trees Road, and the western portion of Pennsylvania Gulch Road. Albert Michelson Elementary School and Feeney Park are located near the intersection of SR4 and Pennsylvania Gulch Road. Figure 1 shows the regional context for the project, and Figure 2 shows a map of the project boundary. Figure 3 shows the existing land uses in the vicinity of the project boundary, as mapped by the Calaveras County Assessor's Office. Note that County Assessor records may not be up to date for all properties, but they are the best data available to map existing land uses. As shown in the figure, there is some capacity for new development on vacant parcels along and near SR4. There are no current pending development applications within the boundary, although there an approved 42-unit subdivision south of Murphys Creek Road near the project boundary.



SR4 at Pennsylvania Gulch Road Looking north

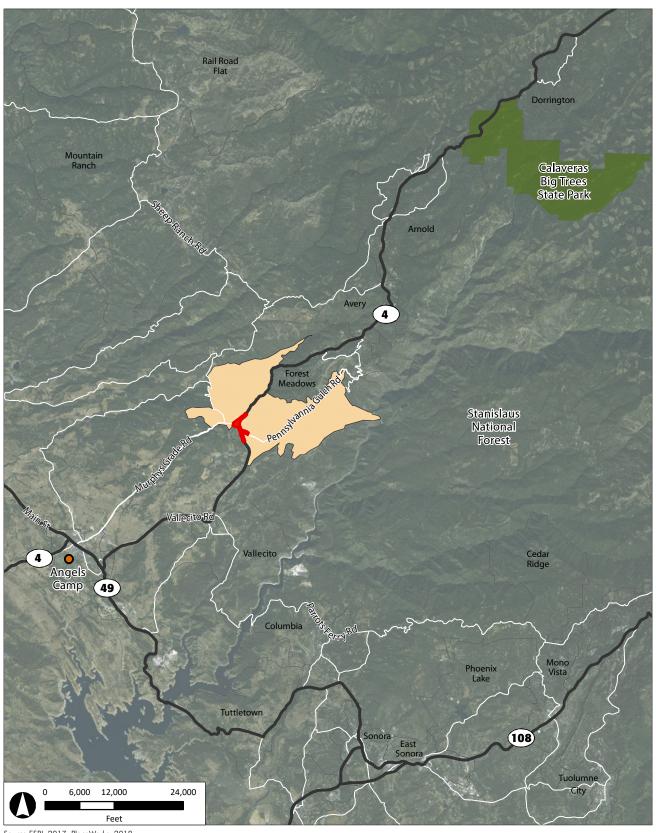


SR4 north of Mitchler Street looking north

1. Transportation Facilities

Pedestrian and bicycle facilities in the project boundary are limited, including only a few marked crosswalks for pedestrians and no existing bicycle facilities. The following major roadways are located within the project boundary:

California State Route 4: SR4 is a Caltrans facility that runs from Hercules in Contra Costa County to Markleeville in Alpine County. Operating as a major roadway within Murphys, SR4 provides access to Main Street, Big Trees Road, Pennsylvania Gulch Road, and smaller residential streets. Some commercial uses exist along SR4, particularly along the sections of the roadway closest to Main Street. Within Murphys, SR4 contains one lane in each direction with a posted speed limit between 35 and 45 miles per hour (mph). In areas close to schools, speed limits drop to 25 mph when children are present. There are currently no bicycle facilities on SR4, and pedestrian facilities are limited to a crosswalk close to Michelson Elementary School and on the south leg of the intersection with Big Trees Road/Tom Bell Road. Peak month average daily traffic (ADT) for SR4 at the intersection of Big Trees Road/Tom Bell Road is 8,200 vehicles according to the 2016 Caltrans Traffic Volumes. Additionally, weekday traffic counts collected on August 15, 2017 at

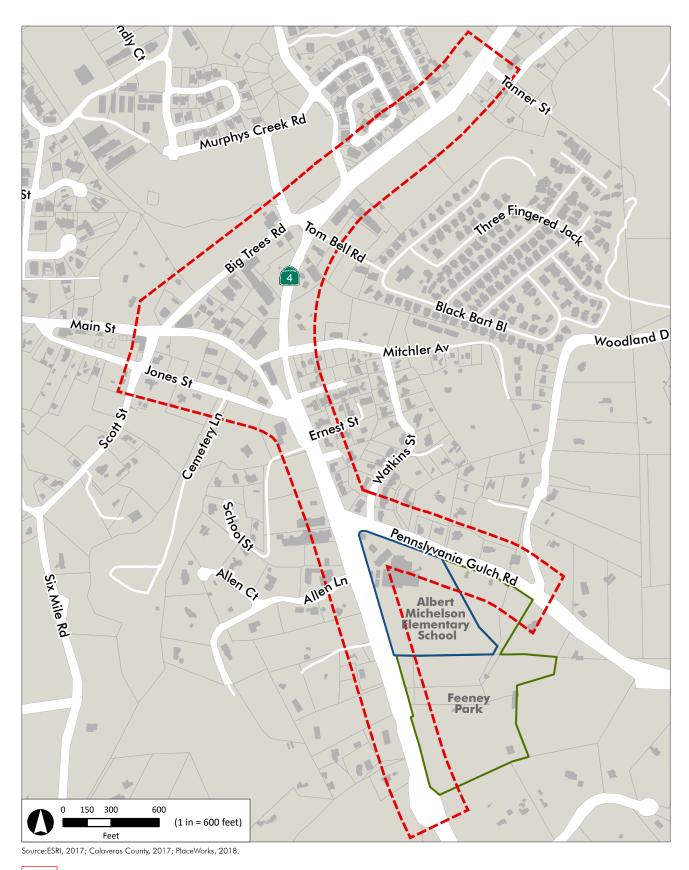


Source:ESRI, 2017; PlaceWorks, 2018.

Murphys Census Designated Place (CDP) Boundary

SR 4 Complete Streets Plan Boundary

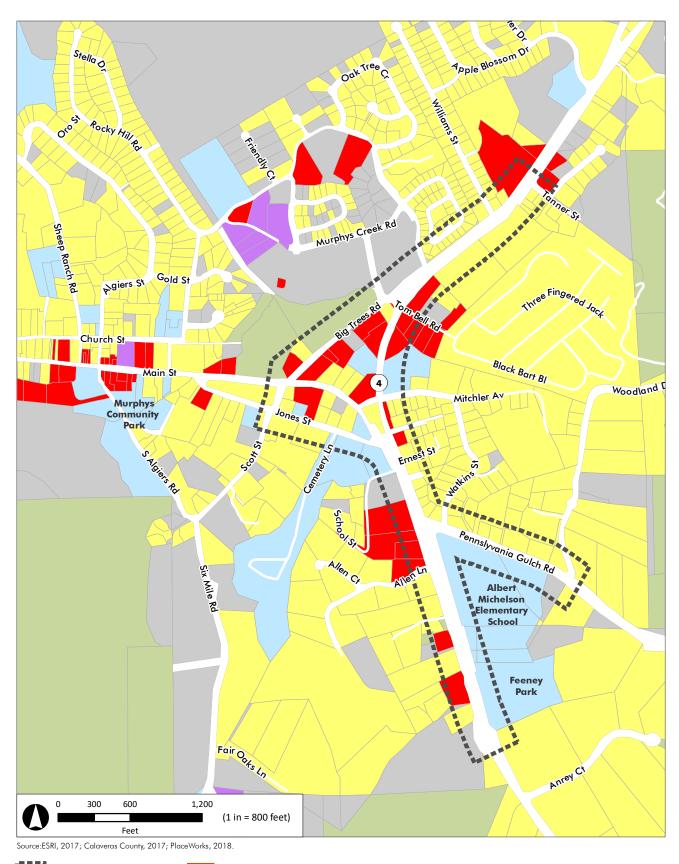
Figure 1
Regional Location



SR 4 Complete Streets Corridor

Buildings

Figure 2
Project Boundary



SR 4 Complete Streets Corridor Commercial

Existing Land Use Industrial

Agriculture Public/Institutional

Vacant

Figure 3 **Existing Land Use**

Residential

Douglas Flat, 1.3 miles south of the project boundary, indicated that AM peak hour (8:00 a.m. to 10:00 a.m.) two-way traffic volume is approximately 660 vehicles and PM peak hour (4:00 p.m. to 6:00 p.m.) two-way traffic volume is approximately 830 vehicles.

- Main Street: Main Street operates as the main commercial corridor for Murphys, featuring restaurants, hotels, wineries, and other businesses. Main Street runs from French Gulch Road in the west to SR4 in the east. For all of its length, Main Street contains one lane in each direction and a posted speed limit of 25 mph. Within the main commercial district of Murphys, Main Street contains on-street, unmetered parking on both sides. There are currently no bicycle facilities on Main Street, and pedestrian facilities are limited to some sidewalks in the commercial core and marked crosswalks on all four legs of the intersection with Algiers Street and the north leg of the intersection with Big Trees Road.
- Big Trees Road: Big Trees Road is a local street that connects SR4 and Main Street. Some limited commercial and residential uses exist along Big Trees Road. For all of its length, Big Trees Road contains one lane in each direction and a posted speed limit of 25 mph. Marked crosswalks exist on the north leg of the intersection with Main Street and the south leg of the intersection with SR4. There are currently no bicycle facilities on Big Trees Road and sidewalk on only a portion of one side of the road.
- Pennsylvania Gulch Road: Pennsylvania Gulch Road branches off SR4 and connects residential communities to SR4. Albert Michelson Elementary School and Feeney Park are located at the intersection of Pennsylvania Gulch Road and SR4, making it a particularly important intersection for the Complete Streets study. Most of Pennsylvania Gulch Road has a posted speed limit of 35 mph, with a notable exception of the 25 mph school zone surrounding Michelson Elementary School.

2. Transit Service

Calaveras Transit, which is operated by Calaveras County, provides bus service to the project area on its "blue line," which runs from the SR4/SR49 intersection in Angels Camp easterly through Murphys to its terminus at the Arnold Library. From Angels Camp, the blue line connects to other Calaveras Transit routes that provide service to regional destinations, including retail centers in Jackson and Valley Springs, the San Andreas government center, and Columbia College. Figure 4 shows the full transit service map throughout Calaveras County.

There are two bus stops in the project boundary, both on SR4: one on the south side of Tom Bell Road, across from the El Dorado Savings Bank and adjacent shopping center (easterly buses), and the other at the western corner of the SR4/Pennsylvania Gulch Road intersection, in front of the Murphys Suites Hotel (westerly buses). Service operates weekdays. Easterly buses arrive around 5:30 a.m., 8:00 a.m., 11:30 a.m., 2:30 p.m., and 6:45 a.m. Westerly buses arrive around 6:15 a.m., 9:00 a.m., 12:15 p.m., 3:15 p.m., and 7:30 p.m.

3. Demographics

As noted above, the US Census has mapped Murphys as a CDP and estimated its 2016 population to be 2,088 people. The median age is 60.7 years old. There are about 1,300 housing units, 80 percent of which are occupied. Of the occupied units, 76 percent are owner-occupied and 24 percent are rental units. As of the 2010 Census, the average household size was 2.1 people. The median household income is about \$43,700, and almost 10 percent of the population is below the poverty level.³

³ Unless otherwise noted, data is from the 2012-2016 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates.

FIGURE 4 CALAVERAS TRANSIT SYSTEM

CONTROL BY CONTROL B

Source: Calaveras Transit Service Guide, Calaveras County, available at http://transit.calaverasgov.us/Route-Info/Schedule.

Table 1 shows the historic population trends in Murphys, as well as expected population trends for the future based on anticipated countywide population growth. As shown in the table, Census data indicates that the Murphys CDP population peaked around 2010 and has declined over the past six years to almost reach the 2000 population. Population projections from the California Department of Finance for the county as a whole indicate that the population is expected to grow again, with an overall increase of 7 percent between 2020 and 2040.

TABLE 1 POPULATION TRENDS

Scenario				Percent Change
Historic Population Trend	2000	2010	2016	2000-2016
Murphys CDP Population	2,061 ^a	2,213 ^b	2,088 ^c	1%
Future Population Projection	2020	2030	2040	2020-2040
Murphys CDP Population Projection d	2,113	2,205	2,258	7%

^a 2000 Census.

^b 2010 Census.

^c 2012-2016 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates.

^d County population projections from California Department of Finance Demographic Research Unit, January 2018, Table P-1. Applied factor assuming that 4.7 percent of county population will reside in Murphys CDP, based on comparison of 2016 population estimates from 2012-2016 American Community Survey.

Figures 5 and 6 compare age demographics in the Murphys CDP to those in the county and state. As of the 2016 American Community Survey published by the US Census, Murphys CDP residents as a group were older than in the rest of the county and state; the median age in the Murphys CDP was 60.7 years old, compared to 51.2 in the county and 36 in the state. In reviewing the distribution of various age groups, Murphys also has a higher proportion of younger and older senior residents than the county and state, especially in the 65 and older age group, and a smaller proportion of kids, young adults, and middle-age adults, especially in the 20 to 34 age group. Therefore, while the Complete Streets Plan will need to address kids' safety walking and biking around the school, it will also need to consider senior accessibility and needs, especially around the Murphys Diggins, a 55+ community in the study area, along with the Senior Center and other key services like the grocery store and post office.

Median Age

Murphys CDP

County

State

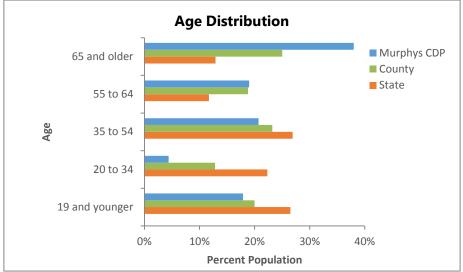
0 20 40 60 80

Median Age (Years)

FIGURE 5 MEDIAN AGE

Source: 2012-2016 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates.





Source: 2012-2016 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates.

⁴ 2012-2016 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates.

As of 2016, there were 737 Murphys CDP residents age 16 and older who were employed (about 35 percent of the total population). As shown in Figure 7, about a third of the employed population in Murphys works in the educational, health care, social services, arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation, and food services industries.⁵

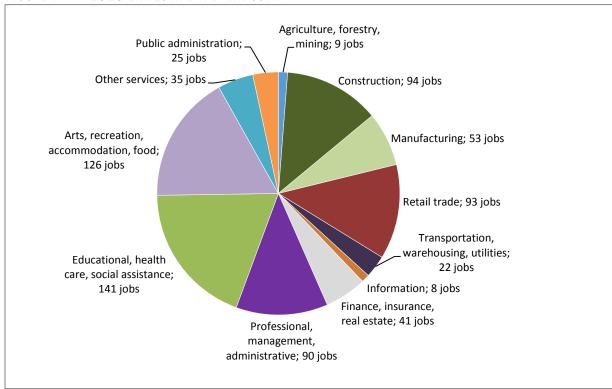


FIGURE 7 2016 EMPLOYMENT BY INDUSTRY

Source: 2012-2016 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates.

Figure 8 compares the median household income (i.e., the middle value if you sort all the household incomes in order) in the Murphys CDP to that of the county and state. The median income in Murphys is about \$43,700, compared to about \$53,500 in the county and \$63,800 in the state. Given that property values in Murphys are generally higher than in the rest of the county, the income data is somewhat surprising. One factor that may influence these results is that the average household size in Murphys is lower than in the county (2.1 in Murphys vs. 2.4 in the county); median household income measures all households the same, regardless of size. To explore this further, Census data for mean household incomes was also consulted; mean household income reports the average of all of the household incomes in the area (i.e., add up all the household incomes and divide by the number of households). The mean household income in Murphys is about \$87,800, which is higher than in the overall county (\$75,400), while still lower than throughout the state (\$91,100). Median household income is the most widely used and accepted measure of income, but it doesn't take into account incomes at the extreme ends of the distribution. Meanwhile, mean household income can be distorted by a

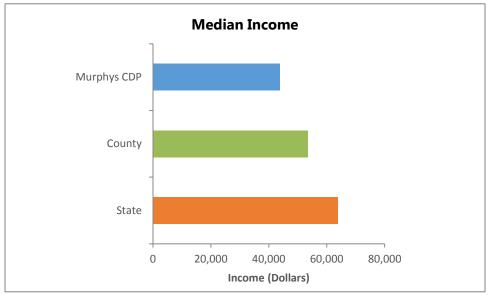
⁵ 2012-2016 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates.

⁶ 2012-2016 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates.

⁷ 2010 Census.

⁸ 2012-2016 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates.

FIGURE 8 MEDIAN INCOME



Source: 2012-2016 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates.

small number of extreme values, especially at the high end, resulting in the higher incomes values in this category. These data points suggest that while there are households in Murphys enjoying higher incomes that bring the mean household income value above that of the county, there are a significant number of Murphys households with incomes below the average in the community, meaning that there is a significant portion of the population with limited incomes. This is supported by an additional evaluation of the distribution of income ranges by household in greater detail (see Figure 9), which shows that Murphys has a much higher percentage of households with incomes lower than \$35,000 (43 percent) than Calaveras County (34 percent) and the state overall (23 percent). Furthermore, almost 10 percent of residents fall below the poverty level. 10

With the significant proportion of households in Murphys with limited incomes, combined with almost 10 percent of residents falling below the poverty level, safe multi-modal access to school and work may be more important than in other locations given the significant investment required to purchase and operate a personal vehicle, and/or a second vehicle for a household with multiple workers.

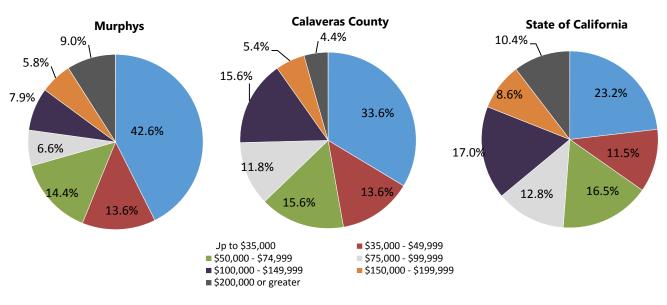
As shown in Figure 10, despite a lack of pedestrian infrastructure throughout much of the Murphys CDP, a higher proportion of Murphys residents walk to work than in the rest of the county or state (5 percent in Murphys compared to 2 percent in the county and 3 percent in the state). A higher proportion of Murphys residents also work at home compared to the county and state.¹¹

⁹ 2012-2016 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates.

 $^{^{10}}$ 2012-2016 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates.

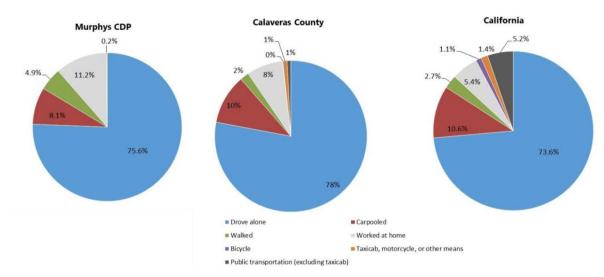
¹¹ 2012-2016 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates.

FIGURE 9 INCOME DISTRIBUTION COMPARISON



Source: 2012-2016 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates.

FIGURE 10 MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK



Note: This data reflects a snapshot in time based on Census data. While it is the best data available, there may be some commuters that aren't reflected in the data.

Source: 2012-2016 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates.

Census commute data from 2015 shows that the majority (47 percent) of Murphys CDP residents travel 50 miles or more to work, but the next highest share (30 percent) of residents travel less than 10 miles to work, which may explain why more people walk to work in Murphys than in the county or state. ¹² Of those traveling far to work, the top destination cities are San Jose, Modesto, Fresno, San Francisco, and Oakland. Closer work destinations outside Murphys include Angels Camp, Arnold, San Andreas, and Sonora. ¹³

Traffic counts to be collected for this project will provide additional information to characterize commuting patterns in Murphys, including the number of vehicles travelling through the study area during the AM and PM peak commute times and predominant directions of travel.

B. URBAN DESIGN ANALYSIS

In general, the SR4 corridor in Murphys faces issues that are common among many rural highways. While the highway is built for automobile traffic with speed limits of 35 to 45 mph within the project area, the wide paved shoulders and even wider paved intersections do not deter some people from driving through the project area faster, leading to potential conflicts with slow-moving local traffic, bicyclists, and pedestrians. In effect, this section of SR4 turns from a roadway focused on moving cars and trucks long distances to a roadway for everyone—and it must serve multiple purposes effectively.

1. Origins and Destinations

The roadways within the project boundary serve several major residential areas, including the Willow Creek Cottages, Stone Ridge Estates, and other homes accessed primarily by Williams Street, all in the northern portion of the study area. In this area, south of Murphys Creek Road, there is an approved 42-unit subdivision that is expected to begin construction in summer 2018. Tom Bell Road connects the Murphys Diggins, a 55+ mobile home community, to SR4 in the northeastern portion of the study area, and Mitchler Avenue, Watkins Street, and several other short local roads provide access to residential areas immediately east of SR4. Pennsylvania Gulch Road serves as an important route for rural residential development extending east from the study area.

As shown in Figure 11, in addition to Michelson Elementary School and Feeney Park, the project boundary incorporates or provides access to a number of other important destinations, which are listed below. These destinations were called out and mapped in this report because they are locations where residents and visitors may want to walk. As part of community outreach for this project, the community will be asked to verify and modify as needed the list of important destinations with the community.

- Post Office (access on Big Trees Road)
- Sierra Hills Market (access on SR4 and Big Trees Road)
- El Dorado Savings Bank (access on Tom Bell Road)
- Murphys Senior Center (access on Mitchler Avenue)
- Murphys Fire Protection District (access on Jones Street)
- Murphys Suites (access on SR4)

¹² US Census Bureau, OnTheMap Application and LEHD Origin-Destination Employment Statistics (Beginning of Quarter Employment, 2nd Quarter of 2002-2015).

¹³ US Census Bureau, OnTheMap Application and LEHD Origin-Destination Employment Statistics (Beginning of Quarter Employment, 2nd Quarter of 2002-2015).



SR 4 Complete Streets Corridor Buildings

Murphys Main Street



Bus Stop Pedestrian Entry

Other Key Destinations

Figure 11

Destinations and Landmarks

- Main Street Murphys (shopping, dining, and landmarks), Murphys Community Park, and Murphys Library (access on Main Street and Algiers Street)
- Ironstone Vineyards (access on 6 Mile Road)

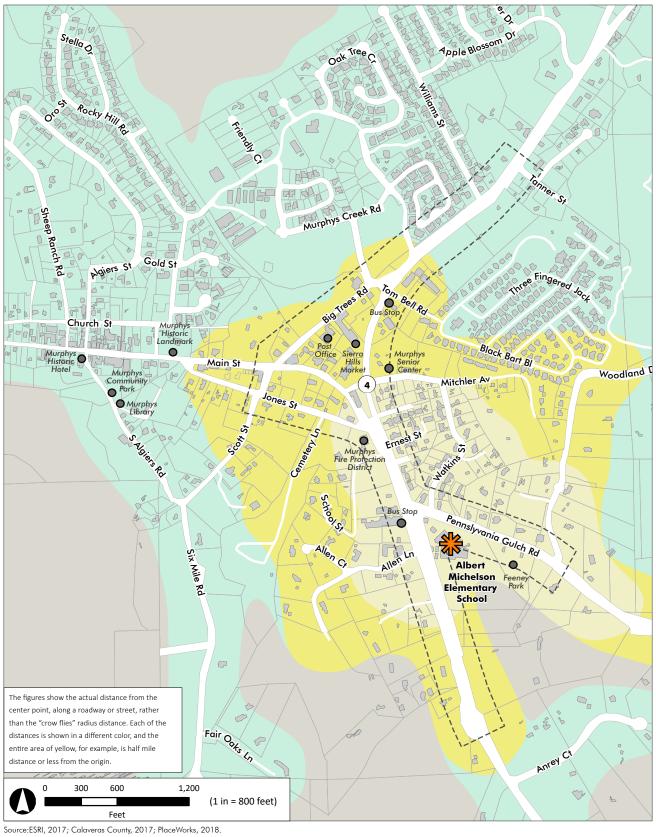
2. Walkability and Bikeability

Of the major destinations within the project boundary shown on Figure 11, the Michelson School, Main Street, and the Calaveras Transit bus stops are the destinations that are most likely to be accessed on foot. Figures 12, 13, and 14 show the ¼- and ½-mile walking distances, along with a 3-mile biking distance, from each of those destinations. Generally, a ¼-mile distance is considered a five minute walk, easily achieved by most people, while a ½-mile distance, or 10-minute walk, is considered the high end for most people to comfortably walk to transit, school or work on a daily basis. The 3-mile distance is generally thought to be a reasonable bicycling distance for most people.

The figures show the actual distance from the center point, along a roadway or street, rather than the "crow flies" radius distance. Each of the distances is shown in a different color, and the entire area of yellow, for example, is half mile distance or less from the origin. Note that these distances are shown for reference only, and many people may want to travel greater distances than the limits that are shown. In addition, the comfort and safety of the route deeply affects the willingness of people to decide to walk or bike.

- Michelson Elementary School: Much of the residential area immediately north of the school, including along Pennsylvania Gulch Road, Watkins Street, Ernest Street, and Lawrence Street, is within a ¼-mile walking distance to the school, while other homes along Mitchler Avenue and west of SR4 are within a ½-mile walking distance. Based on County Assessor data, approximately 100 households are within a ¼-mile walking distance of the school and 180 households are within a ½-mile walking distance of the school. The more extensive residential development existing and planned in the northern portion of the study area is not within a reasonable walking distance to the school. Therefore, while residents north of the school can reasonably walk to school (assuming the crossing of Penn Gulch Road to the school can be made safely), other residential development in the area is likely too far to access the school on foot. The 3-mile biking distance shown in the diagram indicates that most residential areas in the study area are within a reasonable bicycling distance, although the lack of bicycle facilities and safety features is a deterrent. County Assessor data shows that approximately 1,310 households are within a 3-mile biking distance to the school.
- Main Street Murphys: Main Street Murphys is a major destination for locals and tourists alike. Once in Main Street Murphys, there is heavy pedestrian activity, but accessing it on foot is fairly limited. Some of the residential along Jones Street and Scott Street is within a ¼-mile walking distance, as are residences east of SR4 near Mitchler Avenue and Ernest Street; but the crossing of SR4 presents a formidable obstacle. The ½-mile walking distance extends into more residential areas, including western Main Street, the areas accessed by Rocky Hill Road and Algiers Street, the existing and planned subdivisions in the Murphys Creek Road and Williams Street areas, and residential areas east of SR4, including the Murphys Diggins community. However, as mentioned above, residents east of SR4 face a challenging crossing of SR4. Of the two larger hotels in Murphys, the Murphys Inn is within a ¼-mile walking distance and the Murphys Suites are within a ½-mile walking distance. The 3-mile biking distance indicates that most residential areas in the study area are within a reasonable bicycling distance, although riders face a challenging bicycle environment on major roads.

MURPHYS SR 4 COMPLETE STREETS PLAN



SR 4 Complete Streets Corridor

Quarter-Mile Distance

Half-Mile Distance

Three-Mile Distance

Center Point of Analysis

Other Key Destinations

Figure 12
Walkabilityand Bikeability
Around School

MURPHYS SR 4 COMPLETE STREETS PLAN

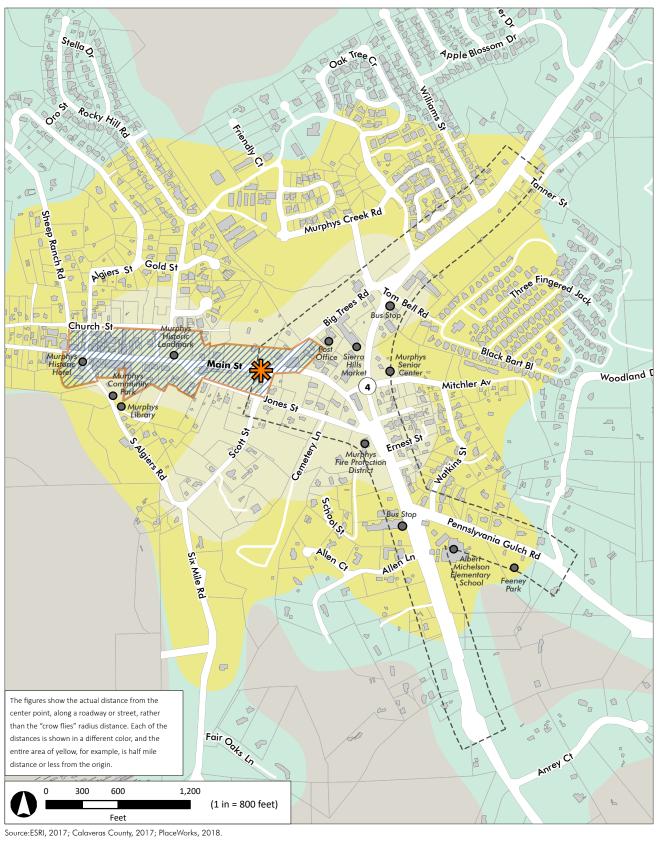




Figure 13
Walkability and Bikeability
Around Main Street

MURPHYS SR 4 COMPLETE STREETS PLAN



SR 4 Complete Streets Corridor

Quarter-Mile Distance

Half-Mile Distance

Three-Mile Distance

Center Points of Analysis

Other Key Destinations

Figure 14
Walkability and Bikeability
Around Bus Stops

Bus Stops: As discussed in Section A, there are two bus stops within the project boundary: one on the south side of Tom Bell Road for easterly buses and the other at the western corner of the SR4/Pennsylvania Gulch Road intersection for westerly buses. Combined, the bus stops are within a ¼-mile walking distance of several residential areas, including residential development in the northern portion of the study area, the Murphys Diggins, and the areas accessed by Mitchler Avenue and Watkins Street. The bus stops are also within a ¼-mile walking distance of important commercial and service destinations, including the post office and Sierra Hills Market. The ½-mile walking distance extends into more residential areas in the northern portion of the study area and a portion of Main Street Murphys. Therefore, the bus stops are well-situated to capture pedestrian activity in significant portions of the study area. Similar to the bikeability of the school and Main Street Murphys, the 3-mile biking distance to bus stops indicates that most residential areas in the study area are within a reasonable bicycling distance, but major roadways do not feel safe to most riders.

3. Signage

Signage visible from SR4 in Murphys generally falls into three categories: traffic control signage, community signage, and commercial signage.

■ Traffic Control Signage. This signage is located in the Caltrans right-of-way and includes speed limit signage, cross street signage, pedestrian crossing notifications, Caltrans destination signage (for example, the Mercer Cavern/Main Street sign in standard green and white), and other highway-oriented signage.

Speed limits on SR4 outside of the study area are 55 mph. Immediately south of Murphys there is a 50 mph limit between Ansil Davis Road in Douglas Flat and Anrey Court. In Murphys, these highway speeds decrease to 45 mph at Anrey Court travelling north and Apple Blossom travelling south. The center area is 35 mph from south of Pennsylvania Gulch to Williams Street. Near the school there are signs limiting speed to 25 mph when children are present. Those signs have flashing beacons.



School speed limit sign on northbound SR4

In general, the Caltrans signage is not overly obtrusive, communicates clearly, and is located well.

- Community Signage. Community signage includes the "Welcome to Murphys" type signage and other signage highlighting upcoming events. These signs are usually outside the Caltrans right-of-way. Here is a description of the main signs:
 - Northbound Signs:

"Welcome to Murphys" entry sign. For northbound travelers, the first sign indicating Murphys is south of Feeney Park. This green sign is set back behind a fence below a rise. It is not large but very visible.

Murphys community sign. The second visible sign for northbound travelers is another "Welcome to Murphys" sign, set back behind the fence at Feeney Park. This sign has community organization logos

such as FFA, Rotary, and Lions incorporated. It is located in the shade of a tree and at the time of our photo the branches needed to be pruned to create better visibility.

Murphys Caltrans sign and Historic Murphys signs. Also at Feeney Park is a standard Caltrans sign with the name Murphys and its population and elevation data. This is a prominent sign as it is next to the road in Caltrans right-of-way. Adjacent to this sign but beyond the Feeney Park fence is a carved and painted wooden sign that says "Welcome to Historic Murphys 'Queen of the Sierras'". This handsome sign is quite visible.

"Historic Downtown Murphys" sign. A standard California State Historic Landmark sign is at the intersection of SR4 and Main Street.





Murphys community signs on northbound SR4

Southbound Signs:

Caltrans/Mercer Caverns signs. There is a standard Caltrans library graphic symbol attached to the post that also supports the sign for Mercer Caverns turnoff onto Big Trees Road.

Murphys Realty sign. Although this sign at Big Trees and SR4 is not a community sign exactly, it is very visible to travelers and prominently shows the name Murphys.

Main Street. Even though it does not say Murphys, this standard Caltrans sign is a visible indicator that says the town is that direction.

Signboard at fire station. A small signboard that announces events is located at the intersection of Main/Jones and SR4. It is more oriented to Main/Jones



Main Street sign on southbound SR4

than SR4, clearly to announce events for a more local and resident population, those coming from Main Street to the highway.

Michelson School fence. The fence at the school is a prominent place to hang banners announcing local fundraising events, clubs and the like. Michelson Elementary also has an electronic sign board at

this location to announce school events. The fenceline signage seems to serve as the community bulletin board at a vehicle scale.

Other signage. Other community signage in the study area but off of SR4 includes a "Business District" sign facing those turning onto Main Street, and another fence with banners under a tree at the intersection of Big Trees and Main Street, facing those coming south on Big Trees Road.

A question for the community is whether Murphys would be better served by consolidating the existing community signage in a couple of locations or replacing some community signage with more attractive and visible signage.

Commercial Signage. There is quite a lot of commercial signage along SR4. Almost all of it appears to be advertising the businesses themselves that line the highway; there are few signs advertising remote locations or products: in other words, billboards. Many of the signs are located on the buildings lining the highway, which is the most appropriate signage for a historic place like Murphys. The best signs are those integrated into the architecture of the buildings. A prime example is the view of the Sierra Hills Market travelling south on SR4 (the other side is not as well integrated). Other good examples include the signs on the row of commercial properties with Hillbillies Restaurant.



Commercial signage on southbound SR4

Less successful commercial signage is found on the freestanding signs and commercial banners along SR4. If there are too many detached signs it can lead to visual clutter. Another type of signage that adds to clutter are the "temporary" sandwich boards along SR4. Some of these boards appear to be in the Caltrans right-of-way.

In general, the frontage along SR4 in Murphys is not overly cluttered by signage, but it may be beneficial to consider additional standards for signage to make the public face of Murphys more attractive.

C. ENGINEERING ANALYSIS

The engineering analysis is presented in a series of drawings as Figure 15. ¹⁴ This analysis considers the existing physical roadway conditions, including pavement, pavement markings, driveways, crosswalks, utility infrastructure, and drainage; identifies potential safety and traffic flow issues based on the current roadway configuration; and discloses potential constraints to installing typical complete streets improvements.

As shown in Figure 15B, there are "no parking" signs located at the south end of the project boundary. Parallel parking is allowed along the majority of SR4 through the project boundary, but off-street parking provided at individual businesses is typically adequate. Parking along SR4 is generally limited to a few major community events that draw large crowds, such as Irish Days in March and the Grape Stomp in October.

 $^{^{14}}$ Figure 15 first displays a key map to show how the subsequent drawings fit together.

Pickup and drop off for students at Michelson Elementary School occurs in the large parking lot for Feeney Park, located just east of the school on Pennsylvania Gulch Road (visible on Figure 15D). In the morning, the majority of the school traffic turns onto Pennsylvania Gulch Road from SR4, and often gets backed up on Pennsylvania Gulch Road while waiting to turn right into the parking lot. Inside the parking lot, a crossing guard periodically stops the flow of traffic entering the lot to let students cross the main entry. A crossing guard is also positioned at the crosswalk across Pennsylvania Gulch Road (visible on Figure 15D). The parking lot at Michelson Elementary is for staff use only and drop off is not allowed. Even though signs are posted to prohibit it, some students are dropped off at the parking lot for the Michelson Extended Day program and Resource Connection (located just west of the school on Pennsylvania Gulch, visible on Figure 15C), and then walk to school along the roadway shoulder and asphalt sidewalk that serves a portion of this route. In the afternoon, traffic often gets backed up on Pennsylvania Gulch Road, waiting to turn onto SR4, but the queues are generally shorter than in the morning. Students are discouraged from using the crosswalk across SR4 due to safety concerns.

Below is a summary of the engineering analysis for each of the major roadways in the project boundary:

- SR4: SR4 is a two-lane conventional highway. The road has a curvilinear alignment as it passes through Murphys, and features roadside ditches on both sides. There are no sidewalks on either side of the road through the majority of the project boundary. Installation of new sidewalks on SR4 would require piping the existing ditches. Pedestrian crosswalks across SR4 are currently provided at only two locations: uncontrolled school crossing near the Pennsylvania Gulch Road intersection, and a controlled crossing at the signalized intersection at Big Trees Road. These two crossings are approximately 2,000 feet apart. Many of the intersections in the project boundary have wide footprints, encouraging higher speed turning on and off SR4. There are no separate left-turn lanes on SR4 except at the intersection with Big Trees Road. Left-turning vehicles have to queue on the through lanes while waiting for a gap in the opposing traffic.
- Pennsylvania Gulch Road. Pennsylvania Gulch Road is a two-lane collector road that provides the primary access to Michelson Elementary School. An asphalt sidewalk exists on the south side of the road near the school. There is no sidewalk for the remaining portions of Pennsylvania Gulch Road towards its intersection with SR4. Pennsylvania Gulch Road has a steep profile, with the apex located near the school entrance. A mid-block pedestrian crossing is located at the apex of the road. On the north side of this crossing, pedestrians land between two driveways and have no clear path of travel.
- Main Street. Approximately 400 feet of the eastern portion of Main Street has a sidewalk on the north side. The remaining easterly portion does not have a sidewalk. In this segment, the shoulder area is being used for parking by the adjacent businesses. Extension of the sidewalk along the north side of the road will result in removal of parking. The south side of the road is not suitable for sidewalk installation due to the steep terrain and large trees. In addition, most of the businesses that would generate pedestrian volume are located on the north side of the road.
- Big Trees Road. Big Trees Road has a continuous sidewalk on the south side of the road except for an approximately 170-foot gap near the intersection with Creek View Road. Some portions of the existing sidewalk exceed the ADA maximum cross-slope due to non-compliant driveways and tree uplift. Installation of a new sidewalk to close the gap may require parking removal and/or adjustment in front of Realty World and Next-Upscale Resale Consignment. The Big Trees Road/Creek View intersection is a wide T-intersection located on a curve. There is no accessible connection between the sidewalk on the west side of Creek View and the sidewalk on the south side of Big Trees Road. One possible solution is to extend a sidewalk segment on the north side of Big Trees Road westerly from the Creek View intersection, and provide a mid-block connection where the road width is narrower.

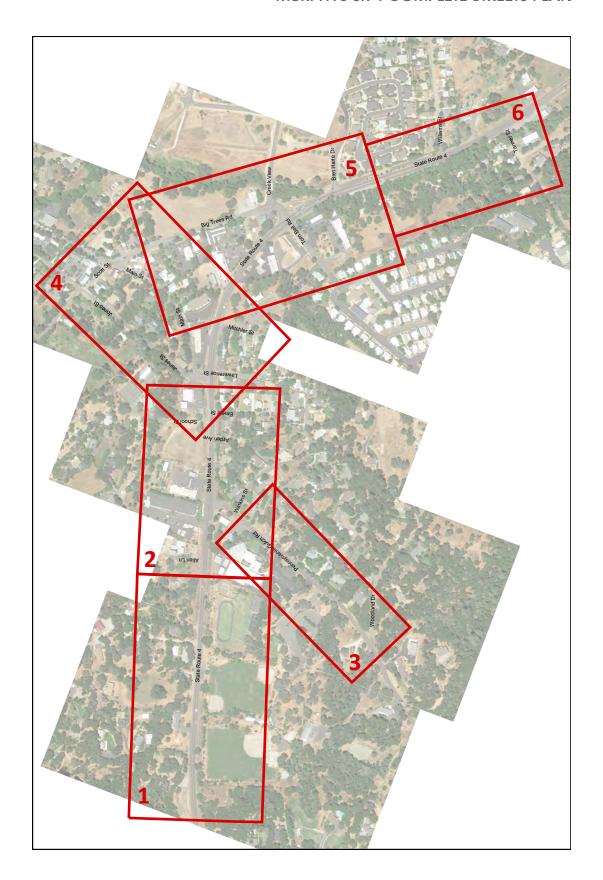
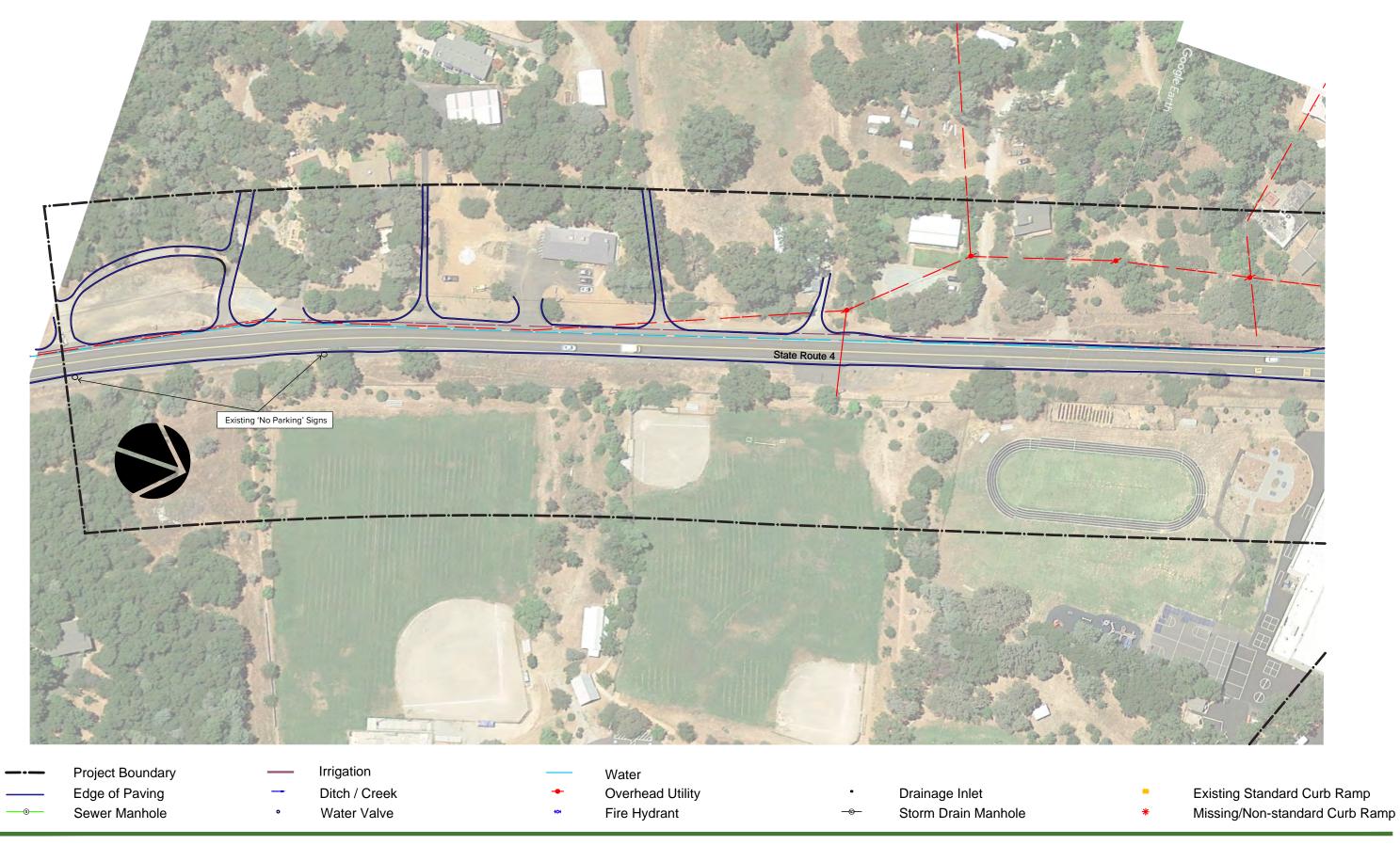
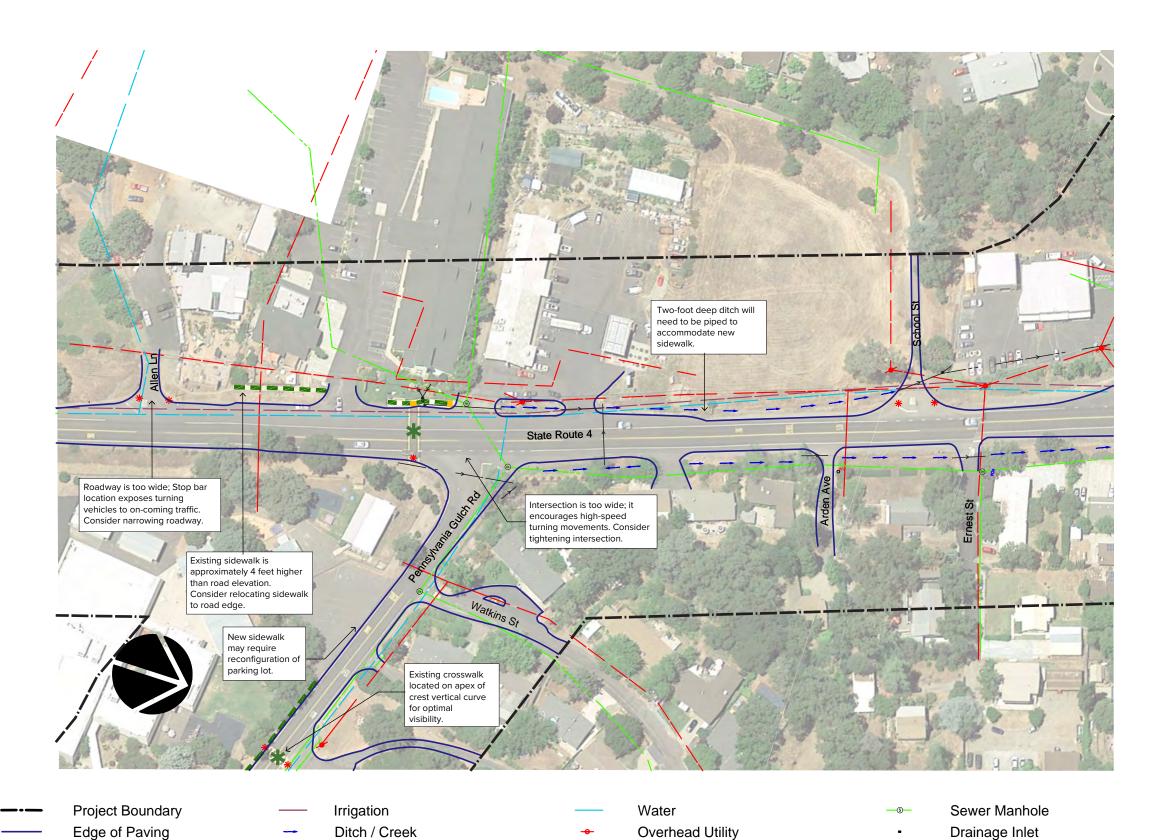


Figure 15A Key Map



Existing Sidewalk

4/9/2018



Fire Hydrant

Storm Drain Manhole

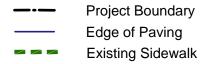
Water Valve

Existing Crosswalk Locations

Existing Standard Curb Ramp

Missing/Non-standard Curb Ramp





IrrigationDitch / CreekWater Valve

WaterOverhead UtilityFire Hydrant

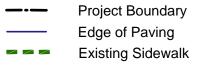
- Sewer Manhole
 Drainage Inlet
- Drainage InletStorm Drain Manhole

Existing Crosswalk Locations

Existing Standard Curb Ramp

Missing/Non-standard Curb Ramp





IrrigationDitch / Creek

Water Valve

WaterOverhead UtilityFire Hydrant

Sewer ManholeDrainage Inlet

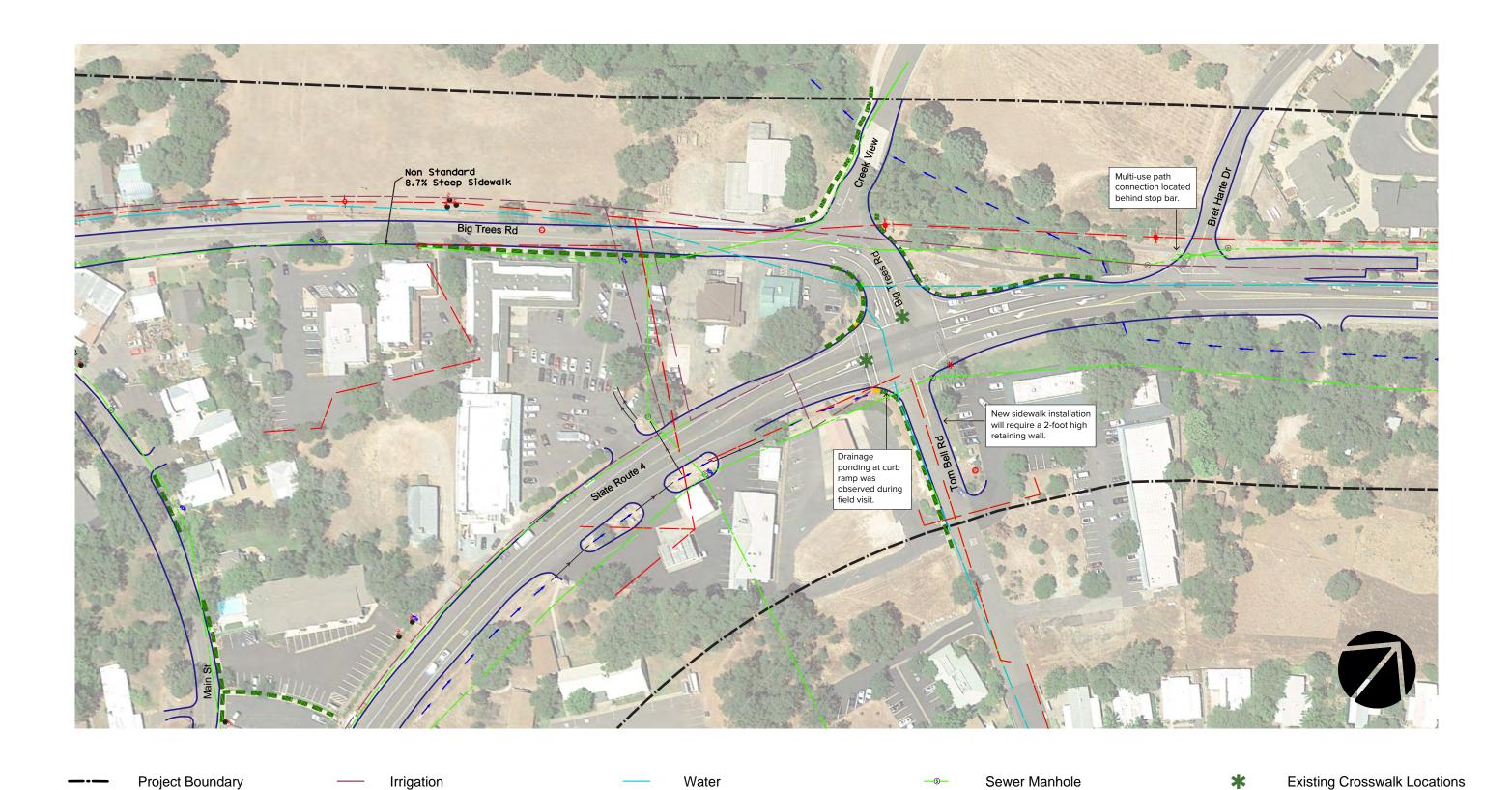
Drainage Inlet

Storm Drain Manhole

*

Existing Crosswalk Locations
Existing Standard Curb Ramp

* Missing/Non-standard Curb Ramp



Overhead Utility

Fire Hydrant

Drainage Inlet

Storm Drain Manhole

Ditch / Creek

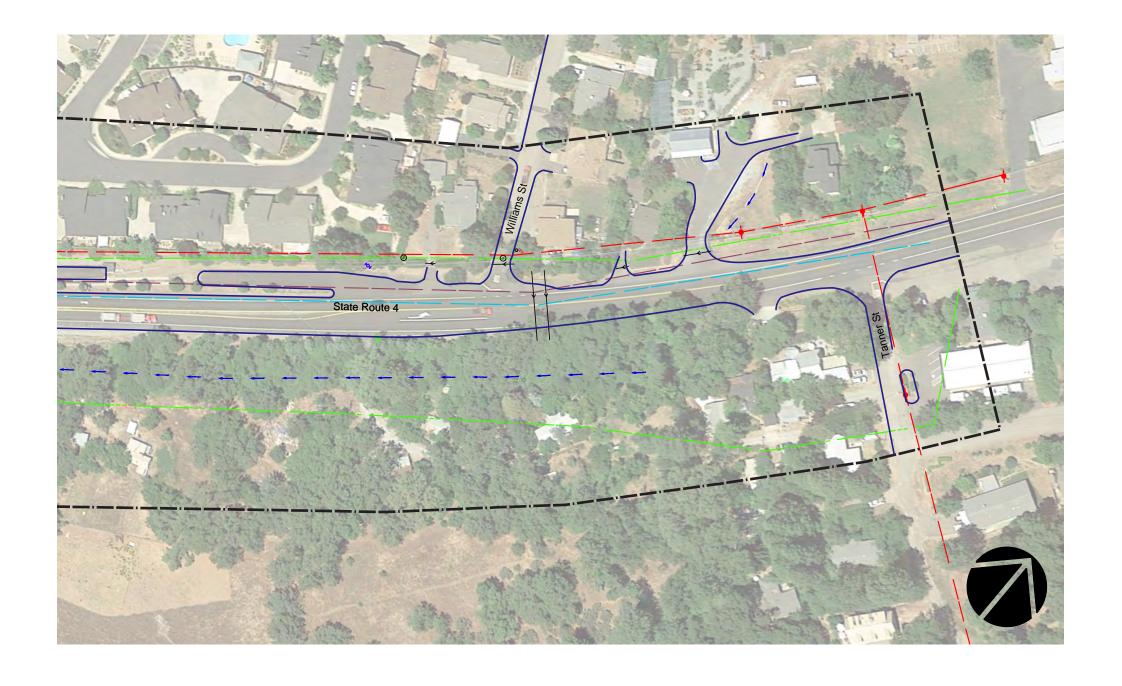
Water Valve

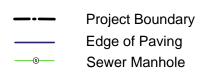
Existing Standard Curb Ramp

Missing/Non-standard Curb Ramp

Edge of Paving

Existing Sidewalk





IrrigationDitch / CreekWater Valve

WaterOverhead UtilityFire Hydrant

Drainage InletStorm Drain Manhole

Existing Standard Curb RampMissing/Non-standard Curb Ramp

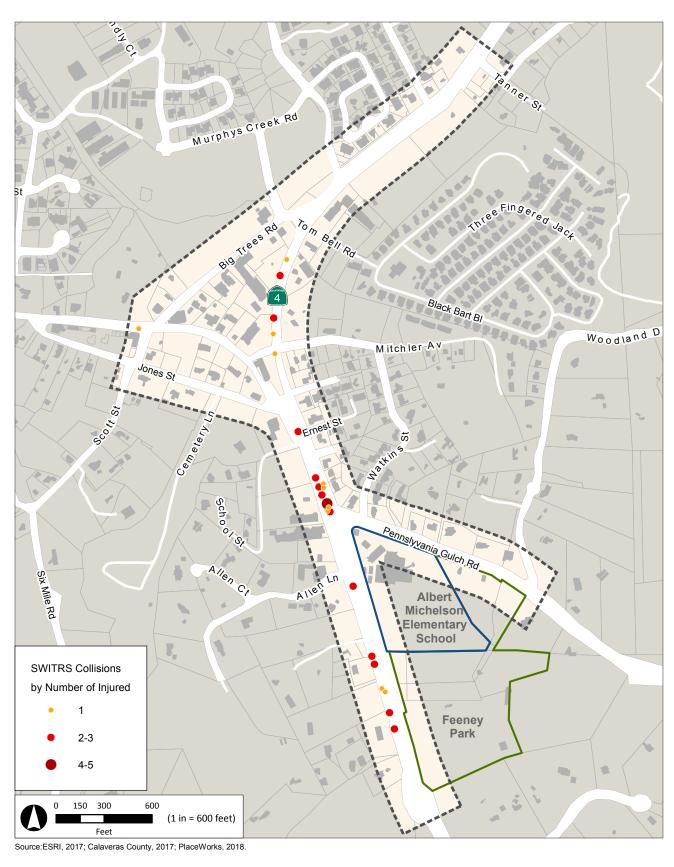
Identification of complete streets improvements within the project boundary will also need to consider the following planned roadway and infrastructure projects:

- Caltrans SHOPP Project: In May 2017, Caltrans completed a Project Initiation Document (PID) to request consideration in the 2018 State Highway Operation and Protection Programs (SHOPP) for a two-way left turn lane on SR4 between Pennsylvania Gulch Road and Main Street. Because SR4 does not currently provide a left turn lane for vehicles turning into local streets or businesses, vehicles must stop in the through lane when turning left, creating congestion in the through lanes. During peak hours, Caltrans observed drivers using the shoulder to pass vehicles waiting to turn left. The project as proposed consists of two 12-foot-wide through lanes, a center 12-foot-wide left turn lane, and 8-foot-wide shoulders. Estimated cost for this project is \$1.82 million. An alternative that would have included 6-foot sidewalks on both sides of SR4, a crosswalk at Main Street, ten curb ramps, and extending the shoulder to Tom Bell Road was rejected due to cost, estimated at \$3.43 million. The SHOPP project is unlikely to be in significant conflict with complete street elements that will be considered in the Murphys Complete Streets Project.
- Sanitary Sewer Replacement Project: The Murphys Sanitary District owns and operates the sanitary sewer system in Murphys. The District is currently preparing contract documents for a sewer pipe replacement project within the project boundary. On SR4, the replacement project extends from Pennsylvania Gulch Road northerly for approximately 1,600 feet to near Tom Bell Road. On Pennsylvania Gulch Road, it extends from the SR4 intersection for approximately 300 feet to the east. The project will replace an existing 6-inch sanitary sewer pipe with an 8-inch pipe. The new pipe will generally follow the alignment of the existing pipe, which is located along the eastern and northern right-of-way lines on SR4 and Pennsylvania Gulch Road respectively. The sewer line and associated structures will be located outside the existing paved areas. The project is expected to start construction in summer 2018. A coordination meeting for the Murphys SR4 Complete Streets Project was held with Murphys Sanitary District in January 2018. The meeting concluded with the recognition that the proposed sewer line replacement is unlikely to be in significant conflict with complete street elements that will be considered.

Traffic counts to be collected for this project will provide additional information to characterize transportation patterns in Murphys. This data will allow analysis of level of service at the study intersections, including potential improvements due to the SHOPP project. Count data will also provide information to better characterize the traffic associated with the work commute and with school pickup and dropoff.

D. SAFETY ANALYSIS

To understand existing conditions related to traffic safety in Murphys, SafeTREC Traffic Injury Monitoring System (TIMS) data for 2006-2016 for unincorporated Calaveras County was examined. This data represents reported vehicle collisions involving an injury or fatality. As such, it does not capture collisions not involving injuries or fatalities, incidents unreported to law enforcement, or near misses. Most collisions involved only vehicles; within the project boundary, no collisions involved pedestrians or bicycles. A map showing concentrations of incidents within the study area is shown in Figure 16. The data shows multiple incidents along SR4, with the highest concentration of collisions at the intersection of Pennsylvania Gulch Road and SR4.



SR 4 Complete Streets Corridor School

Parcels Within Project Corridor Parks

Figure 16

Reported Incidents: SWITRS (2006 - 2016)

Buildings

1. Profile of Collisions

The study area was compared to all of unincorporated Calaveras County. This data is summarized in Table 2. As shown, collisions in both areas were relatively constant over the time period, with a general decrease in the unincorporated county from 2011 on compared to 2010 and earlier. No fatalities were reported in the study area.

For both unincorporated Calaveras County and the study area, incidents were somewhat higher in the summer months as shown in Figure 17. This was particularly true for the study area, due potentially to increased tourist traffic combined with school traffic in late summer. Collisions peaked around the late afternoon/early evening in both unincorporated Calaveras County and the study area as shown in Figure 18.

The most common violation category for collisions in the study area was unsafe speed. Table 3 summarizes collisions by violation category.

TABLE 2 INJURY AND FATALITY COLLISIONS, 2006 – 2016

Year	Study Area	Unincorporated Calaveras County
2006	2	284
2007	2	296
2008	2	253
2009	1	229
2010	2	261
2011	3	226
2012	1	226
2013	2	180
2014	3	206
2015	4	226
2016	1	226
Total	23	2,613
Fatalities	0	100

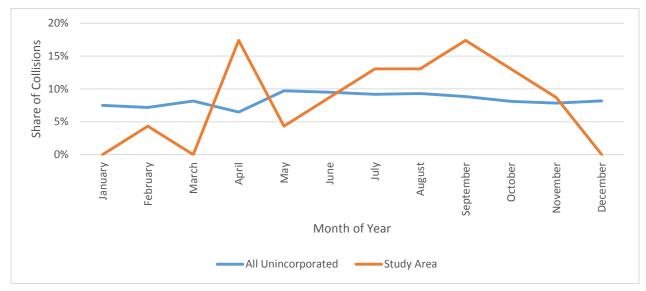
Source: TIMS, 2018.

TABLE 3 VIOLATION CATEGORY, 2006 – 2016

Violation Category	Study Area	Unincorporated Calaveras County
Unsafe Speed	14	681
Wrong Side of Road	3	396
Improper Turning	2	630
Driving or Bicycling Under the Influence of Alcohol or Drug	1	442
Automobile Right of Way	1	243
Following Too Closely	1	19
Improper Passing	1	7
Other Than Driver (or Pedestrian)	0	80
Other Hazardous Violation	0	22
Unknown	0	22
Pedestrian Violation	0	21
Unsafe Starting or Backing	0	17
Traffic Signals and Signs	0	15
Other Equipment	0	7
Other Improper Driving	0	5
Unsafe Lane Change	0	3
Hazardous Parking	0	2
Pedestrian Right-of-Way	0	1

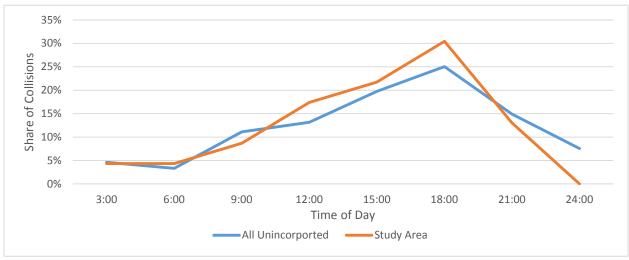
Source: TIMS, 2018.

FIGURE 17 COLLISIONS BY MONTH OF YEAR, 2006-2016



Source: TIMS, 2018.

FIGURE 18 COLLISIONS BY TIME OF DAY, 2006-2016



Source: TIMS, 2018.

Most collisions in the study area were rear end collisions, as shown in Table 4.

2. Profile of Victims

TIMS data provides some information about all parties and victims involved in collisions. Table 5 presents a breakdown of victims by transportation mode for unincorporated Calaveras County and the study area.

In the study area, only 2 percent of parties involved were reported to be under the influence. In the unincorporated County, this figure was nearly 11 percent, as shown in Table 6.

TABLE 5 VICTIM ROLE, 2006 – 2016

Victim Role	Study Area	Unincorporated Calaveras County
Driver (Auto)	26	2,546
Passenger (Auto)	32	1,871
Pedestrian	0	43
Bicyclist	0	29

Source: TIMS, 2018

3. Conclusions from Collisions Review

The findings show the importance of looking at improvements to pedestrian and bicycle facilities. Key findings from this analysis include:

TABLE 4 CRASH TYPE, 2006 – 2016

Violation Category	Study Area	Unincorporated Calaveras County
Rear End	14	308
Broadside	4	252
Head-On	2	208
Sideswipe	2	121
Hit Object	1	1,087
Overturned		539
Other		53
Vehicle/Pedestrian		41
Not Stated		4
. Til 10 0010		

Source: TIMS, 2018

TABLE 6	PARTY SOBRIETY, 2006 – 2016
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Party Sobriety	Study Area	Unincorporated Calaveras County
Had Not Been Drinking	90.2%	81.0%
Had Been Drinking, Under Influence	2.0%	10.9%
Had Been Drinking, Not Under Influence	0.0%	1.3%
Had Been Drinking, Impairment Unknown	0.0%	0.7%
Impairment Unknown	2.0%	3.4%
Not Applicable	3.9%	0.6%
Not Reported	2.0%	2.3%

Source: TIMS, 2018.

- No fatalities were reported in the study area during the reporting period, but the county as a whole did see fatalities.
- The most frequently reported collision factor was unsafe speed. The frequency of rear-end collisions may be due to failure to maintain adequate following distance for the speed being traveled; the Caltrans SHOPP two-way left-turn project may help alleviate this type of collision.
- Collisions were reported most frequently near the intersection of SR4 and Pennsylvania Gulch Road. This is
 particularly important to study due to the nearby proximity of Michelson Elementary School and Feeney
 Park.
- Several collisions were also reported along SR4 adjacent to Feeney Park. Drivers sometimes park in this area and access the park through a gate on the east side of SR4. Speed limits are also higher in this segment.

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- Collisions due to under-the influence driving were less frequent in the study area than in the unincorporated county as a whole. The lower rate in the study area may be due to the higher age of the population compared to the county as a whole. Another factor may be lower speeds in Murphys compared to the entire unincorporated county. Additionally, the study area is only a portion of Murphys and does not include all wineries and other destinations where alcohol is consumed.
- Collisions are somewhat more frequent in late summer, when both of these overlap: schools are back in session and tourists are still visiting.
- The lack of facilities for bicyclists and pedestrians may discourage these modes of transportation and thereby keep collision counts low.

As indicated at the beginning of this section, the data used for this analysis only includes reported vehicle collisions involving an injury or fatality between 2006 and 2016. As such, it does not capture collisions not involving injuries or fatalities, incidents unreported to law enforcement, or near misses. Safety and collision information provided by residents at future workshops and outreach events will be used to supplement this analysis.

E. BICYCLIST AND PEDESTRIAN COMFORT

The level of comfort that a bicyclist or pedestrian may experience on a roadway is a way of estimating the suitability of the roadway for bicyclists and pedestrians and the likelihood that these users will use the roadway.

Bicycle riders vary in experience, skill, ability, and confidence. Some people are comfortable riding in traffic and value bikeways and routes that are direct and limit unnecessary delay. These cyclists more comfortably utilize facilities that share the roadway with automobiles or have limited bicycle infrastructure. Other people with less confidence bicycling and lower or developing bicycle skills, such as children and older adult riders, may need more separation from traffic to feel comfortable enough to ride. Different bicycle types also require more space in bicycle facilities, such as trailers for children or cargo or adult tricycles.

Research has correlated these different types of bicycle riders with the level of traffic stress they are willing to experience while cycling. Traffic stress is the discomfort and unease that a bicyclist may feel due to vehicle traffic, roadway conditions, bicycle facility design, and other factors. Metrics have been developed to quantify the level of traffic stress (LTS) that a typical rider may experience so that new bicycle facilities can be targeted to reduce this stress. The methodology uses a "weakest link" approach, as roadways are classified based on their segments with the highest level of traffic stress, assuming that only those that are comfortable riding under the higher stress would travel on that road. Factors influencing LTS include:

- Number of travel lanes
- Speed of traffic
- Number of vehicles
- Presence of bike lanes
- Width of bike lanes
- Presence of physical barrier

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¹⁵ Maaza C. Mekuria, Peter G. Furth, and Hilary Nixon, 2012. Low-Stress Bicycling and Network Connectivity. San Jose, California: Mineta Transportation Institute.

Using these factors, a score for Bicycle Level of Service (BLTS) can be assigned from 1 to 4 for each roadway segment, with 1 being the least stressful and 4 being the most stressful:

- BLTS 1: The lowest level of traffic stress and the design goal for a network that truly accommodates people of all ages and abilities. This level of traffic stress allows children trained in traffic safety to bicycle to school by themselves as well as the mainstream adult population, people interested but concerned about bicycling.
- BLTS 2: The highest level of stress that the mainstream adult population will tolerate while still feeling safe. This is the threshold for a low traffic stress bicycle network that truly accommodates people of all ages and abilities.
- BLTS 3: This level of traffic stress accommodates a much smaller segment of population, people who are excited and more familiar with biking and will therefore accept a higher level of traffic stress. Bicyclists who are considered enthused and confident but still prefer having their own dedicated space for riding will tolerate this level of stress and feel safe while bicycling.
- **BLTS 4:** For bicyclists, this level of stress is tolerated only by those characterized as strong and fearless, which comprises a small percentage of the population. These roadways have high speed limits, multiple travel lanes, limited or non-existent bike lanes and signage, and large distances to cross at intersections.

Similarly, pedestrians vary in experience and confidence. Some pedestrians are comfortable walking close to busy traffic on narrow sidewalks, while others will only walk if there is greater distance from rapidly traveling vehicles. Factors including pedestrian comfort include:

- Usable sidewalk width
- Frequency of driveways
- Lighting
- Street trees and landscaping
- Sidewalk quality
- Speed of traffic
- Number of vehicles
- Number of vehicle travel lanes

Using these factors, a score for Pedestrian Level of Service (PLTS) can be assigned from 1 to 4 for each roadway segment, with 1 being the least stressful and 4 being the most stressful:

- PLTS 1: Highly comfortable, pedestrian-friendly, and easily navigable for pedestrians of all ages and abilities, including seniors or school-aged children walking unaccompanied to school. These streets provide an ideal "pedestrian-friendly" environment.
- PLTS 2: Generally comfortable for many pedestrians, but parents may not feel comfortable with children walking alone. Seniors may have concerns about the walking environment and take more caution. These streets may be part of a pedestrian-friendly environment where it intersects with a more auto-oriented roadway or other environmental constraints.
- PLTS 3: Walking is uncomfortable but possible. Minimum sidewalk and crossing facilities may be present, but barriers are present that make the walking experience uninviting and uncomfortable.
- PLTS 4: Walking is a barrier and is very uncomfortable or even impossible. Streets have limited or no accommodation for pedestrians and are inhospitable and possibly unsafe environment for pedestrians.

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Using this methodology, a preliminary analysis of bicycle and pedestrian level of traffic stress was completed for SR4 using traffic volumes reported in Caltrans 2016 Traffic Volumes on California State Highways. Results are shown in Table 7 and in Figures 19 and 20. The analysis will be expanded to included Main Street and Big Trees Road after additional data collection (i.e., bicycle and pedestrian counts) is conducted.

TABLE 7 TRAFFIC STRESS ON SR4

Segment	Speed Limit (mph)	Bicycle Stress Score (BLTS)	Pedestrian Stress Score (PLTS)
North of Williams Street	45	4	4
Williams Street to Allen Lane	35	3	4
South of Allen Lane	45	4	4
Intersections	35	4	4

Source: Fehr & Peers, 2018.

These results indicate that generally only the strongest bicyclists will ride on much of SR4. Although the segment of SR4 between Williams Street and Allen Lane is slightly more comfortable due to lower speeds, intersections are still uncomfortable for all but the strongest bicyclists due to relatively large turning radii.

Similarly, the pedestrian environment on SR4 is very uncomfortable, discouraging use by most pedestrians, due to the lack of sidewalks and minimal crossing improvements.

This analysis can be used to identify improvements necessary to encourage walking and cycling. In addition to adding pedestrian and bike facilities such as sidewalks, crosswalks, and bike lanes, improvements such as speed reduction features and decreasing corner radii are needed to improve the comfort of pedestrians and bicyclists and encourage the use of these modes.

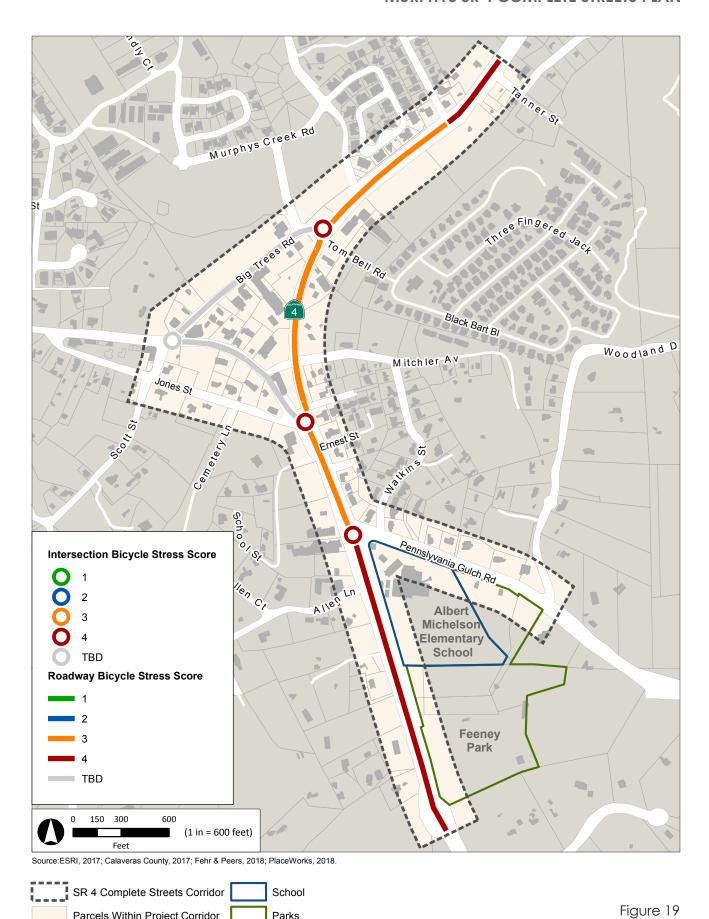
F. REGULATORY AND PLANNING FRAMEWORK

Several documents have been developed to address planning and decision-making for the physical environment in Murphys. We have summarized the most important ones below.

1. Murphys Circulation, Pedestrian, Bicycling, and Parking Study

In 2002, the Calaveras Council of Governments prepared the Murphys Circulation, Pedestrian, Bicycling, and Parking Study. The Circulation Study was aimed at guiding transportation facility improvements that would address roadway network deficiencies, improve pedestrian and bicycle safety and comfort, and comprehensively plan for parking improvements. The Study recommended new roadway alignments throughout the Murphys area to provide better emergency access, improve circulation for local and tourist traffic, and reduce traffic impacts in sensitive areas. None of the proposed new roadways are within the project boundary, but one proposed connector would connect Pennsylvania Gulch Road, east of the project boundary, to SR4 south of the project boundary, providing a bypass to residents along Pennsylvania Gulch Road heading south on SR4.

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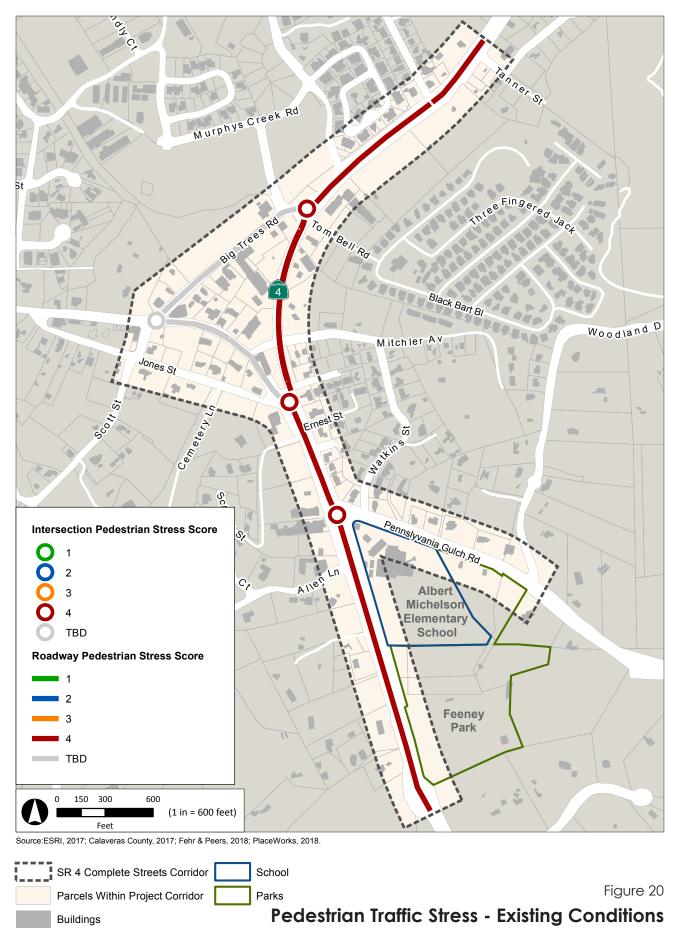
PLACEWORKS

Buildings

Parcels Within Project Corridor

Parks

Bicycle Traffic Stress - Existing Conditions



To support biking, the Study carried forward planned bikeway recommendations from the latest bicycle plan at that time, the 1998 Bikeway Plan, which proposed a Class II bike lane along SR4 and Class III bike route signage along Main Street. The Study also recommended bike route signage along Pennsylvania Gulch Road and Jones Street and "share the road" signage along SR4. The Study proposed a comprehensive network of walking paths, including along some roadways within the project boundary: Pennsylvania Gulch Road, Jones Street, Main Street, Big Trees Road, and Tom Bell Road. In addition, the Study identified the need for a safer crossing of SR4 at Pennsylvania Gulch Road, proposing installation of in-pavement flashers in the crosswalk, combined with a pedestrian/bicyclist refuge area on the southeast corner of the intersection. Finally, the Study recommended a pedestrian walking path connecting the lodging properties along SR4 to the Jones Street/Scott Street intersection, via the Old School House.

Based on its parking analysis, the Study includes a set of recommended parking improvements. The only recommendation within the project boundary was to complete the planned parking lot construction at the Old School House on Jones Street, which is now complete.

2. Murphys & Douglas Flat Community Plan

The Murphys & Douglas Flat Community Plan was adopted in 1988. The Community Plan is part of the Calaveras County General Plan (discussed further in Section F.3) and provides policies and implementation measures that address issues that are specific to the community. At the time of the last major update, bicycle and pedestrian infrastructure was not a focus area, so the Community Plan's Transportation section focuses on roadway maintenance issues, traffic, and parking deficiencies. However, in 2003, the Community Plan was amended to incorporate provisions of the Murphys Circulation, Pedestrian, Bicycling, and Parking Study, discussed above. Specifically, the amendment added a new goal to provide a safe and attractive environment for all modes, including pedestrians and bicyclists, accompanied by policies and implementation measures that address funding for and implementation of the recommended new roadway connectors, pedestrian paths, and bikeways. The amendment also includes a new goal to address parking, along with policies and implementation measures that address funding for and implementation of the recommended parking improvements.

3. Calaveras County General Plan and Municipal Code

The existing Calaveras County General Plan was adopted in 1996, and the County is currently underway with a comprehensive update to the General Plan. Title 17, Zoning, of the Calaveras County Municipal Code, implements the land use direction contained in the General Plan. As shown in Figure 21, the project boundary is zoned for a variety of residential, commercial, and public uses.

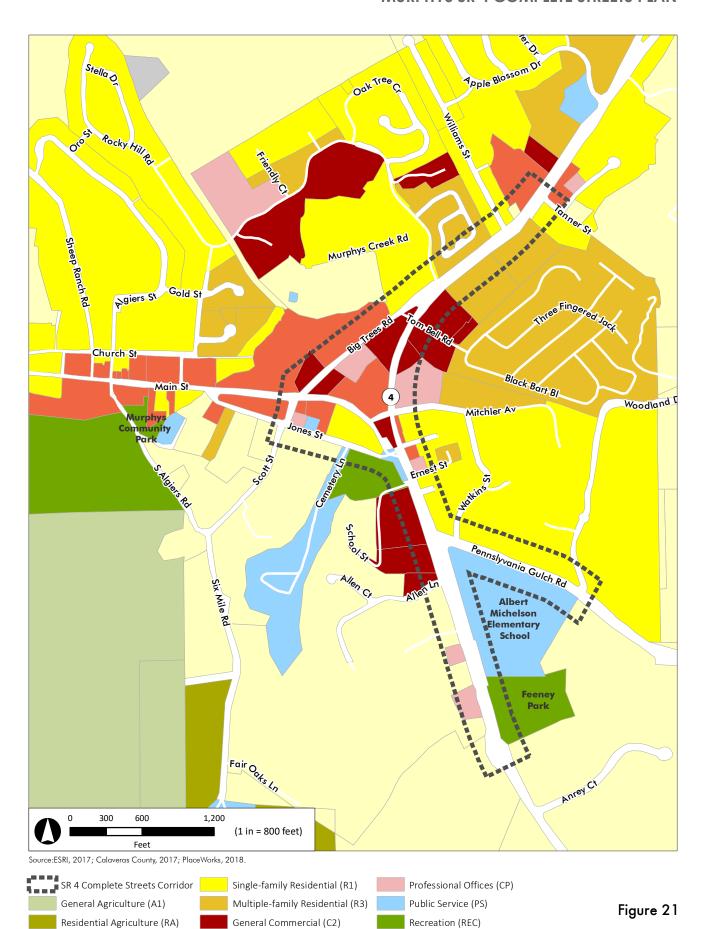
The existing 1996 General Plan Circulation Element classifies roadways into two major categories: "regional roads" and "community roads." Regional roads are located outside of community-oriented areas, such as areas within a Community Plan, while community roads fall within community-oriented areas. Because the project boundary falls within the Murphys & Douglas Flat Community Plan boundary (see Section F.2 above), roads within the project boundary are considered community roads. Within that general classification, the General Plan Circulation Element designates roads within the project boundary as "through roads," "connector roads," and "local roads." Each roadway type has corresponding roadway standards in the Municipal Code, as discussed below.

Article III, Road Construction Specifications and Standards, of Chapter 12.02, i.e., the "road ordinance," of the Calaveras County Municipal Code specifies required road standards by road type (as classified in the existing 1996 General Plan), as summarized below:

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MURPHYS SR 4 COMPLETE STREETS PLAN

Zoning



Local Commercial (C1)

Unclassified (U)

Rural Residential (RR)

- Two-lane through roads in a community plan area (SR4 and Big Trees Road):
 - 45 mile per hour speed limit
 - 1,000-foot minimum radius
 - 54-foot right-of-way width
 - 40-foot roadbed width, including gutter
 - 36-foot surface width
 - 12-foot travel lane width
 - 4 ½-foot sidewalks on both sides of roadway
- Two-lane connector roads in a community plan area (Pennsylvania Gulch Road and Main Street):
 - 35 mile per hour speed limit
 - 600-foot minimum radius
 - 54-foot right-of-way width
 - 40-foot roadbed width, including gutter
 - 36-foot surface width
 - 12-foot travel lane width
 - 4½-foot sidewalks on both sides of roadway
- Residential local roads in a community plan area (all other roads)
 - 25 mile per hour speed limit
 - 300-foot minimum radius
 - 50- to 60-foot right-of-way width (depending on whether curb, gutter, and sidewalk are provided)
 - 36-foot roadbed width, including gutter
 - 24- to 32-foot surface width (depending on whether curb, gutter, and sidewalk are provided)
 - 10- to 12-foot travel lane width (depending on whether curb, gutter, and sidewalk are provided)
 - 4 ½-foot sidewalks on both sides of roadway, if provided

4. Regional Bicycle, Pedestrian, and Safe Routes to School Master Plan

The Calaveras County Regional Bicycle, Pedestrian and Safe Routes to School Master Plan (June 2015) recommended the following improvements in the project boundary:

- Class III bike routes:
 - SR4 north of Big Trees Road/Tom Bell Road (high priority)
 - Pennsylvania Gulch Road (high priority)
- "Share the Road" signage:
 - SR4 south of Tom Bell Road (high priority)
 - Main Street (high priority)
- Sidewalks:
 - SR4 both sides between Big Trees Road/Tom Bell Road and Pennsylvania Gulch Road
 - Main Street
 - Big Trees Road

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- High visibility crosswalks:
 - SR4 at Pennsylvania Gulch Road, with yield lines (high priority)
 - SR4 and Big Trees Road/Tom Bell Road, all four legs (high priority)
 - Main Street and Big Trees Road/Scott Street, all four legs (high priority)
 - Pennsylvania Gulch Road and Watkins Street, with yield lines (high priority)

The Calaveras County Regional Bicycle, Pedestrian and Safe Routes to School Master Plan also includes bicycle and pedestrian design guidelines.

5. Regional Transportation Plan

The 2017 Calaveras Regional Transportation Plan (RTP) is a federally mandated long-range, fiscally constrained multi-modal transportation plan for Calaveras County. The RTP has a 20-year horizon that covers the period between 2017 and 2037. It serves as the planning blueprint to guide transportation investments in the county that involve local, State, and federal funding over that timeframe. Transportation improvements are identified as short-range/constrained (2017-2027) and long-range/unconstrained (2028-037). The RTP must be updated every four years, and it is prepared by the Calaveras Council of Governments in cooperation with Caltrans, Calaveras County, the City of Angels, and other stakeholders. Among the projects identified in the RTP, one is to construct safe routes to school improvements along SR4 and Pennsylvania Gulch Road, including high-visibility crosswalks, signage, and sidewalks, to be constructed in 2025.

6. Caltrans Plans, Directives and Guides

Context-Sensitive Solutions (CSS)

Defined by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), the CSS process is a collaborative, interdisciplinary, and holistic approach to the development of transportation projects. Guided by four core principles, the process includes a shared stakeholder vision, a comprehensive understanding of a project's context, flexibility and creativity to produce solutions that link a project to its surrounding environment, and communication and collaboration throughout the project process to enable consensus. Caltrans' policy on CSS is provided through Deputy Directive 22 (DP-22), signed in 2001. As mentioned in the directive, Caltrans uses CSS as an approach to plan, design, construct, maintain, and operate its transportation system. The implementation of DP-22 has influenced multiple policy decisions from Caltrans, including the Deputy Directive Accommodating Non-Motorized Travel (DD-64) in 2001 and its subsequent enhancements (DD-64-R1 in 2008, DD-64-R2 in 2014) to further integrate complete streets into the planning of transportation projects. Another notable application of CSS principles is the development of the "Main Streets California Guide", which provides a range of design solutions that balance community values with efficient operations of all modes. It was first adopted in 2005 with the latest edition updated in 2013.

Full text on the Caltrans Deputy Directive on Context Sensitive Solutions is available for download at http://www.dot.ca.gov/hq/transprog/ocip/te/dp-22.pdf.

Caltrans Deputy Directive Accommodating Non-Motorized Travel (DD-64, DD-64-R1, DD-64-R2)

Originally signed in March 2001, DD-64 gave direction accommodating non-motorized travel, providing expectations to programs related to the need of all non-motorized travelers, including bicyclists, pedestrians, and persons with disabilities statewide. Coinciding with the California Complete Street Act (AB 1358) in 2008, Caltrans updated and strengthened their policy on non-motorized travel with DD-64-R1. This revision

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enhanced DD-64 from accommodation to integration of the transportation system, providing "for needs of travelers of all ages and abilities in all planning, programming, design, construction, operations, and maintenance activities and products on the State highway system." Caltrans revised the directive (DD-64-R2) in 2014 to reflect changes of Caltrans division names and management within the organization, as well as reaffirming its commitment to complete streets and its emphasis on multi-modal mobility.

Full text on the current Caltrans Deputy Directive on Accommodating Non-Motorized Travel is available for download at http://www.dot.ca.gov/hq/tpp/offices/ocp/docs/dd_64_r2.pdf.

Caltrans Complete Streets Implementation Action Plan 2.0 (CSIAP 2.0)

Released in 2014, this Plan updates the first Complete Street Implementation Action Plan from 2010. The intent of the Plan is to describe the current Caltrans complete streets policy framework and overview of complete streets efforts statewide. This update also lays out the structure for monitoring, reporting, and overcoming barriers to complete streets. Over 100 additional action items have introduced in this Plan update, further integrating complete streets into all Caltrans functions and processes. Action items include conducting complete streets training courses to Caltrans staff, the development of a statewide Bicycle and Pedestrian Plan and supporting complete street plans for all twelve Caltrans districts. The Plan also includes policies on collecting complete streets data, the creation of performance measures evaluating the effectiveness of bicycle and pedestrian infrastructure, and the revision of Caltrans manuals to be consistent with and supportive of complete streets.

The CSIAP 2.0 Plan is currently available for download here at http://www.dot.ca.gov/hq/tpp/offices/ocp/docs/CSIAP2 rpt.pdf.

Main Streets California Guide

This informational guide was created to serve as a reference on current traffic engineering practices, policies, and standards for Caltrans staff, local partners, and stakeholders to develop a shared vision on projects. In addition, the guide also provides guidance on design practices that aim to improve livability, sustainability, aesthetics, public space, and landscaping. Compatible with current guidance in the Caltrans Highway Design Manual (HDM), Manual of Uniform Traffic Devices (MUTCD), and Project Development Procedures Manual (PDPM), it offers flexibility of design standards for roadways that serve both as a State highway and a community street with traffic speeds typically less than 40 mph (State Highway 4 through Murphys currently has a 35-mph speed limit). The most recent edition of the manual, published in November 2013, includes greater emphasis on complete street investments consistent with recent Caltrans Non-Motorized Travel Deputy Directives, including support of infrastructure improvements that enhance travel conditions for all modes, with design solutions that focus on creating livable and sustainable communities.

The Main Streets California Guide is currently available for download at http://www.dot.ca.gov/hq/LandArch/mainstreet/main street 3rd edition.pdf.

Transportation Concept Reports (TCR)

As long-range planning documents, TCRs identify existing conditions and future needs for each route on the State Highway System (SHS). Developed with the Caltrans Mission, Vision, and Goals in mind, each TCR includes an overall route summary, summaries of individual route segments and maps, existing and future travel data along the route, and a list of planned, programmed, and needed projects over the next 20 years. The most current TCR for Highway 4 was published in 2014. The report analyzes the span of the State highway

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from San Joaquin County through Stanislaus County, Calaveras County (including the community of Murphys) to Alpine County.

The TCR prepared for Highway 4 is available for download at http://www.dot.ca.gov/dist10/divisions/Planning/advancedplanning/docs/TCR's/SR4TCRFinal.pdf.

Corridor System Management Plan (CSMP)

A multimodal, multijurisdictional way to manage existing transportation infrastructure and systems, the CSMP involves using capacity improvement projects to optimize a corridor versus increasing roadway capacity for automobiles. CSMPs provide a lower cost, higher benefit option to make existing roadway systems more efficient. Improvements may include Intelligent Transportation System (ITS) solutions such as adaptive signals and changeable message signs to better manage traffic flow for drivers, transit, and alternative modes alike. A CSMP was prepared for Highway 4 from the Stanislaus County/Calaveras County line to Lake Alpine in Alpine County in October 2008.

The CSMP prepared for Highway 4 is available for download at http://www.dot.ca.gov/dist10/divisions/Planning/advancedplanning/docs/CSMP's/CSMP's%20added%20to%20website%20June%202013/CSR-4CSMP.pdf.

G. SUMMARY OF KEY ISSUES AND OPPORTUNITIES

Main Street Murphys is a well-loved destination for travelers and residents alike. The scale and amenities make for a pleasant, pedestrian oriented experience. However, as this existing conditions survey shows, there is a need for improved facilities to encourage residents, students, employees, and travelers of all ages to be able to walk and bicycle to destinations in town. The benefits are many; they include improvements to safety for pedestrians, bicycles, transit users, and drivers; health benefits for the walker or bicycler; reduction of congestion by automobiles; more available parking; reduction of air polluting and greenhouse gas emissions; support to the Murphys economy by creating a more pleasant walking environment for wine tasting and other activities; and the benefits to the public life of Murphys from seeing more people of all ages strolling and cycling.

Below is a summary of the key issues and opportunities that were identified through this analysis.

- **Demographics.** While Murphys has a higher per capita income and higher mean household income than Calaveras County and the State of California, Murphys has a substantially higher percentage of households with lower incomes than the county or state. Coupled with the much higher proportion of people aged 65 and older and the higher percentage of people who walk to work, these data suggest that there is a need for complete streets improvements in Murphys, and that these improvements will be well-utilized once constructed.
- Walkability and Bikeability. Some Murphys children live within walking distance to Michelson Elementary, and many more live within a reasonable biking distance, but the lack of a safe walking or biking environment deters this activity. In addition, many Murphys households are within walking distance to Main Street, including the Murphys Diggins senior community, but many require crossing SR4 where there are no safe crossings. Hotels are located within walking distance to Main Street, but also lack a safe pedestrian environment, including no sidewalks and challenging roadway crossings. Many parts of the study area can access bus stops on foot or bike, but again are deterred by unsafe conditions.

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- Signage. As shown in the report, there are multiple "Welcome to Murphys" signs oriented to travelers coming from the south, and some are not very visible. The community could consider consolidating this signage in fewer, higher visibility locations to create a greater impact. For southbound travelers, there are no entryway signs visible. The Michelson School fence serves as the community billboard and seems to be working well. Some of the commercial signage along SR4 makes for a cluttered appearance, and the community may want to consider ways to regulate commercial signage along SR4 with guidelines.
- Engineering. There are two ongoing projects along SR4: the Murphys Sanitary District sewer replacement project and the Caltrans SHOPP project. The Complete Streets project should continue to coordinate with those ongoing projects. The engineering analysis has reviewed in larger scale the streets in the study area and has uncovered many issues that will need to be addressed to improve mobility for bicycles and pedestrians. This analysis is intended to be supplemented with additional input from community members and stakeholders in the next tasks in the Complete Streets project.
- Safety. Historic collision data shows a concentration of accidents have occurred at Pennsylvania Gulch Road and SR4 in previous years. Unsafe conditions from vehicle collision history, particularly near Feeney Park and the school (which involve children and are therefore are the two most sensitive uses along the corridor) need to be addressed. Overall, the number of collisions in Murphys was not found to be high, but the lack of facilities for bicyclists and pedestrians may discourage these modes of transportation and thereby keep bike and pedestrian collision counts low.
- **Bicyclist and Pedestrian Comfort.** The bicyclist and pedestrian comfort analysis quantifies and documents poor bicycle and pedestrian conditions along the SR4 corridor. The factors that would need to be improved in order to increase comfort include lower speeds, increased separation between users, bike lanes and sidewalks, shorter and marked crossings, lighting, and landscaping. Given the high percentage of the Murphys population who are older, combined with the Senior Center and Murphys Diggins retirement community located along the corridor, as well as the youth who attend and use the school and park along the corridor, the community should consider the need to strive for low stress facilities.
- Regulatory and Planning Framework. Many documents that pertain to land use and transportation planning in Murphys are supportive of complete streets goals. These include the 2002 Murphys Circulation Study, the Regional Bicycle, Pedestrian and Safe Routes to School Master Plan, and the RTP. Any proposed improvements are required to be designed to County and Caltrans standards, but many documents and online sources provide ideas and guidance for developing physical solutions in this context of a walkable, historic town along a busy vehicle corridor. Some of these resources, which focus on context-sensitive solutions, include the Caltrans Main Streets California Guide, the Corridor System Management Plan for Highway 4, and FHWA's online peer-networking website at https://www.fhwa.dot.gov/planning/css/.

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APPENDIX A: SUPPORTING DATA

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DP-1

Profile of General Demographic Characteristics: 2000

Census 2000 Summary File 1 (SF 1) 100-Percent Data

NOTE: For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, definitions, and count corrections see $\label{eq:normation} \verb| http://www.census.gov/prod/cen2000/doc/sf1.pdf| | the protection of the p$

Subject	Murphys CDP, California	
•	Number	Percent
Total population	2,061	100.0
SEX AND AGE		
Male	966	46.9
Female	1,095	53.1
Under 5 years	74	3.6
5 to 9 years	108	5.2
10 to 14 years	146	7.1
15 to 19 years	123	6.0
20 to 24 years	40	1.9
25 to 34 years	130	6.3
35 to 44 years	274	13.3
45 to 54 years	316	15.3
55 to 59 years	135	6.6
60 to 64 years	127	6.2
65 to 74 years	257	12.5
75 to 84 years	250	12.1
85 years and over	81	3.9
Median age (years)	49.1	(X)
18 years and over	1,653	80.2
Male	761	36.9
Female	892	43.3
21 years and over	1,600	77.6
62 years and over	663	32.2
65 years and over	588	28.5
Male	255	12.4
Female	333	16.2
RACE		
One race	2,039	98.9
White	1,943	94.3
Black or African American	7	0.3
American Indian and Alaska Native	20	1.0
Asian	18	0.9
Asian Indian	4	0.2
Chinese	7	0.3
Filipino	0	0.0
Japanese	3	0.1
Korean	2	0.1
Vietnamese	0	0.0
Other Asian [1]	2	0.1
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	2	0.1
Native Hawaiian	1	0.0
Guamanian or Chamorro	1	0.0

Subject	Murphys CDP,	California
- Cabjest	Number	Percent
Samoan	0	0.0
Other Pacific Islander [2]	0	0.0
Some other race	49	2.4
Two or more races	22	1.1
Race alone or in combination with one or more other		
races [3] White	4.005	05.0
Black or African American	1,965	95.3
American Indian and Alaska Native	7	0.3
Asian	18	0.9
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	5	0.9
Some other race	54	2.6
HISPANIC OR LATINO AND RACE	J-1	2.0
Total population	2,061	100.0
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	116	5.6
Mexican	77	3.7
Puerto Rican	4	0.2
Cuban	3	0.1
Other Hispanic or Latino	32	1.6
Not Hispanic or Latino	1,945	94.4
White alone	1,882	91.3
RELATIONSHIP	1,002	2.110
Total population	2,061	100.0
In households	2,061	100.0
Householder	945	45.9
Spouse	526	25.5
Child	468	22.7
Own child under 18 years	382	18.5
Other relatives	52	2.5
Under 18 years	22	1.1
Nonrelatives	70	3.4
Unmarried partner	36	1.7
In group quarters	0	0.0
Institutionalized population	0	0.0
Noninstitutionalized population	0	0.0
HOUSEHOLDS BY TYPE		
Total households	945	100.0
Family households (families)	611	64.7
With own children under 18 years	208	22.0
Married-couple family	526	55.7
With own children under 18 years	163	17.2
Female householder, no husband present	59	6.2
With own children under 18 years	30	3.2
Nonfamily households	334	35.3
Householder living alone	290	30.7
Householder 65 years and over	183	19.4
Households with individuals under 18 years	223	23.6
Households with individuals 65 years and over	421	44.6
Average household size	2.18	(X)
Average family size	2.71	(X)
HOUSING OCCUPANCY		
Total housing units	1,094	100.0
Occupied housing units	945	86.4
Vacant housing units For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use	149	13.6
Homeowner vacancy rate (percent)	85	7.8
Rental vacancy rate (percent)	1.7	(X)
HOUSING TENURE	4.2	(X)
Occupied housing units	045	100.0
Owner-occupied housing units	945	73.1
Sor occupied nodeling drine	160	73.1

Subject	Murphys CDP, California	
	Number	Percent
Renter-occupied housing units	254	26.9
Average household size of owner-occupied unit	2.17	(X)
Average household size of renter-occupied unit	2.21	(X)

- (X) Not applicable.
- [1] Other Asian alone, or two or more Asian categories.
- [2] Other Pacific Islander alone, or two or more Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander categories.
- [3] In combination with one or more other races listed. The six numbers may add to more than the total population and the six percentages may add to more than 100 percent because individuals may report more than one race.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000 Summary File 1, Matrices P1, P3, P4, P8, P9, P12, P13, P,17, P18, P19, P20, P23, P27, P28, P33, PCT5, PCT8, PCT11, PCT15, H1, H3, H4, H5, H11, and H12.



DP-1

Profile of General Population and Housing Characteristics: 2010

2010 Demographic Profile Data

NOTE: For more information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see http://www.census.gov/prod/cen2010/doc/dpsf.pdf.

Geography: Murphys CDP, California

Subject	Number	Percent
SEX AND AGE		
Total population	2,213	100.0
Under 5 years	89	4.0
5 to 9 years	104	4.7
10 to 14 years	126	5.7
15 to 19 years	123	5.6
20 to 24 years	68	3.1
25 to 29 years	69	3.1
30 to 34 years	89	4.0
35 to 39 years	64	2.9
40 to 44 years	105	4.7
45 to 49 years	136	6.1
50 to 54 years	166	7.5
55 to 59 years	201	9.1
60 to 64 years	223	10.1
65 to 69 years	163	7.4
70 to 74 years	148	6.7
75 to 79 years	112	5.1
80 to 84 years	111	5.0
85 years and over	116	5.2
Median age (years)	54.1	(X)
		, ,
16 years and over	1,867	84.4
18 years and over	1,812	81.9
21 years and over	1,762	79.6
62 years and over	775	35.0
65 years and over	650	29.4
Male population	1,004	45.4
Under 5 years	45	2.0
5 to 9 years	47	2.1
10 to 14 years	65	2.9
15 to 19 years	58	2.6
20 to 24 years	36	1.6
25 to 29 years	32	1.4
30 to 34 years	47	2.1
35 to 39 years	30	1.4
40 to 44 years	46	2.1
45 to 49 years	57	2.6
50 to 54 years	93	4.2
55 to 59 years	87	3.9
60 to 64 years	89	4.0
•		1.0

65 to 69 years	Subject	Number	Porcont
70 to 74 years 75 to 79 years 80 to 84 years 85 years and over 85 years and over 86 years and over 16 years and over 17 years and over 18 years and over 18 years and over 18 years and over 19 years and over 21 years and over 22 years and over 322 144 65 years and over 46 years and over 27 27 12 Female population 1,209 54 10 to 14 years 5 to 9 years 5 to 9 years 20 to 24 years 30 to 34 years 30 to 34 years 40 to 44 years 45 to 49 years 45 to 49 years 45 to 49 years 45 to 59 years 46 to 64 years 47 to 74 years 48 to 65 to 69 years 49 to 74 years 40 to 64 years 41 to 65 to 69 years 40 to 64 years 40 to 65 years 40 to 65 years 40 to 66 years 40 to 67 years 40 to 67 years 40 to 68 years 40 to 68 years 40 to 68 years 40 to 69 years 40 to 60 years 40 t	Subject 65 to 69 years		Percent 3.8
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25 to 29 years 37 1 30 to 34 years 42 1 35 to 39 years 34 1 40 to 44 years 59 2 45 to 49 years 79 3 50 to 54 years 73 3 55 to 59 years 114 55 60 to 64 years 80 3 70 to 74 years 94 47 75 to 79 years 63 22 85 years and over 81 33 Median age (years) 56.0 (X) 16 years and over 1,004 45 21 years and over 977 44 62 years and over 977 44 62 years and over 378 17 RACE Total population 2,213 100 One Race 2,170 98	•		2.9
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60 to 64 years 134 65 to 69 years 80 3 70 to 74 years 94 4 75 to 79 years 63 2 80 to 84 years 60 2 85 years and over 81 3 3 3 4 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	-		5.2
65 to 69 years 80 3 70 to 74 years 94 4 75 to 79 years 63 2 80 to 84 years 60 2 85 years and over 81 3 Median age (years) 56.0 () 16 years and over 1,036 46 18 years and over 977 44 62 years and over 453 20 65 years and over 378 17 RACE Total population 2,213 100 One Race 2,170 98	-		6.1
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80 to 84 years 60 2 85 years and over 81 3 Median age (years) 56.0 () 16 years and over 1,036 46 18 years and over 1,004 45 21 years and over 977 44 62 years and over 453 20 65 years and over 378 17 RACE Total population 2,213 100 One Race 2,170 98	70 to 74 years		4.2
85 years and over 81 3 Median age (years) 56.0 () 16 years and over 1,036 46 18 years and over 1,004 45 21 years and over 977 44 62 years and over 453 20 65 years and over 378 17 RACE Total population 2,213 100 One Race 2,170 98	75 to 79 years	63	2.8
Median age (years) 56.0 () 16 years and over 1,036 46 18 years and over 1,004 45 21 years and over 977 44 62 years and over 453 20 65 years and over 378 17 RACE Total population 2,213 100 One Race 2,170 98	80 to 84 years	60	2.7
16 years and over 1,036 46 18 years and over 1,004 45 21 years and over 977 44 62 years and over 453 20 65 years and over 378 17 RACE Total population 2,213 100 One Race 2,170 98	85 years and over	81	3.7
16 years and over 1,036 46 18 years and over 1,004 45 21 years and over 977 44 62 years and over 453 20 65 years and over 378 17 RACE Total population 2,213 100 One Race 2,170 98			
18 years and over 1,004 45 21 years and over 977 44 62 years and over 453 20 65 years and over 378 17 RACE Total population 2,213 100 One Race 2,170 98	Median age (years)	56.0	(X)
18 years and over 1,004 45 21 years and over 977 44 62 years and over 453 20 65 years and over 378 17 RACE Total population 2,213 100 One Race 2,170 98			
21 years and over 977 44 62 years and over 453 20 65 years and over 378 17 RACE Total population 2,213 100 One Race 2,170 98	-	1,036	46.8
62 years and over 453 20 65 years and over 378 17 RACE Total population 2,213 100 One Race 2,170 98	-	1,004	45.4
65 years and over 378 17 RACE Total population 2,213 100 One Race 2,170 98		977	44.1
RACE Total population 2,213 100 One Race 2,170 98	-		20.5
Total population 2,213 100 One Race 2,170 98	65 years and over	378	17.1
Total population 2,213 100 One Race 2,170 98	PAGE		
One Race 2,170 98	-	2.212	
2,110			100.0
VVDITO OC	White		98.1
2,000			92.4
			0.4
			0.8
,			0.0
			0.0
			0.0
	<u> </u>		0.0
			0.0
			0.0
	Other Asian [1]		0.0
		·	0.5
			0.0
	Guamanian or Chamorro	2	0.1
	Samoan		0.0

Subject	Number	Percent
Other Pacific Islander [2]	6	0.3
Some Other Race	82	3.7
Two or More Races	43	1.9
White; American Indian and Alaska Native [3]	21	0.9
White; Asian [3]	7	0.3
White; Black or African American [3]	4	0.2
White; Some Other Race [3]	4	0.2
Race alone or in combination with one or more other		
races: [4]		
White	2,083	94.1
Black or African American	16	0.7
American Indian and Alaska Native	43	1.9
Asian	18	0.8
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	14	0.6
Some Other Race	86	3.9
HISPANIC OR LATINO		
	2.245	100.0
Total population	2,213	100.0
Hispanic or Latino (of any race) Mexican	223	10.1
	166	7.5
Puerto Rican	6	0.3
Cuban	3	0.1
Other Hispanic or Latino [5]	48	2.2
Not Hispanic or Latino	1,990	89.9
HISPANIC OR LATINO AND RACE		
Total population	2,213	100.0
Hispanic or Latino	223	10.1
White alone	128	5.8
Black or African American alone	1 1	0.0
American Indian and Alaska Native alone	1	0.0
Asian alone	0	0.0
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone	0	0.0
Some Other Race alone	82	3.7
Two or More Races	11	0.5
Not Hispanic or Latino		
White alone	1,990	89.9
Black or African American alone	1,917	86.6
American Indian and Alaska Native alone	8	0.4
Asian alone	16	0.7
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone	7	0.3
Some Other Race alone	10	0.5
Two or More Races	0	0.0
1 WO OF MOTE INdices	32	1.4
RELATIONSHIP		
Total population	2,213	100.0
In households	2,213	100.0
Householder	1,053	47.6
Spouse [6]	505	22.8
Child	483	21.8
Own child under 18 years	363	16.4
Other relatives	69	3.1
Under 18 years	27	1.2
65 years and over	10	0.5
Nonrelatives	103	4.7
Under 18 years	11	0.5
65 years and over	15	0.7
Unmarried partner	48	2.2
In group quarters	0	0.0

Subject	Number	Percent
Institutionalized population	0	0.0
Male	0	0.0
Female	0	0.0
Noninstitutionalized population	0	0.0
Male	0	0.0
Female	0	0.0
HOUSEHOLDS BY TYPE		
Total households	1.052	100.0
Family households (families) [7]	1,053	59.2
With own children under 18 years	198	18.8
With own dimarch and to yours	190	10.0
Husband-wife family	505	48.0
With own children under 18 years	128	12.2
Male householder, no wife present	37	3.5
With own children under 18 years	26	2.5
Female householder, no husband present	81	7.7
With own children under 18 years	44	4.2
Nonfamily households [7]	430	40.8
Householder living alone	378	35.9
Male	113	10.7
65 years and over	48	4.6
Female	265	25.2
65 years and over	178	16.9
	170	10.5
Households with individuals under 18 years	219	20.8
Households with individuals 65 years and over	484	46.0
,	101	10.0
Average household size	2.10	(X)
Average family size [7]	2.70	(X)
		()
HOUSING OCCUPANCY		
Total housing units	1,256	100.0
Occupied housing units	1,053	83.8
Vacant housing units	203	16.2
For rent	23	1.8
Rented, not occupied	6	0.5
For sale only	31	2.5
Sold, not occupied	8	0.6
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use	99	7.9
All other vacants	36	2.9
Homeowner vacancy rate (percent) [8]	4.1	(X)
Rental vacancy rate (percent) [9]	6.5	(X)
HOUSING TENURE		
Occupied housing units	1,053	100.0
Owner-occupied housing units	726	68.9
Population in owner-occupied housing units	1,491	(X)
Average household size of owner-occupied units	2.05	(X)
Renter-occupied housing units	327	31.1
Population in renter-occupied housing units	722	(X)
Average household size of renter-occupied units	2.21	(X)

X Not applicable.

- [1] Other Asian alone, or two or more Asian categories.
- [2] Other Pacific Islander alone, or two or more Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander categories.
- [3] One of the four most commonly reported multiple-race combinations nationwide in Census 2000.
- [4] In combination with one or more of the other races listed. The six numbers may add to more than the total population, and the six

percentages may add to more than 100 percent because individuals may report more than one race.

- [5] This category is composed of people whose origins are from the Dominican Republic, Spain, and Spanish-speaking Central or South American countries. It also includes general origin responses such as "Latino" or "Hispanic."
- [6] "Spouse" represents spouse of the householder. It does not reflect all spouses in a household. Responses of "same-sex spouse" were edited during processing to "unmarried partner."
- [7] "Family households" consist of a householder and one or more other people related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. They do not include same-sex married couples even if the marriage was performed in a state issuing marriage certificates for same-sex couples. Same-sex couple households are included in the family households category if there is at least one additional person related to the householder by birth or adoption. Same-sex couple households with no relatives of the householder present are tabulated in nonfamily households. "Nonfamily households" consist of people living alone and households which do not have any members related to the householder.
- [8] The homeowner vacancy rate is the proportion of the homeowner inventory that is vacant "for sale." It is computed by dividing the total number of vacant units "for sale only," and vacant units that have been sold but not yet occupied; and then multiplying by 100.
- [9] The rental vacancy rate is the proportion of the rental inventory that is vacant "for rent." It is computed by dividing the total number of vacant units "for rent" by the sum of the renter-occupied units, vacant units that are "for rent," and vacant units that have been rented but not yet occupied; and then multiplying by 100.

Source: U.S. Čensus Bureau, 2010 Census.



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Subject		Murphys CDP, California											
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of Error									
EX AND AGE													
Total population	2,088	+/-379	2,088	(X)									
Male	907	+/-192	43.4%	+/-4.9									
Female	1,181	+/-241	56.6%	+/-4.9									
Under 5 years	58	+/-51	2.8%	+/-2.3									
5 to 9 years	76	+/-56	3.6%	+/-2.4									
10 to 14 years	55	+/-31	2.6%	+/-1.3									
15 to 19 years	185	+/-121	8.9%	+/-4.9									
20 to 24 years	15	+/-25	0.7%	+/-1.2									
25 to 34 years	78	+/-60	3.7%	+/-2.6									
35 to 44 years	152	+/-89	7.3%	+/-3.6									
45 to 54 years	281	+/-121	13.5%	+/-5.1									
55 to 59 years	116	+/-63	5.6%	+/-2.9									
60 to 64 years	279	+/-104	13.4%	+/-4.6									
65 to 74 years	382	+/-99	18.3%	+/-5.6									
75 to 84 years	265	+/-121	12.7%	+/-5.7									
85 years and over	146	+/-61	7.0%	+/-3.0									
Median age (years)	60.7	+/-4.7	(X)	(X)									
18 years and over	1,757	+/-290	84.1%	+/-5.3									
21 years and over	1,699	+/-263	81.4%	+/-5.6									
62 years and over	990	+/-169	47.4%	+/-9.3									
65 years and over	793	+/-154	38.0%	+/-8.5									
18 years and over	1,757	+/-290	1,757	(X)									
Male	758	+/-150	43.1%	+/-4.0									
Female	999	+/-173	56.9%	+/-4.0									
65 years and over	793	+/-154	793	(X)									
Male	341	+/-99	43.0%	+/-7.3									

Subject		Murphys CDP,	California	
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of
Female	452	+/-91	57.0%	Error +/-7.3
	102	1, 01	01.070	1, 71.0
RACE				
Total population	2,088	+/-379	2,088	(X)
One race	2,081	+/-381	99.7%	+/-0.6
Two or more races	7	+/-11	0.3%	+/-0.6
One race	2,081	+/-381	99.7%	+/-0.6
White	2,014	+/-380	96.5%	+/-3.8
Black or African American	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-1.5
American Indian and Alaska Native	67	+/-76	3.2%	+/-3.6
Cherokee tribal grouping	7	+/-11	0.3%	+/-0.5
Chippewa tribal grouping	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-1.5
Navajo tribal grouping	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-1.5
Sioux tribal grouping	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-1.5
Asian	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-1.5
Asian Indian	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-1.5
Chinese	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-1.5
Filipino	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-1.5
Japanese	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-1.5
Korean	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-1.5
Vietnamese	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-1.5
Other Asian	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-1.5
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-1.5
Native Hawaiian	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-1.5
Guamanian or Chamorro	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-1.5
Samoan	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-1.5
Other Pacific Islander	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-1.5
Some other race	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-1.5
Two or more races	7	+/-12	0.3%	+/-1.5
White and Black or African American	0	+/-11	0.3%	+/-0.6
White and American Indian and Alaska Native	7	+/-12	0.3%	+/-0.6
White and Asian	0	+/-11	0.3%	+/-0.6
Black or African American and American Indian and				
Alaska Native	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-1.5
Race alone or in combination with one or more other				
races		,		0.0
Total population	2,088	+/-379	2,088	(X)
White	2,021	+/-378	96.8%	+/-3.6
Black or African American American Indian and Alaska Native	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-1.5
	74	+/-80	3.5%	+/-3.8
Asian	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-1.5
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander Some other race	0	+/-12 +/-12	0.0%	+/-1.5
		.,	0.070	,,
HISPANIC OR LATINO AND RACE				
Total population	2,088	+/-379	2,088	(X)
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	134	+/-116	6.4%	+/-5.2
Mexican	78	+/-76	3.7%	+/-3.6
Puerto Rican	41	+/-66	2.0%	+/-3.0
Cuban	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-1.5
Other Hispanic or Latino	15	+/-23	0.7%	+/-1.1
Not Hispanic or Latino	1,954	+/-351	93.6%	+/-5.2
White alone	1,933	+/-353	92.6%	+/-5.4
Black or African American alone	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-1.5
American Indian and Alaska Native alone	14	+/-16	0.7%	+/-0.8
Asian alone	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-1.5
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-1.5

Subject	Murphys CDP, California											
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of Error								
Some other race alone	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-1.5								
Two or more races	7	+/-11	0.3%	+/-0.6								
Two races including Some other race	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-1.5								
Two races excluding Some other race, and Three or more races	7	+/-11	0.3%	+/-0.6								
Total housing units	1,319	+/-116	(X)	(X)								
CITIZEN, VOTING AGE POPULATION												
Citizen, 18 and over population	1,725	+/-290	1,725	(X)								
Male	737	+/-153	42.7%	+/-4.2								
Female	988	+/-173	57.3%	+/-4.2								

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

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Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2012-2016 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

Explanation of Symbols:

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 - 6. An '***** entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
- 7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
 - 8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.



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ACS DEMOGRAPHIC AND HOUSING ESTIMATES

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Subject	Calaveras County, California											
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of Error								
EX AND AGE												
Total population	44,787	****	44,787	(X								
Male	22,156	+/-158	49.5%	+/-0.4								
Female	22,631	+/-158	50.5%	+/-0.4								
Under 5 years	1,827	+/-57	4.1%	+/-0.1								
5 to 9 years	2,551	+/-280	5.7%	+/-0.6								
10 to 14 years	1,973	+/-280	4.4%	+/-0.6								
15 to 19 years	2,590	+/-157	5.8%	+/-0.3								
20 to 24 years	1,993	+/-148	4.4%	+/-0.3								
25 to 34 years	3,779	+/-196	8.4%	+/-0.4								
35 to 44 years	4,043	+/-210	9.0%	+/-0.								
45 to 54 years	6,346	+/-218	14.2%	+/-0.								
55 to 59 years	4,276	+/-461	9.5%	+/-1.								
60 to 64 years	4,164	+/-468	9.3%	+/-1.								
65 to 74 years	7,064	+/-205	15.8%	+/-0.								
75 to 84 years	3,093	+/-236	6.9%	+/-0.								
85 years and over	1,088	+/-205	2.4%	+/-0.								
Median age (years)	51.2	+/-0.4	(X)	(X								
18 years and over	36,745	+/-104	82.0%	+/-0.								
21 years and over	35,435	+/-198	79.1%	+/-0.								
62 years and over	13,819	+/-451	30.9%	+/-1.								
65 years and over	11,245	+/-211	25.1%	+/-0.								
18 years and over	36,745	+/-104	36,745	(>								
Male	18,113	+/-114	49.3%	+/-0.								
Female	18,632	+/-98	50.7%	+/-0.								
65 years and over	11,245	+/-211	11,245	(>								
Male	5,535	+/-107	49.2%	+/-0.								

Subject				
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of Error
Female	5,710	+/-171	50.8%	+/-0.9
RACE		****		0.0
Total population	44,787		44,787	(X)
One race	43,012	+/-311	96.0%	+/-0.7
Two or more races	1,775	+/-311	4.0%	+/-0.7
One race	43,012	+/-311	96.0%	+/-0.7
White	41,304	+/-229	92.2%	+/-0.5
Black or African American	258	+/-119	0.6%	+/-0.3
American Indian and Alaska Native	453	+/-231	1.0%	+/-0.5
Cherokee tribal grouping	89	+/-58	0.2%	+/-0.1
Chippewa tribal grouping	9	+/-15	0.0%	+/-0.1
Navajo tribal grouping	0	+/-25	0.0%	+/-0.
Sioux tribal grouping	0	+/-25	0.0%	+/-0.1
Asian	448	+/-99	1.0%	+/-0.2
Asian Indian	0	+/-25	0.0%	+/-0.1
Chinese	104	+/-85	0.2%	+/-0.2
Filipino	137	+/-90	0.3%	+/-0.2
Japanese	54	+/-49	0.1%	+/-0.1
Korean	53	+/-40	0.1%	+/-0.1
Vietnamese	3	+/-7	0.0%	+/-0.1
Other Asian	97	+/-75	0.2%	+/-0.2
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	155	+/-179	0.3%	+/-0.4
Native Hawaiian	4	+/-9	0.0%	+/-0.
Guamanian or Chamorro	0	+/-25	0.0%	+/-0.
Samoan	118	+/-170	0.3%	+/-0.4
Other Pacific Islander	33	+/-53	0.1%	+/-0.
Some other race	394	+/-158	0.9%	+/-0.4
Two or more races	1,775	+/-311	4.0%	+/-0.7
White and Black or African American	264	+/-120	0.6%	+/-0.3
White and American Indian and Alaska Native	817	+/-243	1.8%	+/-0.5
White and Asian	489	+/-127	1.1%	+/-0.3
Black or African American and American Indian and Alaska Native	38	+/-54	0.1%	+/-0.1
Race alone or in combination with one or more other				
Total population	44,787	****	44,787	(V
White	42,979	+/-334	96.0%	+/-0.7
Black or African American	607	+/-101	1.4%	+/-0.7
American Indian and Alaska Native	1,310	+/-217	2.9%	+/-0.5
Asian		+/-217	2.9%	+/-0.3
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	1,002	+/-186	0.4%	+/-0.4
Some other race	481	+/-186	1.1%	+/-0.4
WARRANIA OR LATING AND 5 : 07				
HISPANIC OR LATINO AND RACE				
Total population	44,787	****	44,787	(X
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	5,028	****	11.2%	****
Mexican	4,207	+/-260	9.4%	+/-0.6
Puerto Rican	115	+/-119	0.3%	+/-0.3
Cuban	24	+/-30	0.1%	+/-0.
Other Hispanic or Latino	682	+/-225	1.5%	+/-0.
Not Hispanic or Latino	39,759	****	88.8%	****
White alone	36,857	+/-54	82.3%	+/-0.
Black or African American alone	256	+/-120	0.6%	+/-0.3
American Indian and Alaska Native alone	400	+/-216	0.9%	+/-0.5
Asian alone	448	+/-99	1.0%	+/-0.2
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone	155	+/-179	0.3%	+/-0.4

Subject	Calaveras County, California											
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of Error								
Some other race alone	33	+/-52	0.1%	+/-0.1								
Two or more races	1,610	+/-271	3.6%	+/-0.6								
Two races including Some other race	7	+/-11	0.0%	+/-0.1								
Two races excluding Some other race, and Three or more races	1,603	+/-270	3.6%	+/-0.6								
Total housing units	28,104	+/-79	(X)	(X)								
CITIZEN, VOTING AGE POPULATION												
Citizen, 18 and over population	35,474	+/-436	35,474	(X)								
Male	17,553	+/-237	49.5%	+/-0.4								
Female	17.921	+/-264	50.5%	+/-0.4								

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- 5. An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
 - 6. An '***** entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
- 7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
 - 8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.

Total Estimated and Projected Population for California and Counties: July 1, 2010 to July 1, 2060 in 1-year Increments

		Estima	ites																		Projections													
Population	2010 2011	2012 2013	2014	2015 2016	2017 20	18 2019	2020	2021 20	022 2023	2024 202	5 2026	2027	2028 20	29 2030	2031	2032 2	033 2034	2035	2036	2037 203	8 2039	2040 20	2042	2043	2044 2045	2046 20	2047 2048	2049	2050 2051	2052 20	53 2054	2055 2056	2057 2058	2059 2060
California Alameda County	37,335,085 37,675,500 3	8,042,760 38,373,749	38,739,792 39,059	9,415 39,312,207 3	9,613,019 39,952,4	33 40,295,352 4	40,639,392 40,9	980,939 41,321,5	565 41,659,526 41	,994,283 42,326,39	7 42,655,695	42,981,484 43,	304,691 43,624,3	93 43,939,250	44,250,503 44	,556,617 44,856,	079 45,150,800	45,440,735 45	5,726,459 46,0	006,009 46,277,74	3 46,544,307	46,804,202 47,056,6	31 47,303,447	47,544,426 47,778	,649 48,007,817	48,230,450 48,449,	179 48,663,583	48,872,567 49,	077,801 49,278,229	49,473,225 49,664,5	64 49,855,335 50,044	,172 50,229,888 50,	416,346 50,602,446 50,	,789,873 50,975,904
Alameda County Alpine County	1,515,354 1,532,186	1,554,698 1,576,023	1,600,366 1,62	1,005 1,637,176	1,650,818 1,668,3	99 1,686,072	1,703,660 1,7	721,450 1,738,8	893 1,756,373 1	1,773,448 1,790,45	6 1,807,014	1,823,749 1,	1,857,3	59 1,873,622	1,889,829 1 1,138	,906,151 1,922,	119 1,937,920	1,953,455 1	1,968,698 1,9	983,851 1,998,53	4 2,012,960	2,027,328 2,041,3	375 2,054,950	2,068,411 2,081	,903 2,094,635	2,106,923 2,119,4	435 2,131,801	2,143,309 2,	154,848 2,166,190	2,177,042 2,188,1	30 2,198,748 2,209	0,037 2,219,398 2,	230,152 2,240,525 2,	,250,886 2,260,737
Amador County	38.069 37.894	37 746 37 582	37 448 37	7 313 37 181	37,050 37,1	08 1,104 34 37,350	1,107 37,560	1,108 1,1 37,795 38,0	032 38.268	38 514 38 76	39,000	1,124 39,231	1,116 1,1 39,482 39,7	08 39,917	40,134	1,144 1, 40,327 40	148 1,147 520 40,699	1,150 40,866	1,158 41,012	1,162 1,15 41,162 41,28	7 1,157 7 41,399 0 262 233	1,145 1, 41,502 41,5 263,634 265,0	584 41.673	41,772 41	,869 41,980	42.074 42.	170 42,279	42.383	42.494 42.609	42.747 42.8	84 43.030 43	3.174 43.332	43 497 43 679	43.850 44.028
Butte County	220,193 220,563	221,708 222,083	223,727 224	4,180 224,761	226,470 227,8	229,295	230,701 2	232,147 233,6	693 235,258	236,896 238,53	8 240,370	242,106	243,806 245,5	34 247,331	249,017	250,810 252	597 254,347	256,034	257,714	259,253 260,77	0 262,233	263,634 265,0	266,440	267,828 269	199 270,604	272,010 273,3	315 274,691	276,138	277,504 279,101	280,593 282,0	36 283,761 285	,282 286,701	288,214 289,915	291,356 292,884
Calaveras County	45,535 45,414	45,305 45,116	45,010 44	4,899 44,747	44,609 44,6	92 44,808	44,953	45,126 45,3	308 45,507	45,721 45,93	4 46,142	46,349	46,557 46,7	41 46,920	47,091	47,246 47	393 47,523	47,642	47,725	47,816 47,89	6 47,969	48,033 48,0	093 48,135	48,177 48	,215 48,256	48,306 48,3	356 48,422	48,480	48,566 48,658	48,766 48,8	91 49,035 49),188 49,370	49,553 49,766	50,015 50,259
Colusa County Contra Costa County	21,465 21,626 1,051,669 1,063,888	21,781 21,972 1 075 825 1 089 906	22,139 22	2,271 22,428 7 459 1 129 332	22,580 22,7 1 138 039 1 151 4	38 22,958 12 1.165,190	23,144 1.178.639 1.1	23,326 23,5 192,214 1,205,6	507 23,686 638 1,218,811 1	23,871 24,05 1,232,102 1,245,48			24,595 24,7 284,093 1,296,6	72 24,948 31 1.309.118	25,102 1.321.358 1	25,263 25 .333,462 1.345	422 25,585 211 1.356,946	25,733 1.368.495	25,896 1,379,422 1.3	26,037 26,17 390,430 1,400.82		26,419 26,5 1,420,595 1,429,6			,848 26,957 .762 1.463.803	27,051 27, 1,471,450 1,479,2			27,450 27,546 500.541 1.506.843		62 27,872 23 49 1,525,706 1,531	7,981 28,099 974 1.538.454 1		28,467 28,594 .557.197 1.563.465
Del Norte County	28.389 28.214	1,075,825 1,089,906	1,103,248 1,117	7,459 1,129,332	1,138,039 1,151,4				105 27 153	27.207 27.26			27.450 1,296,6				743 27.800	1,368,495 1		27.960 1,400,82		1,420,595 1,429,6			.289 28.348	28 392 28 4			28 568 28 615			,974 1,538,454 1, 8 877 28 945	20 020 20 426	,557,197 1,563,465
El Dorado County	181 008 180 917	181 157 182 348	182 578 183	3 147 184 085	186 123 187 2	188 303	189 576 1	190 834 192 2	260 193 826	195 376 197 09	198 774	200 438	202 270 204 0	89 206.010		209 717 211	558 213 246	215 041	216 637	218 272 219 81	6 221 434	222,972 224	354 225 690		072 229.368	230 630 231 8	835 232 941		235 323 236 710	238 009 239 4	39 240 743 243	218 243 708	245 448 247 148	248 992 250 957
Fresno County	932,501 941,904	950,364 959,142	969,193 979	9,636 988,072	999,929 1,010,8	99 1,021,856	1,033,095 1,0	044,330 1,055,7	752 1,066,815 1	,078,034 1,088,99	0 1,100,307	1,111,693 1,	122,940 1,134,1	99 1,145,673	1,157,127 1	,168,195 1,179,	459 1,190,485	1,201,443 1	1,212,489 1,3	223,553 1,234,62	0 1,245,615	1,256,599 1,267,1	192 1,277,706	1,288,167 1,298	,754 1,309,033	1,319,035 1,329,0	073 1,339,014	1,348,904 1,	358,990 1,368,649	1,378,407 1,387,9	51 1,397,810 1,407	,629 1,417,454 1,	427,513 1,437,420 1,	,447,571 1,457,732
Glenn County	28,182 28,374	28,508 28,684		3,960 29,084	29,210 29,3			29,872 30,0		30,416 30,61			31,202 31,4		31,793		175 32,347			32,846 32,98		33,267 33,	102 33,523		,752 33,862	33,962 34,0			34,363 34,449					35,266 35,395
Humboldt County	134,998 135,349 175,200 177,792	134,816 134,895 179,402 180,267		5,032 135,884 5,072 186,520	136,113 136,7 188,650 191.1			138,146 138,6 198,183 200,5		139,249 139,57 205,239 207,63			140,497 140,6 214,941 217.3				213 141,356 803 229,210			141,410 141,35 236,168 238,51					,944 140,903 .525 254,951	140,710 140,5 257,428 259.6			140,471 140,418 266,693 269,107					139,825 139,767 287,127 289,380
Imperial County Inyo County	175,200 177,792 18 539 18 536	179,402 180,267 18 560 18 585		5,072 186,520 8,640 18,658	188,650 191,1			198,183 200,5		18 906 18 94			214,941 217,3				205 229,210	19 238		236,168 238,51		243,249 245,3	248,017	19 235 19	230 254,951	257,428 259,6 19.178 10 1			266,693 269,107	19 001 18 9				287,127 289,380 18.784 18.763
Kern County	841,537 849,497	857.808 868.181	876.403 883	3,494 887,922	898.825 908.5	97 919.366	930.885 9	943.086 955.8	825 969.360	982.718 996.50	6 1.010.808	1.025.151 1.	039.628 1.054.0	77 1.068.729	1.083.557 1	.098.337 1.112	837 1.127.490	1.142.207 1	1.156.865 1.1	171,360 1,185,84	4 1.200.518	1.214.656 1.228.8	368 1.243.056	1.256.793 1.270	.437 1.284.252	1.297.960 1.311.4	457 1.324.894	1.338.254 1.	351.803 1.365.387	1.379.158 1.392.7	17 1.406.443 1.420	1.137 1.433.923 1.	447.635 1.461.390 1.	.475.181 1.489.326
Kings County	152,163 151,430	150,028 150,330			150,587 151,8			156,115 157,5		160,704 162,19			167,011 168,5			173,476 175,				182,052 183,71		187,194 188,8				196,863 198,3			202,906 204,393					215,637 217,204
Lake County	64,953 64,807	64,905 64,790		4,815 64,712	64,979 65,0			65,464 65,6		66,074 66,29			67,021 67,2				342 68,582			69,338 69,58		70,093 70,3	70,606		,131 71,392	71,666 71,9			72,833 73,166			,587 74,993		76,258 76,695
Lassen County	34,784 34,512 9,838,771 9,901,530	33,002 32,299	31,842 30	0,958 30,599	30,652 30,6			30,606 30,5 185,492 10,534,8		30,519 30,47		30,372	30,303 30,2			29,983 29 936 599 10 968	887 29,781 254 10 997 933	29,668 11,025,986 11	29,568	29,463 29,34		29,117 28,5 11 144 846 11 162 8		28,763 28 11 195 893 11 209	648 28,521	28,403 28,2			27,941 27,824	27,708 27,6	09 27,505 27	7,408 27,315	27,230 27,153	27,076 26,999
Los Angeles County Madera County	150 145 151 489	150 701 152 220	154.057 15/	1 753 155 518	157 472 10,327,0	18 160 080	162 000 1	165 123 167 3	267 169 603	171 877 174 33	176 880	170 306	181 846 184 3	24 10,000,014	189 567	192 086 194	733 107 215	100 732	202 283	204 700 207 32	6 200 875	212.405 214.0	043 217 300	210 066 223	537 224 920	227 360 220 1	833 232 310	234 700	237,073 11,261,039	242 053 244 5	34 247 024 240	1,729 11,254,424 11,	254,610 257,105	250 700 262 241
Marin County	252.286 254.453	255.897 258.721	261.104 261	1.669 262.706	262.545 263.3	264.349	265.152	266.077 266.7	783 267.545	268.172 268.87	9 269.537	270,277	271.007 271.7	22 272.375	273.036	273.679 274	278 274.903		275.957	276,407 276,73		277.087 277.1	139 277.112	277.027 277	.056 276.943	276.657 276.3	309 275.993	275.690	275.467 275.129	274.693 274.1	71 273,699 273	355 272.935	272.686 272.340	271.893 271.601
Mariposa County	18,245 18,237	18,223 18,154		8,088 18,057	17,996 17,9			18,054 18,0		18,139 18,18			18,329 18,3			18,505 18		18,636	18,662	18,686 18,72		18,761 18,7			,873 18,905	18,934 18,9			19,050 19,081					19,516 19,593
Mendocino County	87,667 87,226	87,976 88,040		8,264 88,779	89,124 89,4 276,275 279,5			90,529 90,8		91,593 91,94			92,865 93,1			93,968 94	184 94,379			94,874 94,97				95,246 95	,265 95,295	95,292 95,3			95,403 95,436					96,040 96,164 448 524 452 868
Merced County Modoc County	256,810 260,108	262,946 264,815	267,659 269	9,870 272,286	276,275 279,5	0 283,084	286,746 2	290,495 294,3	363 298,249	302,217 306,14	3 310,160	314,326	318,540 322,6	89 326,923	331,283	335,664 339,	947 344,340	348,499	352,788 3	357,002 361,21	2 365,385	369,542 373,7	724 377,889	381,903 386	,103 390,181	394,265 398,2	249 402,217	406,253	110,444 414,538	418,640 422,6	41 426,797 43	,181 435,437	439,797 444,123	448,524 452,868
Mono County	14.007 14.261	14.100 13.902	13.939 13	3.841 13.801	13.798 13.8	13.914	13.986	14.061 14.1	133 14,203	14.283 14.36	0 14.426	14,490	14,552 14,6	08 14.663	14,720	14,777 14	818 14.859	14.899	14,931	14.953 14.97	5 14.985	14,991 15,0	000 14.990	14.985 14	,969 14,945	14.911 14.8	.883 14.845	14,803	14.749 14.692	14,625 14,5	66 14.500 14	1444 14 379	14.318 14.257	14,200 14,150
Monterey County	414,945 419,490	424,036 426,613		5,342 439,945	442,808 446,8	3 450,846		458,234 461,8	820 465,396	469,013 472,50	5 475,967	479,256	482,647 485,7	61 489,001	492,281	495,428 498,	424 501,350	504,523	507,442	510,285 513,00	7 515,811	518,441 521,0	523,340	525,641 527	,905 530,061	532,005 533,9	900 535,742	537,458	538,908 540,602	542,078 543,3	75 544,756 546	5,049 547,144		551,098 552,239
Napa County	136,281 137,234	138,651 139,282	140,550 141	1,183 141,569	141,624 142,3	143,069		144,654 145,5		147,241 148,19			150,965 151,9				309 156,139			158,477 159,17		160,521 161,1			,716 163,267	163,705 164,2			165,360 165,597					168,743 169,134
Nevada County	98,526 98,390	98,032 97,703	98,291 98	3,067 98,300	98,433 98,7	99,184	99,548 1	100,020 100,4	483 100,958	101,545 102,13	5 102,786	103,394	104,020 104,6	90 105,318	106,033	106,701 107	379 108,008	108,496	109,091	109,560 110,03	2 110,545	111,007 111,4	119 111,835	112,223 112	,633 113,009	113,369 113,8	824 114,383	114,822	115,407 115,984	116,610 117,3	20 118,022 118	1,808 119,639	120,476 121,289	122,231 123,265
Orange County Placer County	350.040 355.260	359.578 363.863	367.878 370	0.973 375.805	381.675 3,220,4	3,240,543	397.368 4	402.875 408.5	507 414,159	419.777 425.55	7 431.332	437.132	443.016 448.9	454.801	460.639	466.286 471.	930 477.471	482.870	488.352	493.571 498.64	7 503.557	508.439 513.3	319 518.040	522.627 527	.115 531.442	535.658 539.8	.854 544.153	548.214	552.359 556.562	560,639 564.7	19 568.981 573	1.184 577.528	581.811 586.211	590.524 594.978
Plumas County	19,982 19,927	19,883 19,769		9,598 19,535	19,481 19,4	19,401	19,374	19,347 19,3	317 19,296	19,266 19,24	1 19,219	19.193	19.146 19.1	10 19.069	19.029	18.988 18.	931 18,864	18.807	18.725	18.651 18.57	2 18.491	18,413 18,3	327 18.246	18.154 18	.072 17.994	17,924 17,8			17,652 17,609					17,555 17,585
Riverside County		2,252,777 2,276,143	2,305,693 2,331		2,389,723 2,425,9		2,500,975 2,5	538,566 2,576,1	122 2,613,313 2	2,649,971 2,686,24		2,756,730 2,	790,698 2,824,3			,922,459 2,954			3,046,281 3,0					3,237,482 3,262		3,310,283 3,333,4			100,372 3,421,472		79 3,482,268 3,502	2,005 3,521,331 3,	540,570 3,559,333 3,	,577,963 3,596,588
Sacramento County	1,421,458 1,433,805	1,444,986 1,455,502	1,473,374 1,488	8,600 1,503,536	1,519,381 1,537,1	39 1,555,021	1,572,886 1,5	591,268 1,609,5	526 1,627,880 1	,646,394 1,664,68		1,701,886 1,	720,365 1,738,9			,794,867 1,813,				884,667 1,902,19		1,936,861 1,954,0	1,970,952		,477 2,020,784	2,036,928 2,053,0			100,156 2,115,858		68 2,162,376 2,178	3,030 2,193,859 2,	209,552 2,225,460 2,	,241,417 2,257,413
San Benito County San Bernardino County	2 043 484 2 064 762	2 077 397 2 091 890	2 110 975 2 128	7,587 58,010 8,499 2,143,578	2 162 690 2 195 0	38 59,497	2 220 602 2 2	60,668 61,2 264,244 2,279,4	296 61,951 414 2,202,002 2	327 528 2 352 32	0 03,926	2 402 520 2	427 972 2 452 6	93 00,693	2 504 406 2	68,065 68	751 69,430	2 606 040 2	70,789	71,468 72,13 656,455 2,681,32	4 2 706 229	73,432 74,0 2,730,966 2,755,4	145 74,649	2 904 740 2 920	,819 /6,396 160 2 962 202	2 977 027 2 002 6	,490 78,028 599 2,027,065	78,575	79,107 79,640	3 026 097 3 050 5	73 81,189 81 04 2.07E.E92 2.404	042 2 126 426 2	82,753 83,293 152,630 3,179,128 3,	205 562 2 222 412
San Diego County		3.173.442 3.207.852		4.141 3.295.816				124.350 3.449.5		3.498.207 3.521.60	3 544 385	3 566 855 3	589.032 3.610.1	95 3.631.155	3.651.310 3	.671.394 3.691.	365 3.710.551	3.730.053 3	3.749.357 3.7	768.194 3.786.63	0 3.804.618	3.822.756 3.840.6	3 858 183	3 875 465 3 892	267 3 908 854	3.925.759 3.942.5	.568 3.958.596	3.974.182 3.9	89.654 4.004.786	4.019.456 4.033.8	74 4.048.456 4.062	1.123 4.075.912 4.		.115.887 4.129.358
San Francisco County		833,120 844,066			880,418 888,8		905,637 9	914,070 922,5	560 930,525	938,569 946,56	1 954,114	961,399 861,050	968,416 975,6	982,639		996,331 1,002		1,016,253 1	1,022,735 1,0	029,461 1,035,87	0 1,042,349	1,048,803 1,055,4	153 1 061 992	1 068 724 1 075	492 1 082 394	1.089.346 1.096.3	378 1.103.585	1.111.177 1.	118.562 1.126.049					,188,867 1,197,009
San Joaquin County	687,992 694,410	700,638 706,148	717,490 728	8,110 738,343	749,092 760,1	73 771,535	782,662 7	793,737 805,1	141 816,229	827,571 838,75	5 849,930		872,278 883,3			915,606 926	153 936,709	947,019	956,982	966,709 976,61	3 986,210	995,469 1,004,5	1,013,408	1,022,233 1,030	,806 1,039,105	1,047,577 1,055,7	736 1,063,759	1,071,489 1,	078,992 1,086,410	1,093,567 1,100,6	79 1,107,866 1,115	1,122,198 1,	128,930 1,135,667 1,	,142,352 1,149,124
San Luis Obispo County San Mateo County	269,031 270,324 720,695 729,429	272,527 273,441 740,850 749,165	275,999 276 756 866 766	5,534 278,080 4,711 768,507	278,532 280,4 772 900 779 5	38 282,230 16 785.847	284,126 2 792,271 7	285,967 287,7 798.237 803.9	754 289,529 962 809.517	291,170 292,72 815,084 820,31	9 294,258 8 825,476	295,820 830.678	297,326 298,7 835,614 840,2	22 300,033		302,504 303, 853,482 857.	397 304,399 555 861.377	305,177 865.466	306,093	306,674 307,19 873,201 876,88	307,656	308,077 308,4 884,198 887,4	126 308,446 130 890,586	308,483 308 893,800 896	,374 308,283 .862 899,991	308,069 307,1 902,623 905.3	,774 307,559	910,771	307,134 306,896 913.131 915.883	306,582 306,3 918,399 920.8	54 306,148 305 60 923 166 925	5,865 305,754 5 292 927 545	305,560 305,556 929,695 931,912	305,576 305,391 934 007 936 154
Santa Barbara County		430 318 435 329		4 491 447 309	450.216 453.7					473.138 476.22		482.317	485.180 488.1	27 491 023	493 814	496 457 498	873 501 438	503,466	506 228	508.418 510.66	2 512,707	514.691 516.7	112 518.541	520.098 521	694 523 118	524.629 525.8	878 527 311	528.553	529.780 530.848			535.519		
Santa Clara County		1,840,582 1,866,836		8,777 1,932,827	1,945,465 1,967,5	1,989,441	2,011,436 2,0	032,840 2,054,1	193 2,075,619 2	2,096,718 2,117,95	9 2,138,926	2,160,085 2,	181,188 2,202,4	3 2,223,743	2,244,993 2	,266,453 2,287	636 2,309,360	2,330,649 2	2,351,872 2,3	373,451 2,394,81	5 2,415,841	2,436,897 2,457,4	166 2,478,004	2,498,486 2,518	.442 2.538.692	2,558,315 2,577,7	715 2,596,944	2,615,450 2,	33,652 2,651,598	2,669,163 2,686,2	51 2,703,370 2,720	1,101 2,736,712 2,	753,366 2,770,195 2,	
Santa Cruz County	262,425 265,305	267,826 270,609	271,860 274	4,563 275,754	276,452 278,4	280,630	282,627 2	284,627 286,5	507 288,439	290,425 292,35	294,232	296,081	297,962 299,7	50 301,494	303,240	304,785 306,	382 307,744	309,176	310,688	312,001 313,27	3 314,412	315,659 316,8	318,001	319,113 320	,123 321,115	322,076 322,9	970 323,882	324,934	325,799 326,766	327,677 328,7	65 329,768 330	,576 331,605	332,652 333,736	334,784 335,767
Shasta County	177,125 177,364	177,804 178,537	178,949 178	8,365 177,631	178,501 178,8 3 133 3 1	99 179,402 32 3,127	180,198 1 3.129	180,837 181,7 3.126 3.1	792 182,664 128 3,128	183,605 184,52 3.123 3.12	6 185,378 1 3,114	186,351	187,197 188,1 3 102 3 0	31 188,989 96 3.087	189,846 3.078	190,750 191,	545 192,375 060 3.047	193,172 3,037	194,042 3,028	194,679 195,38 3,017 3,00	3 196,163 6 2,993	196,798 197,4 2,980 2,9	158 198,096 972 2,961	198,646 199 2.948 2	,273 199,972 .935 2.926	200,581 201,0	,097 201,674 .910 2.903	202,364	202,959 203,616	204,312 204,9 2.886 2.8	35 205,688 206	i,386 207,131	207,849 208,620 2 889 2 893	209,359 210,156
Sierra County Siskiyou County	3,233 3,216 44.862 44.792	3,206 3,187 44.765 44.652	3,161 3 44,607 44	3,149 3,141 4 491 44 373	3,133 3,1 44,239 44,2			3,126 3,1 44,186 44,2	.128 3,128 203 44.224	3,123 3,12 44,239 44,26		3,109 44.331	3,102 3,0 44,347 44,3				453 44,449		3,028 44,414	3,017 3,00 44,389 44,34	4 44.302	2,980 2,3 44,253 44,2	203 44.150		,935 2,926 .046 44.009	2,918 2,1 43.984 43.9			2,894 2,889 43.938 43.956		81 2,881 2 49 44 109 44	2,885 2,885		2,898 2,905 44.714 44.868
Solano County	412.525 414.659	417.480 420.732	425,494 429		437.309 442.7			459.191 464.4		475.379 480.71			496.735 502.0			517.218 522				541.233 545.83		554.668 559.0				578.952 582.6			593.854 597.552			2.235 616.018		627.238 631.028
Sonoma County	483,541 486,713	489,576 494,364	497,957 500	0,919 503,152	503,883 507,4	00 511,308	515,486 5	519,418 523,3	395 527,329	531,347 535,26	1 539,133	543,131	547,012 550,8	24 554,694		561,722 565,	083 568,258	571,307	574,095	576,808 579,18		583,517 585,3	587,113		,322 591,973	593,285 594,6	679 595,801	596,694	597,749 598,860	599,783 600,7	05 601,612 602	738 603,566	604,697 605,702	607,146 608,250
Stanislaus County	515,940 518,957	523,698 527,732	531,588 537	7,608 543,592	551,557 558,3	53 565,196	572,000 5	578,625 585,3	309 592,117	598,743 605,46 105,300 106,31	3 612,310	619,064	625,611 632,3	62 638,840 95 111 151	645,428	651,791 658,	132 664,218 035 115 039	670,288 116,044	676,343	682,113 687,71 117,913 118,78	4 693,370 9 119,698	699,022 704,3 120,573 121,4	381 709,637 195 122,504	714,543 719	,580 724,617	729,180 733,7 126,092 126,9	,792 738,309 909 127,819	742,796	747,188 751,260	755,431 759,5 131 447 132 4	85 763,652 767	7,871 771,968 1,335 135,272	775,744 779,632	783,454 787,145
Sutter County Tehama County	94,859 95,458 63,505 63,621	96,048 96,540 63,711 63,731		7,617 98,208 3,977 64,158	98,720 99,5 64 294 64 5			102,365 103,2 65,450 65,7		105,300 106,31 66,530 66,93			109,215 110,1 68 152 68 5			113,168 114 69.803 70	035 115,039 211 70,605			117,913 118,78 71 757 72 11		120,573 121,4 72,840 73			,382 125,257 220 74 588	126,092 126,9 74,958 75.3			129,657 130,595 76 464 76 853					138,212 139,177 80,253 80,732
Trinity County	13 779 13 733	13 704 13 667		3.562 13.492	13 455 13 4			13 374 13 3		13 334 13 33			13.332 13.3				304 13.296	13 279		13.260 13.24		13.232 13.2			.210 13.208	13 220 13 3			13 319 13 358				13.817 13.917	14 033 14 151
Tulare County	442,330 447,350	452,000 455,891		4,337 467,960	472,748 477,6			492,839 497,9		508,160 513,54			529,610 535,0		545,987		966 562,408			578,058 583,39	2 588,637	593,788 598,8		608,436 612	,967 617,356	621,803 626,2			338,917 643,084				666,743 670,733	674,777 678,607
Tuolumne County	55,350 55,190	55,033 54,894	54,684 54	4,529 54,291	54,036 53,9	53,964	53,976	54,019 54,0	076 54,124	54,219 54,31	3 54,422	54,521	54,617 54,7	13 54,801	54,896	54,990 55	063 55,142	55,212	55,277	55,326 55,35	9 55,384	55,400 55,4	106 55,414		,423 55,431	55,429 55,4	,445 55,465	55,492	55,534 55,572	55,633 55,7	19 55,801 55	5,906 56,018	56,145 56,275	56,428 56,595
Ventura County	824,441 831,606 202,385 203,048	836,782 842,964 205,712 208,223		2,199 853,673 2,850 216,726	856,111 860,4 219,468 222,7			874,223 879,1 232,273 235,4		889,234 894,25 241,863 245,19			909,352 914,4 255,041 258,3			929,014 933, 268,435 271,	511 937,828 739 275,124	941,824 278,533		949,733 953,17 285,515 289,06		959,354 962, 295,954 299,4			,124 971,002 ,806 313,259	972,551 973,7 316,713 319,9			977,265 978,271 330,480 333,854					981,522 982,080 361,435 365,070
Yuha County	72 315 73 015	73 704 74 352	74 975 75	2,850 216,726 5,579 76,138	219,468 222,7 76 691 77 4	0 78 284	79 087	79 880 80 6	464 238,682 662 81.442	241,863 245,19 82 206 82 96	7 83 725	251,784 84 492	255,041 258,3 85,237 85,9	78 261,715	205,134 87 433	268,435 271, 88 157 88	739 275,124 848 89.528	90 187	90 834	285,515 289,06 91 474 92 09	9 92,521	93 304 93 8	109 302,923 366 94.419	94 959 95	,806 313,259 488 95,998	96.516 97.0	001 97 467	97 908	98 341 98 759	99 200 99 6	34 344,164 341 02 99,995 100	,564 351,001 0.417 100.712	101 064 101 486	101 804 102 221
Projections Prepared by Demo	graphic Research Unit, California E	Department of Finance, Janu		70,100		.0,204	,-07	,, 00,0	31,442	, 02,00	50,720	- 1,702	,, 00,0	00,710	2.,400	,	00,020	,107	,	,	52,700	,	, 54,415	,=00	,	,5		2.,000	,, 50,705	,	,000		,	



DP05

ACS DEMOGRAPHIC AND HOUSING ESTIMATES

2012-2016 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Data and Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Tell us what you think. Provide feedback to help make American Community Survey data more useful for you.

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Subject		California											
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of Error									
EX AND AGE													
Total population	38,654,206	****	38,654,206	(X)									
Male	19,200,970	+/-820	49.7%	+/-0.1									
Female	19,453,236	+/-820	50.3%	+/-0.1									
Under 5 years	2,499,561	+/-568	6.5%	+/-0.1									
5 to 9 years	2,538,872	+/-8,971	6.6%	+/-0.1									
10 to 14 years	2,536,895	+/-8,901	6.6%	+/-0.1									
15 to 19 years	2,633,446	+/-1,264	6.8%	+/-0.1									
20 to 24 years	2,891,020	+/-1,124	7.5%	+/-0.1									
25 to 34 years	5,701,167	+/-1,172	14.7%	+/-0.1									
35 to 44 years	5,159,031	+/-982	13.3%	+/-0.1									
45 to 54 years	5,215,194	+/-915	13.5%	+/-0.1									
55 to 59 years	2,418,507	+/-6,864	6.3%	+/-0.1									
60 to 64 years	2,083,531	+/-6,904	5.4%	+/-0.1									
65 to 74 years	2,822,406	+/-685	7.3%	+/-0.1									
75 to 84 years	1,475,866	+/-4,563	3.8%	+/-0.1									
85 years and over	678,710	+/-4,574	1.8%	+/-0.1									
Median age (years)	36.0	+/-0.1	(X)	(X)									
18 years and over	29,513,923	+/-398	76.4%	+/-0.1									
21 years and over	27,849,757	+/-6,458	72.0%	+/-0.1									
62 years and over	6,168,058	+/-5,707	16.0%	+/-0.1									
65 years and over	4,976,982	+/-612	12.9%	+/-0.1									
18 years and over	29,513,923	+/-398	29,513,923	(X)									
Male	14,532,102	+/-484	49.2%	+/-0.1									
Female	14,981,821	+/-425	50.8%	+/-0.1									
65 years and over	4,976,982	+/-612	4,976,982	(X									
Male	2,197,057	+/-416	44.1%	+/-0.1									

Subject	California											
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of Error								
Female	2,779,925	+/-426	55.9%	+/-0.1								
RACE												
Total population	38,654,206	****	38,654,206	(X)								
One race	36,867,047	+/-21,484	95.4%	+/-0.1								
Two or more races	1,787,159	+/-21,484	4.6%	+/-0.1								
One race	26 967 047	1/21/19/	OE 40/	./01								
White	36,867,047	+/-21,484	95.4%	+/-0.1								
Black or African American	23,680,584	+/-25,774	61.3%	+/-0.1								
	2,261,835	+/-5,684	5.9%	+/-0.1								
American Indian and Alaska Native	285,512	+/-5,874	0.7%	+/-0.1								
Cherokee tribal grouping	19,707	+/-1,292	0.1%	+/-0.1								
Chippewa tribal grouping	2,422	+/-430	0.0%	+/-0.1								
Navajo tribal grouping	8,784	+/-910	0.0%	+/-0.1								
Sioux tribal grouping	4,389	+/-830	0.0%	+/-0.1								
Asian	5,354,608	+/-8,366	13.9%	+/-0.1								
Asian Indian	666,480	+/-8,991	1.7%	+/-0.1								
Chinese	1,437,701	+/-10,843	3.7%	+/-0.1								
Filipino	1,255,672	+/-12,103	3.2%	+/-0.1								
Japanese	274,797	+/-4,984	0.7%	+/-0.1								
Korean	461,305	+/-7,472	1.2%	+/-0.1								
Vietnamese	632,607	+/-9,663	1.6%	+/-0.1								
Other Asian	626,046	+/-7,475	1.6%	+/-0.1								
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	150,908	+/-2,216	0.4%	+/-0.1								
Native Hawaiian	•		0.4%	+/-0.1								
Guamanian or Chamorro	22,615	+/-1,692										
Samoan	24,793	+/-1,553	0.1%	+/-0.1								
	39,714	+/-2,231	0.1%	+/-0.1								
Other Pacific Islander	63,786	+/-2,714	0.2%	+/-0.1								
Some other race	5,133,600	+/-33,587	13.3%	+/-0.1								
Two or more races	1,787,159	+/-21,484	4.6%	+/-0.1								
White and Black or African American	245,814	+/-5,617	0.6%	+/-0.1								
White and American Indian and Alaska Native	285,119	+/-5,491	0.7%	+/-0.1								
White and Asian	505,122	+/-8,567	1.3%	+/-0.1								
Black or African American and American Indian and Alaska Native	39,246	+/-2,135	0.1%	+/-0.1								
Race alone or in combination with one or more other												
races Total population	20.054.000	****	20.054.000	()()								
White	38,654,206		38,654,206	(X)								
Black or African American	25,159,975	+/-33,797	65.1%	+/-0.1								
American Indian and Alaska Native	2,723,286	+/-6,391	7.0%	+/-0.1								
	728,094	+/-8,811	1.9%	+/-0.1								
Asian	6,122,435	+/-7,133	15.8%	+/-0.1								
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	305,202	+/-4,208	0.8%	+/-0.1								
Some other race	5,575,498	+/-29,853	14.4%	+/-0.1								
HISPANIC OR LATINO AND RACE												
Total population	38,654,206	****	38,654,206	(X)								
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	14,903,982	****	38.6%	****								
Mexican	12,400,437	+/-20,714	32.1%	+/-0.1								
Puerto Rican	210,940	+/-4,808	0.5%	+/-0.1								
Cuban	93,974	+/-3,395	0.5%	+/-0.1								
Other Hispanic or Latino	•		5.7%	+/-0.1								
Not Hispanic or Latino	2,198,631	+/-19,442		+/-0.1								
White alone	23,750,224		61.4%									
	14,837,242	+/-2,964	38.4%	+/-0.1								
Black or African American alone	2,158,363	+/-5,552	5.6%	+/-0.1								
American Indian and Alaska Native alone	136,582	+/-2,662	0.4%	+/-0.1								
Asian alone	5,280,818	+/-8,302	13.7%	+/-0.1								
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone	138,956	+/-1,923	0.4%	+/-0.1								

Subject	California											
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of Error								
Some other race alone	90,413	+/-3,556	0.2%	+/-0.1								
Two or more races	1,107,850	+/-11,565	2.9%	+/-0.1								
Two races including Some other race	53,686	+/-2,446	0.1%	+/-0.1								
Two races excluding Some other race, and Three or more races	1,054,164	+/-10,882	2.7%	+/-0.1								
Total housing units	13,911,737	+/-889	(X)	(X)								
CITIZEN, VOTING AGE POPULATION												
Citizen, 18 and over population	24,582,603	+/-27,178	24,582,603	(X)								
Male	12,039,197	+/-15,481	49.0%	+/-0.1								
Female	12.543.406	+/-14.392	51.0%	+/-0.1								

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

For more information on understanding race and Hispanic origin data, please see the Census 2010 Brief entitled, Overview of Race and Hispanic Origin: 2010, issued March 2011. (pdf format)

While the 2012-2016 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the February 2013 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2012-2016 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

Explanation of Symbols:

- 1. An '**' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
- 2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
 - 3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
- 4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
- 5. An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
- 6. An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
- 7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
 - 8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.



QT-P11

Households and Families: 2010

2010 Census Summary File 1

NOTE: For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see http://www.census.gov/prod/cen2010/doc/sf1.pdf.

Geography: Murphys CDP, California

Subject	Number	Percent
HOUSEHOLD TYPE		
Total households	1,053	100.0
Family households [1]	623	59.2
Male householder	477	45.3
Female householder	146	13.9
Nonfamily households [2]	430	40.8
Male householder	136	12.9
Living alone	113	10.7
Female householder	294	27.9
Living alone	265	25.2
HOUSEHOLD SIZE		
Total households	1,053	100.0
1-person household	378	35.9
2-person household	426	40.5
3-person household	105	10.0
4-person household	86	8.2
5-person household	41	3.9
6-person household	9	0.9
7-or-more-person household	8	0.8
Average household size	2.10	(X)
Average family size	2.70	(X)
FAMILY TYPE AND PRESENCE OF RELATED AND		
OWN CHILDREN Families [3]	623	100.0
With related children under 18 years	214	34.3
With own children under 18 years	198	31.8
Under 6 years only	38	6.1
Under 6 and 6 to 17 years	29	4.7
6 to 17 years only	131	21.0
Lhushand wife feesiling		
Husband-wife families	505	100.0
With related children under 18 years	139	27.5
With own children under 18 years	128	25.3
Under 6 years only	24	4.8
Under 6 and 6 to 17 years	22	4.4
6 to 17 years only	82	16.2
Female householder, no husband present families	81	100.0
With related children under 18 years	48	59.3
With own children under 18 years	44	54.3

Subject	Number	Percent	
Under 6 years only	7	8.6	
Under 6 and 6 to 17 years	3	3.7	
6 to 17 years only	34	42.0	

X Not applicable.

- [1] A household that has at least one member of the household related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption is a "Family household." Same-sex couple households are included in the family households category if there is at least one additional person related to the householder by birth or adoption. Same-sex couple households with no relatives of the householder present are tabulated in nonfamily households. Responses of "same-sex spouse" were edited during processing to "unmarried partner."
- [2] "Nonfamily households" consist of people living alone and households which do not have any members related to the householder.
- [3] "Families" consist of a householder and one or more other people related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. They do not include same-sex married couples even if the marriage was performed in a state issuing marriage certificates for same-sex couples. Same-sex couples are included in the families category if there is at least one additional person related to the householder by birth or adoption. Responses of "same-sex spouse" were edited during processing to "unmarried partner." Same-sex couple households with no relatives of the householder present are tabulated in nonfamily households.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2010 Census.

Summary File 1, Tables P17, P18, P28, P29, P37, P38, and P39.



QT-P11

Households and Families: 2010

2010 Census Summary File 1

NOTE: For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see http://www.census.gov/prod/cen2010/doc/sf1.pdf.

Geography: Calaveras County, California

Subject	Number	Percent
HOUSEHOLD TYPE		
Total households	18,886	100.0
Family households [1]	13,039	69.0
Male householder	9,659	51.1
Female householder	3,380	17.9
Nonfamily households [2]	5,847	31.0
Male householder	2,946	15.6
Living alone	2,237	11.8
Female householder	2,901	15.4
Living alone	2,430	12.9
HOUSEHOLD SIZE		
Total households	18,886	100.0
1-person household	4,667	24.7
2-person household	8,219	43.5
3-person household	2,519	13.3
4-person household	1,968	10.4
5-person household	937	5.0
6-person household	350	1.9
7-or-more-person household	226	1.2
Average household size	2.39	(X)
Average family size	2.81	(X)
FAMILY TYPE AND PRESENCE OF RELATED AND OWN CHILDREN		
Families [3]	13,039	100.0
With related children under 18 years	4,663	35.8
With own children under 18 years	4,144	31.8
Under 6 years only	758	5.8
Under 6 and 6 to 17 years	684	5.2
6 to 17 years only	2,702	20.7
Husband-wife families	10,630	100.0
With related children under 18 years	3,211	30.2
With own children under 18 years	2,928	27.5
Under 6 years only	503	4.7
Under 6 and 6 to 17 years	544	5.1
6 to 17 years only	1,881	17.7
Female householder, no husband present families	1,617	100.0
With related children under 18 years	989	61.2
With own children under 18 years	815	50.4

Subject	Number	Percent
Under 6 years only	159	9.8
Under 6 and 6 to 17 years	96	5.9
6 to 17 years only	560	34.6

X Not applicable.

- [1] A household that has at least one member of the household related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption is a "Family household." Same-sex couple households are included in the family households category if there is at least one additional person related to the householder by birth or adoption. Same-sex couple households with no relatives of the householder present are tabulated in nonfamily households. Responses of "same-sex spouse" were edited during processing to "unmarried partner."
- [2] "Nonfamily households" consist of people living alone and households which do not have any members related to the householder.
- [3] "Families" consist of a householder and one or more other people related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. They do not include same-sex married couples even if the marriage was performed in a state issuing marriage certificates for same-sex couples. Same-sex couples are included in the families category if there is at least one additional person related to the householder by birth or adoption. Responses of "same-sex spouse" were edited during processing to "unmarried partner." Same-sex couple households with no relatives of the householder present are tabulated in nonfamily households.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2010 Census.

Summary File 1, Tables P17, P18, P28, P29, P37, P38, and P39.



DP04

SELECTED HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

2012-2016 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

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Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

A processing error was found in the Year Structure Built estimates since data year 2008. For more information, please see the errata note #110.

Subject		Murphys CDP, California					
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of Error			
HOUSING OCCUPANCY							
Total housing units	1,319	+/-116	1,319	(X)			
Occupied housing units	1,061	+/-133	80.4%	+/-8.2			
Vacant housing units	258	+/-112	19.6%	+/-8.2			
Homeowner vacancy rate	0.0	+/-3.8	(X)	(X)			
Rental vacancy rate	0.0	+/-11.2	(X)	(X)			
UNITS IN STRUCTURE							
Total housing units	1,319	+/-116	1,319	(X)			
1-unit, detached	936	+/-118	71.0%	+/-6.1			
1-unit, attached	59	+/-20	4.5%	+/-1.4			
2 units	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-2.4			
3 or 4 units	31	+/-19	2.4%	+/-1.5			
5 to 9 units	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-2.4			
10 to 19 units	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-2.4			
20 or more units	45	+/-47	3.4%	+/-3.6			
Mobile home	248	+/-76	18.8%	+/-5.4			
Boat, RV, van, etc.	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-2.4			
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT							
Total housing units	1,319	+/-116	1,319	(X)			
Built 2014 or later	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-2.4			
Built 2010 to 2013	7	+/-11	0.5%	+/-0.8			
Built 2000 to 2009	207	+/-65	15.7%	+/-4.7			
Built 1990 to 1999	209	+/-74	15.8%	+/-5.4			
Built 1980 to 1989	339	+/-90	25.7%	+/-6.5			
Built 1970 to 1979	205	+/-79	15.5%	+/-5.9			
Built 1960 to 1969	97	+/-66	7.4%	+/-5.0			

Subject		Murphys CDP,				
·	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of		
Built 1950 to 1959	85	+/-51	6.4%	Error +/-3.8		
Built 1940 to 1949	40	+/-38	3.0%	+/-2.8		
Built 1939 or earlier	130	+/-77	9.9%	+/-5.7		
ROOMS						
Total housing units	1,319	+/-116	1,319	(X)		
1 room	27	+/-43	2.0%	+/-3.2		
2 rooms	23	+/-27	1.7%	+/-2.0		
3 rooms	187	+/-73	14.2%	+/-5.6		
4 rooms	275	+/-100	20.8%	+/-6.9		
5 rooms	242	+/-83	18.3%	+/-6.2		
6 rooms	368	+/-95	27.9%	+/-7.3		
7 rooms	103	+/-73	7.8%	+/-5.4		
8 rooms	55	+/-44	4.2%	+/-3.3		
9 rooms or more	39	+/-41	3.0%	+/-3.1		
Median rooms	5.1	+/-0.4	(X)	(X)		
BEDROOMS						
Total housing units	1,319	+/-116	1,319	(X)		
No bedroom	27	+/-43	2.0%	+/-3.2		
1 bedroom	120	+/-49	9.1%	+/-3.7		
2 bedrooms	515	+/-107	39.0%	+/-7.2		
3 bedrooms	553	+/-96	41.9%	+/-6.8		
4 bedrooms	104	+/-75	7.9%	+/-5.5		
5 or more bedrooms	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-2.4		
HOUSING TENURE						
Occupied housing units	1,061	+/-133	1,061	(X)		
Owner-occupied	789	+/-128	74.4%	+/-8.2		
Renter-occupied	272	+/-97	25.6%	+/-8.2		
Average household size of owner-occupied unit	1.83	+/-0.18	(X)	(X)		
Average household size of renter-occupied unit	2.38	+/-0.47	(X)	(X)		
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT						
Occupied housing units	1,061	+/-133	1,061	(X)		
Moved in 2015 or later	39	+/-42	3.7%	+/-4.0		
Moved in 2010 to 2014	274	+/-95	25.8%	+/-4.0		
Moved in 2000 to 2009	403	+/-112	38.0%	+/-9.0		
Moved in 1990 to 1999	192	+/-80	18.1%	+/-7.2		
Moved in 1980 to 1989	97	+/-51	9.1%	+/-4.8		
Moved in 1979 and earlier	56	+/-56	5.3%	+/-5.2		
VEHICLES AVAILABLE						
Occupied housing units	1,061	+/-133	1,061	(X)		
No vehicles available	69	+/-39	6.5%	+/-3.7		
1 vehicle available	405	+/-99	38.2%	+/-8.9		
2 vehicles available	429	+/-114	40.4%	+/-8.6		
3 or more vehicles available	158	+/-71	14.9%	+/-6.3		
HOUSE HEATING FUEL						
Occupied housing units	1,061	+/-133	1,061	(X)		
Utility gas	161	+/-61	15.2%	+/-5.6		
Bottled, tank, or LP gas	532	+/-136	50.1%	+/-10.6		
Electricity	221	+/-96	20.8%	+/-8.4		
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-3.0		
Coal or coke	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-3.0		
Wood	90	+/-59	8.5%	+/-5.5		
Solar energy	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-3.0		

Subject	Murphys CDP, California					
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of Error		
Other fuel	57	+/-34	5.4%	+/-3.2		
No fuel used	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-3.0		
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS						
Occupied housing units	1,061	+/-133	1,061	(X)		
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-3.0		
Lacking complete kitchen facilities	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-3.0		
No telephone service available	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-3.0		
OCCUPANTS PER ROOM						
Occupied housing units	1,061	+/-133	1.061	(V)		
1.00 or less	1,061	+/-133	1,061	(X) +/-3.0		
1.01 to 1.50	0	+/-133	0.0%	+/-3.0		
1.51 or more	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-3.0		
	<u> </u>	· · · · ·	0.070	1,7 0.10		
VALUE						
Owner-occupied units	789	+/-128	789	(X)		
Less than \$50,000	113	+/-63	14.3%	+/-7.5		
\$50,000 to \$99,999	54	+/-45	6.8%	+/-5.7		
\$100,000 to \$149,999	15	+/-18	1.9%	+/-2.2		
\$150,000 to \$199,999	46	+/-52	5.8%	+/-6.4		
\$200,000 to \$299,999	224	+/-88	28.4%	+/-11.1		
\$300,000 to \$499,999	191	+/-71	24.2%	+/-8.9		
\$500,000 to \$999,999	146	+/-87	18.5%	+/-9.9		
\$1,000,000 or more	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-4.0		
Median (dollars)	277,200	+/-35,386	(X)	(X)		
MORTGAGE STATUS						
Owner-occupied units	789	+/-128	789	(X)		
Housing units with a mortgage	434	+/-117	55.0%	+/-11.1		
Housing units without a mortgage	355	+/-100	45.0%	+/-11.1		
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS (SMOC)						
Housing units with a mortgage	434	+/-117	434	(X)		
Less than \$500	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-7.2		
\$500 to \$999	47	+/-35	10.8%	+/-7.9		
\$1,000 to \$1,499	125	+/-67	28.8%	+/-14.4		
\$1,500 to \$1,999	80	+/-60	18.4%	+/-11.9		
\$2,000 to \$2,499	35	+/-26	8.1%	+/-5.8		
\$2,500 to \$2,999	80	+/-62	18.4%	+/-13.3		
\$3,000 or more	67	+/-51	15.4%	+/-11.0		
Median (dollars)	1,716	+/-461	(X)	(X)		
Llouring units without a market						
Housing units without a mortgage	355	+/-100	355	(X)		
Less than \$250	54	+/-50	15.2%	+/-12.1		
\$250 to \$399	37	+/-24	10.4%	+/-7.8		
\$400 to \$599	112	+/-53	31.5%	+/-13.8		
\$600 to \$799	127	+/-78	35.8%	+/-18.0		
\$800 to \$999	25	+/-29	7.0%	+/-8.5		
\$1,000 or more	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-8.7		
Median (dollars)	552	+/-101	(X)	(X)		
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A						
PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME (SMOCAPI) Housing units with a mortgage (excluding units where	434	+/-117	434	(X)		
SMOCAPI cannot be computed) Less than 20.0 percent	0:	/ 00	04.70			
-	94	+/-60	21.7%	+/-11.6		
20.0 to 24.9 percent 25.0 to 29.9 percent	83	+/-62	19.1%	+/-13.2		
בט.ט נט בש.ש מבוטפוונ	28	+/-22	6.5%	+/-5.4		

Subject	Murphys CDP, California					
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of Error		
35.0 percent or more	163	+/-73	37.6%	+/-14.0		
Not computed	0	+/-12	(X)	(X)		
			` ` `			
Housing unit without a mortgage (excluding units where SMOCAPI cannot be computed)	355	+/-100	355	(X)		
Less than 10.0 percent	116	+/-62	32.7%	+/-13.9		
10.0 to 14.9 percent	43	+/-41	12.1%	+/-10.9		
15.0 to 19.9 percent	8	+/-13	2.3%	+/-3.7		
20.0 to 24.9 percent	37	+/-26	10.4%	+/-7.7		
25.0 to 29.9 percent	48	+/-46	13.5%	+/-12.1		
30.0 to 34.9 percent	65	+/-53	18.3%	+/-14.7		
35.0 percent or more	38	+/-38	10.7%	+/-10.1		
Not computed	0	+/-12	(X)	(X)		
GROSS RENT						
Occupied units paying rent	272	+/-97	272	(X)		
Less than \$500	42	+/-24	15.4%	+/-9.1		
\$500 to \$999	40	+/-34	14.7%	+/-13.0		
\$1,000 to \$1,499	142	+/-80	52.2%	+/-13.0		
\$1,500 to \$1,999	27	+/-24	9.9%	+/-18.5		
\$2,000 to \$2,499	21	+/-34	7.7%	+/-11.8		
\$2,500 to \$2,999	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-11.2		
\$3,000 or more	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-11.2		
Median (dollars)						
inculair (dollars)	1,296	+/-110	(X)	(X)		
No rent paid	0	+/-12	(X)	(X)		
GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD						
INCOME (GRAPI)						
Occupied units paying rent (excluding units where GRAPI cannot be computed)	272	+/-97	272	(X)		
Less than 15.0 percent	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-11.2		
15.0 to 19.9 percent	20	+/-24	7.4%	+/-8.1		
20.0 to 24.9 percent	7	+/-11	2.6%	+/-4.3		
25.0 to 29.9 percent	53	+/-42	19.5%	+/-14.9		
30.0 to 34.9 percent	33	+/-26	12.1%	+/-10.2		
35.0 percent or more	159	+/-84	58.5%	+/-17.4		
Not computed	0	+/-12	(X)	(X)		

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Households not paying cash rent are excluded from the calculation of median gross rent.

Telephone service data are not available for certain geographic areas due to problems with data collection of this question that occurred in 2015 and 2016. Both ACS 1-year and ACS 5-year files were affected. It may take several years in the ACS 5-year files until the estimates are available for the geographic areas affected.

While the 2012-2016 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the February 2013 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census

2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2012-2016 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

Explanation of Symbols:

- 1. An '**' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
- 2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
 - 3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
 - 4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
- 5. An **** entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
 - 6. An '***** entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
- 7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
 - 8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.



S2403

INDUSTRY BY SEX FOR THE CIVILIAN EMPLOYED POPULATION 16 YEARS AND OVER

2012-2016 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Data and Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

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Subject	Murphys CDP, California					
	Total		Mal	Percent Male		
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	737	+/-221	280	+/-106	38.0%	
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining:	9	+/-13	9	+/-13	100.0%	
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	9	+/-13	9	+/-13	100.0%	
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction	0	+/-12	0	+/-12	-	
Construction	94	+/-77	72	+/-52	76.6%	
Manufacturing	53	+/-45	22	+/-25	41.5%	
Wholesale trade	0	+/-12	0	+/-12	-	
Retail trade	93	+/-83	40	+/-41	43.0%	
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities:	22	+/-20	7	+/-11	31.8%	
Transportation and warehousing	22	+/-20	7	+/-11	31.8%	
Utilities	0	+/-12	0	+/-12	-	
Information	8	+/-13	8	+/-13	100.0%	
Finance and insurance, and real estate and rental and leasing:	41	+/-43	23	+/-37	56.1%	
Finance and insurance	18	+/-22	0	+/-12	0.0%	
Real estate and rental and leasing	23	+/-37	23	+/-37	100.0%	
Professional, scientific, and management, and administrative and waste management services:	90	+/-63	50	+/-44	55.6%	
Professional, scientific, and technical services	31	+/-40	0	+/-12	0.0%	
Management of companies and enterprises	0	+/-12	0	+/-12	-	
Administrative and support and waste management services	59	+/-46	50	+/-44	84.7%	
Educational services, and health care and social assistance:	141	+/-76	10	+/-16	7.1%	
Educational services	24	+/-31	0	+/-12	0.0%	
Health care and social assistance	117	+/-71	10	+/-16	8.5%	
Arts, entertainment, and recreation, and accommodation and food services:	126	+/-69	14	+/-15	11.1%	
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	34	+/-29	0	+/-12	0.0%	
Accommodation and food services	92	+/-64	14	+/-15	15.2%	
Other services, except public administration	35	+/-27	16	+/-18	45.7%	
Public administration	25	+/-23	9	+/-13	36.0%	

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Subject	Murphys CDP, California				
	Percent Male		ercent Male Female		emale
	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	+/-7.9	457	+/-143	62.0%	+/-7.9
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining:	+/-98.9	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-98.9
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	+/-98.9	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-98.9
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction	**	0	+/-12	-	**
Construction	+/-25.3	22	+/-34	23.4%	+/-25.3
Manufacturing	+/-41.7	31	+/-36	58.5%	+/-41.7
Wholesale trade	**	0	+/-12	-	**
Retail trade	+/-15.4	53	+/-46	57.0%	+/-15.4
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities:	+/-42.9	15	+/-17	68.2%	+/-42.9
Transportation and warehousing	+/-42.9	15	+/-17	68.2%	+/-42.9
Utilities	**	0	+/-12	-	**
Information	+/-100.0	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-100.0
Finance and insurance, and real estate and rental and leasing:	+/-55.5	18	+/-22	43.9%	+/-55.5
Finance and insurance	+/-69.9	18	+/-22	100.0%	+/-69.9
Real estate and rental and leasing	+/-61.8	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-61.8
Professional, scientific, and management, and administrative and waste management services:	+/-34.7	40	+/-41	44.4%	+/-34.7
Professional, scientific, and technical services	+/-53.3	31	+/-40	100.0%	+/-53.3
Management of companies and enterprises	**	0	+/-12	-	**
Administrative and support and waste management services	+/-26.0	9	+/-14	15.3%	+/-26.0
Educational services, and health care and social assistance:	+/-11.0	131	+/-74	92.9%	+/-11.0
Educational services	+/-60.5	24	+/-31	100.0%	+/-60.5
Health care and social assistance	+/-13.9	107	+/-70	91.5%	+/-13.9
Arts, entertainment, and recreation, and accommodation and food services:	+/-12.0	112	+/-68	88.9%	+/-12.0
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	+/-50.9	34	+/-29	100.0%	+/-50.9
Accommodation and food services	+/-16.4	78	+/-63	84.8%	+/-16.4
Other services, except public administration	+/-40.2	19	+/-21	54.3%	+/-40.2
Public administration	+/-44.8	16	+/-18	64.0%	+/-44.8

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Industry codes are 4-digit codes and are based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). The Census industry codes for 2013 and later years are based on the 2012 revision of the NAICS. To allow for the creation of 2012-2016 tables, industry data in the multiyear files (2012-2016) were recoded to 2013 Census industry codes. We recommend using caution when comparing data coded using 2013 Census industry codes with data coded using Census industry codes prior to 2013. For more information on the Census industry code changes, please visit our website at https://www.census.gov/people/io/methodology/.

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Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2012-2016 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

Explanation of Symbols:

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- 2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

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- 3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
- 4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
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- 6. An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
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 - 8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.



DP03

SELECTED ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS

2012-2016 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

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Subject	Murphys CDP, California						
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of Error			
EMPLOYMENT STATUS							
Population 16 years and over	1,874	+/-332	1,874	(X)			
In labor force	819	+/-248	43.7%	+/-8.0			
Civilian labor force	819	+/-248	43.7%	+/-8.0			
Employed	737	+/-221	39.3%	+/-7.5			
Unemployed	82	+/-66	4.4%	+/-3.2			
Armed Forces	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-1.7			
Not in labor force	1,055	+/-185	56.3%	+/-8.0			
Civilian labor force	819	+/-248	819	(X)			
Unemployment Rate	(X)	(X)	10.0%	+/-7.0			
Females 16 years and over	1,094	+/-224	1,094	(X)			
In labor force	504	+/-168	46.1%	+/-8.8			
Civilian labor force	504	+/-168	46.1%	+/-8.8			
Employed	457	+/-143	41.8%	+/-8.0			
Own children of the householder under 6 years	65	+/-53	65	(X)			
All parents in family in labor force	51	+/-51	78.5%	+/-32.4			
Own children of the householder 6 to 17 years	266	+/-135	266	(X)			
All parents in family in labor force	217	+/-131	81.6%	+/-18.0			
COMMUTING TO WORK							
Workers 16 years and over	729	+/-218	729	(X)			
Car, truck, or van drove alone	552	+/-171	75.7%	+/-10.5			
Car, truck, or van carpooled	59	+/-56	8.1%	+/-6.5			
Public transportation (excluding taxicab)	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-4.4			
Walked	36	+/-31	4.9%	+/-4.1			
Other means	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-4.4			
Worked at home	82	+/-62	11.2%	+/-8.4			

Subject	Murphys CDP, California					
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin o Error		
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	24.8	+/-7.9	(X)	(X		
OCCUPATION Civilian amplexed population 16 years and over		/ 00 /				
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	737	+/-221	737	()		
Management, business, science, and arts occupations	307	+/-121	41.7%	+/-11.		
Service occupations	189	+/-86	25.6%	+/-10.		
Sales and office occupations	124	+/-81	16.8%	+/-9.		
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	62	+/-45	8.4%	+/-5.		
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	55	+/-57	7.5%	+/-6.		
NDUSTRY						
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	737	+/-221	737			
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	9	+/-13	1.2%	+/-1		
		+/-13	1.2 /0	T/-1		
Construction	94	+/-77	12.8%	+/-8		
Manufacturing	53	+/-45	7.2%	+/-6		
Wholesale trade	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-4		
Retail trade	93	+/-83	12.6%	+/-10		
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	22	+/-20	3.0%	+/-2		
Information	8	+/-13	1.1%	+/-1		
Finance and insurance, and real estate and rental	41	+/-43	5.6%	+/-5		
Professional, scientific, and management, and administrative and waste management services	90	+/-63	12.2%	+/-8		
Educational services, and health care and social assistance	141	+/-76	19.1%	+/-9		
Arts, entertainment, and recreation, and accommodation and food services	126	+/-69	17.1%	+/-7		
Other services, except public administration	35	+/-27	4.7%	+/-3		
Public administration	25	+/-23	3.4%	+/-3		
CLASS OF WORKER						
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	707	. / 224	707			
Private wage and salary workers	737	+/-221	737	()		
Government workers	452	+/-168	61.3%	+/-13		
Self-employed in own not incorporated business	49	+/-35	6.6%	+/-4		
vorkers	236	+/-120	32.0%	+/-13		
Unpaid family workers	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-4		
NCOME AND BENEFITS (IN 2016 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)						
Total households	1,061	+/-133	1,061	(2		
Less than \$10,000	56	+/-52	5.3%	+/-4		
\$10,000 to \$14,999	83	+/-40	7.8%	+/-3		
\$15,000 to \$24,999	152	+/-64	14.3%	+/-6		
\$25,000 to \$34,999	161	+/-82	15.2%	+/-7		
\$35,000 to \$49,999	144	+/-63	13.6%	+/-5		
\$50,000 to \$74,999	153	+/-66	14.4%	+/-6		
\$75,000 to \$99,999	70	+/-53	6.6%	+/-4		
\$100,000 to \$149,999	84	+/-54	7.9%	+/-5		
\$150,000 to \$199,999	62	+/-43	5.8%	+/-4		
\$200,000 or more	96	+/-58	9.0%	+/-5		
Median household income (dollars)	43,686	+/-10,050	(X)	(.		
Mean household income (dollars)	87,806	+/-21,683	(X)	(2		
With earnings	568	+/-138	53.5%	+/-9		
Mean earnings (dollars)	106,372	+/-39,822	(X)	()		
With Social Security	638	+/-104	60.1%	+/-9		
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	17,560	+/-1,926	(X)	(2		
With retirement income	368	+/-116	34.7%	+/-9		
Mean retirement income (dollars)	22,221	+/-7,522	(X)	()		

Subject	Murphys CDP, California					
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of Error		
With Supplemental Security Income	67	+/-46	6.3%	+/-4.2		
Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars)	9,616	+/-3,380	(X)	(X)		
With cash public assistance income	60	+/-56	5.7%	+/-5.2		
Mean cash public assistance income (dollars)	3,188	+/-1,754	(X)	(X)		
With Food Stamp/SNAP benefits in the past 12	117	+/-75	11.0%	+/-6.7		
months	117	+/-13	11.070	+7-0.7		
Families	592	+/-142	592	(X)		
Less than \$10,000	13	+/-21	2.2%	+/-3.5		
\$10,000 to \$14,999	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-5.3		
\$15,000 to \$24,999	31	+/-24	5.2%	+/-4.1		
\$25,000 to \$34,999	105	+/-68	17.7%	+/-10.4		
\$35,000 to \$49,999	76	+/-51	12.8%	+/-8.3		
\$50,000 to \$74,999	70	+/-53	11.8%	+/-8.3		
\$75,000 to \$99,999	62	+/-52	10.5%	+/-7.9		
\$100,000 to \$149,999	91	+/-55	15.4%	+/-9.1		
\$150,000 to \$199,999	48	+/-41	8.1%	+/-6.7		
\$200,000 or more	96	+/-58	16.2%	+/-8.9		
Median family income (dollars)	82,581	+/-33,686	(X)	(X)		
Mean family income (dollars)	132,140	+/-35,386				
mean ranning meetine (deniale)	132,140	+7-33,360	(X)	(X)		
Per capita income (dollars)	44,317	+/-10,470	(X)	(X)		
Nonfamily households	400	./.00	400	()()		
Median nonfamily income (dollars)	469	+/-99	469	(X)		
	23,355	+/-6,462	(X)	(X)		
Mean nonfamily income (dollars)	31,207	+/-5,367	(X)	(X)		
Median earnings for workers (dollars)	26,033	+/-11,844	(X)	(X)		
Median earnings for male full-time, year-round workers	52,470	+/-18,750	(X)	(X)		
(dollars) Median earnings for female full-time, year-round workers (dollars)	-	**	(X)	(X)		
HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE						
Civilian noninstitutionalized population	2,088	+/-379	2,088	(X)		
With health insurance coverage	1,977	+/-370	94.7%	+/-4.3		
With private health insurance	1,470	+/-286	70.4%	+/-6.8		
With public coverage	1,188	+/-241	56.9%	+/-8.8		
No health insurance coverage	111	+/-91	5.3%	+/-4.3		
Civilian noninstitutionalized population under 18	331	+/-147	331	(X)		
years No health insurance coverage	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-9.3		
3		1, 12	0.070	., 5.0		
Civilian noninstitutionalized population 18 to 64 years	964	+/-271	964	(X)		
In labor force:	675	+/-218	675	(X)		
Employed:	609	+/-201	609	(X)		
With health insurance coverage	519	+/-182	85.2%	+/-12.5		
With private health insurance	494	+/-175	81.1%	+/-12.5		
With public coverage	50	+/-32	8.2%	+/-5.2		
No health insurance coverage	90	+/-83	14.8%	+/-12.5		
Unemployed:	66	+/-64	66	(X)		
With health insurance coverage	61	+/-62	92.4%	+/-14.9		
With private health insurance	50	+/-55	75.8%	+/-27.0		
With public coverage	38	+/-50	57.6%	+/-38.4		
No health insurance coverage	5	+/-8	7.6%	+/-14.9		
Not in labor force:	289	+/-118	289	(X)		
With health insurance coverage	273	+/-115	94.5%	+/-8.2		
With private health insurance	127	+/-68	43.9%	+/-19.4		

Subject	Murphys CDP, California				
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of Error	
With public coverage	146	+/-92	50.5%	+/-20.4	
No health insurance coverage	16	+/-24	5.5%	+/-8.2	
PERCENTAGE OF FAMILIES AND PEOPLE WHOSE INCOME IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS IS BELOW THE POVERTY LEVEL					
All families	(X)	(X)	3.5%	+/-4.2	
With related children of the householder under 18 years	(X)	(X)	7.5%	+/-12.7	
With related children of the householder under 5 years only	(X)	(X)	0.0%	+/-61.8	
Married couple families	(X)	(X)	1.8%	+/-2.9	
With related children of the householder under 18 years	(X)	(X)	0.0%	+/-30.2	
With related children of the householder under 5 vears only	(X)	(X)	0.0%	+/-61.8	
Families with female householder, no husband present	(X)	(X)	10.3%	+/-16.7	
With related children of the householder under 18 years	(X)	(X)	16.3%	+/-25.5	
With related children of the householder under 5 years only	(X)	(X)	-	**	
All people	(X)	(X)	9.7%	+/-5.1	
Under 18 years	(X)	(X)	11.5%	+/-17.4	
Related children of the householder under 18 years	(X)	(X)	11.5%	+/-17.4	
Related children of the householder under 5 years	(X)	(X)	22.4%	+/-42.2	
Related children of the householder 5 to 17 years	(X)	(X)	9.2%	+/-14.1	
18 years and over	(X)	(X)	9.4%	+/-4.2	
18 to 64 years	(X)	(X)	9.0%	+/-5.2	
65 years and over	(X)	(X)	9.8%	+/-7.2	
People in families	(X)	(X)	4.4%	+/-5.4	
Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	(X)	(X)	24.5%	+/-11.5	

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Employment and unemployment estimates may vary from the official labor force data released by the Bureau of Labor Statistics because of differences in survey design and data collection. For guidance on differences in employment and unemployment estimates from different sources go to Labor Force Guidance.

Workers include members of the Armed Forces and civilians who were at work last week.

Occupation codes are 4-digit codes and are based on Standard Occupational Classification 2010.

Industry codes are 4-digit codes and are based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). The Census industry codes for 2013 and later years are based on the 2012 revision of the NAICS. To allow for the creation of 2012-2016 tables, industry data in the multiyear files (2012-2016) were recoded to 2013 Census industry codes. We recommend using caution when comparing data coded using 2013 Census industry codes with data coded using Census industry codes prior to 2013. For more information on the Census industry code changes, please visit our website at https://www.census.gov/people/io/methodology/.

Logical coverage edits applying a rules-based assignment of Medicaid, Medicare and military health coverage were added as of 2009 -- please see https://www.census.gov/library/working-papers/2010/demo/coverage_edits_final.html for more details. The 2008 data table in American FactFinder does not incorporate these edits. Therefore, the estimates that appear in these tables are not comparable to the estimates in the 2009 and later tables. Select geographies of 2008 data comparable to the 2009 and later tables are available at https://www.census.gov/data/tables/time-series/acs/1-year-re-run-health-insurance.html. The health insurance coverage category names were modified in 2010. See https://www.census.gov/topics/health/health-insurance/about/glossary.html#par_textimage_18 for a list of the insurance type definitions.

While the 2012-2016 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the February 2013 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2012-2016 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

Explanation of Symbols:

- 1. An '**' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
- 2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
 - 3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
 - 4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
- 5. An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
 - 6. An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
- 7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
 - 8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.



DP03

SELECTED ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS

2012-2016 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Data and Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Tell us what you think. Provide feedback to help make American Community Survey data more useful for you.

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Subject	Calaveras County, California				
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of Error	
EMPLOYMENT STATUS					
Population 16 years and over	37,841	+/-167	37,841	(X)	
In labor force	18,329	+/-739	48.4%	+/-2.0	
Civilian labor force	18,323	+/-739	48.4%	+/-2.0	
Employed	16,565	+/-713	43.8%	+/-1.9	
Unemployed	1,758	+/-321	4.6%	+/-0.8	
Armed Forces	6	+/-12	0.0%	+/-0.1	
Not in labor force	19,512	+/-767	51.6%	+/-2.0	
Civilian labor force	18,323	+/-739	18,323	(X)	
Unemployment Rate	(X)	(X)	9.6%	+/-1.7	
Females 16 years and over	19,161	+/-159	19,161	(X)	
In labor force	8,629	+/-538	45.0%	+/-2.8	
Civilian labor force	8,629	+/-538	45.0%	+/-2.8	
Employed	7,917	+/-500	41.3%	+/-2.6	
Own children of the householder under 6 years	2,180	+/-165	2,180	(X)	
All parents in family in labor force	1,087	+/-250	49.9%	+/-11.6	
Own children of the householder 6 to 17 years	5,249	+/-250	5,249	(X)	
All parents in family in labor force	3,685	+/-383	70.2%	+/-6.4	
COMMUTING TO WORK					
Workers 16 years and over	15,995	+/-729	15,995	(X)	
Car, truck, or van drove alone	12,473	+/-712	78.0%	+/-2.4	
Car, truck, or van carpooled	1,690	+/-343	10.6%	+/-2.1	
Public transportation (excluding taxicab)	135	+/-106	0.8%	+/-0.7	
Walked	310	+/-125	1.9%	+/-0.8	
Other means	150	+/-73	0.9%	+/-0.5	
Worked at home	1,237	+/-265	7.7%	+/-1.6	

Subject		Calaveras County,		
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of Error
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	34.9	+/-1.8	(X)	(X
OCCUPATION				
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	16,565	+/-713	16,565	(X
Management, business, science, and arts occupations	5,980	+/-648	36.1%	+/-3.
Service occupations	3,155	+/-392	19.0%	+/-2.
Sales and office occupations	3,607	+/-502	21.8%	+/-3.
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	1,936	+/-324	11.7%	+/-1.
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	1,887	+/-339	11.4%	+/-2.
NDUSTRY				
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	16,565	+/-713	16,565	(>
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	413	+/-169	2.5%	+/-1.
Construction	1,900	+/-349	11.5%	+/-2.
Manufacturing	1,393	+/-305	8.4%	+/-1
Wholesale trade	328	+/-136	2.0%	+/-0.
Retail trade	1,866	+/-358	11.3%	+/-2.
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	859	+/-205	5.2%	+/-1
Information	209	+/-109	1.3%	+/-0
Finance and insurance, and real estate and rental and leasing	674	+/-197	4.1%	+/-1
Professional, scientific, and management, and idministrative and waste management services	1,740	+/-340	10.5%	+/-1
Educational services, and health care and social ssistance	3,840	+/-437	23.2%	+/-2
Arts, entertainment, and recreation, and accommodation and food services	1,429	+/-281	8.6%	+/-1
Other services, except public administration	783	+/-196	4.7%	+/-1
Public administration	1,131	+/-247	6.8%	+/-1.
CLASS OF WORKER				
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	10 505	. / 712	16 565	()
Private wage and salary workers	16,565	+/-713 +/-628	16,565	()
Government workers	11,433 2.886	+/-626	69.0% 17.4%	+/-2
Self-employed in own not incorporated business	,	+/-411		+/-2
vorkers	2,154		13.0%	
Unpaid family workers	92	+/-72	0.6%	+/-0
NCOME AND BENEFITS (IN 2016 INFLATION-				
ADJUSTED DOLLARS) Total households	47.740	. / 400	17.710	
Less than \$10,000	17,713 863	+/-499 +/-197	17,713	+/-1
\$10,000 to \$14,999	1,010	+/-197	5.7%	+/-1
\$15,000 to \$24,999	2,075	+/-290	11.7%	+/-1
\$25,000 to \$34,999	2,075	+/-316	11.3%	+/-1
\$35,000 to \$49,999	2,405	+/-374	13.6%	+/-1
\$50,000 to \$74,999	2,766	+/-369	15.6%	+/-2
\$75,000 to \$99,999	2,087	+/-318	11.8%	+/-1
\$100,000 to \$149,999	2,768	+/-334	15.6%	+/-1
\$150,000 to \$199,999	955	+/-205	5.4%	+/-1
\$200,000 or more	778	+/-203	4.4%	+/-1
Median household income (dollars)	53,502	+/-3,912	(X)	T/-1
Mean household income (dollars)	75,402	+/-3,988	(X)	()
With earnings	10 505	1/544	EO 00/	+/-2
Mean earnings (dollars)	10,595	+/-544	59.8%	
With Social Security	79,310	+/-5,868	(X)	()
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	8,617	+/-337	48.6%	+/-2
With retirement income	19,155	+/-575	(X)	()
Mean retirement income (dollars)	5,460 30,966	+/-410 +/-3,114	30.8% (X)	+/-2

Subject	Calaveras County, California				
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin Error	
				2.101	
With Supplemental Security Income	1,307	+/-246	7.4%	+/-1	
Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars)	10,532	+/-1,476	(X)	(2	
With cash public assistance income	528	+/-159	3.0%	+/-0	
Mean cash public assistance income (dollars)	5,726	+/-1,273	(X)	()	
With Food Stamp/SNAP benefits in the past 12	1,651	+/-338	9.3%	+/-1	
nonths		.,			
Families	11,986	+/-511	11,986	(2	
Less than \$10,000	460	+/-173	3.8%	+/-1	
\$10,000 to \$14,999	287	+/-126	2.4%	+/-1	
\$15,000 to \$24,999	697	+/-174	5.8%	+/-1	
\$25,000 to \$34,999	1,273	+/-230	10.6%	+/-1	
\$35,000 to \$49,999	1,594	+/-310	13.3%	+/-2	
\$50,000 to \$74,999	1,939	+/-303	16.2%	+/-2	
\$75,000 to \$99,999	1,842	+/-316	15.4%	+/-2	
\$100,000 to \$149,999	2,336	+/-302	19.5%	+/-2	
\$150,000 to \$199,999					
\$200,000 to \$133,939	821	+/-197	6.8%	+/-1	
	737	+/-199	6.1%	+/-1	
Median family income (dollars)	70,878	+/-6,671	(X)	(
Mean family income (dollars)	90,379	+/-5,607	(X)		
Per capita income (dollars)	30,577	+/-1,558	(X)		
Nonfamily households	5,727	+/-518	5,727		
Median nonfamily income (dollars)	•				
Mean nonfamily income (dollars)	27,419	+/-3,631	(X)		
Mean Homaniny income (dollars)	41,766	+/-3,296	(X)		
Median earnings for workers (dollars)	32,999	+/-3,153	(X)		
Median earnings for male full-time, year-round workers ollars)	55,988	+/-5,226	(X)		
Median earnings for female full-time, year-round orkers (dollars)	44,529	+/-4,468	(X)		
EALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE					
Civilian noninstitutionalized population	44,402	+/-141	44,402		
With health insurance coverage	40,735	+/-587	91.7%	+/-	
With private health insurance	29,287	+/-1,118	66.0%	+/-:	
With public coverage	20,450	+/-1,039	46.1%	+/-:	
No health insurance coverage	3,667	+/-555	8.3%	+/-	
Civilian noninstitutionalized population under 18	7,956	+/-112	7,956		
ears No health insurance coverage	362	+/-212	4.6%	+/-:	
-					
Civilian noninstitutionalized population 18 to 64 years	25,279	+/-206	25,279		
In labor force:	16,646	+/-710	16,646		
Employed:	15,038	+/-661	15,038		
With health insurance coverage	13,300	+/-726	88.4%	+/-:	
With private health insurance	12,055	+/-741	80.2%	+/-:	
With public coverage	1,609	+/-343	10.7%	+/-	
No health insurance coverage	1,738	+/-370	11.6%	+/-	
Unemployed:	1,608	+/-294	1,608		
With health insurance coverage	1,024	+/-227	63.7%	+/-1	
With private health insurance	529	+/-146	32.9%	+/-	
With public coverage	549	+/-184	34.1%	+/-	
No health insurance coverage	584	+/-220	36.3%	+/-1	
Not in labor force:	8,633	+/-683	8,633		
With health insurance coverage	•			. / /	
That Hould Houldhoo obvorago	7,661	+/-600	88.7%	+/-:	

Subject	Calaveras County, California				
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of Error	
With public coverage	4,308	+/-594	49.9%	+/-4.5	
No health insurance coverage	972	+/-284	11.3%	+/-3.0	
PERCENTAGE OF FAMILIES AND PEOPLE WHOSE INCOME IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS IS BELOW THE POVERTY LEVEL					
All families	(X)	(X)	8.0%	+/-1.8	
With related children of the householder under 18 years	(X)	(X)	14.1%	+/-4.1	
With related children of the householder under 5 years only	(X)	(X)	3.5%	+/-4.0	
Married couple families	(X)	(X)	4.9%	+/-1.7	
With related children of the householder under 18 years	(X)	(X)	6.6%	+/-4.0	
With related children of the householder under 5 vears only	(X)	(X)	3.2%	+/-4.8	
Families with female householder, no husband present	(X)	(X)	19.3%	+/-5.9	
With related children of the householder under 18 years	(X)	(X)	25.0%	+/-8.2	
With related children of the householder under 5 years only	(X)	(X)	11.9%	+/-22.3	
All people	(X)	(X)	12.7%	+/-2.0	
Under 18 years	(X)	(X)	16.1%	+/-4.9	
Related children of the householder under 18 years	(X)	(X)	15.9%	+/-4.8	
Related children of the householder under 5 years	(X)	(X)	18.9%	+/-7.6	
Related children of the householder 5 to 17 years	(X)	(X)	15.0%	+/-4.7	
18 years and over	(X)	(X)	12.0%	+/-1.7	
18 to 64 years	(X)	(X)	15.1%	+/-2.4	
65 years and over	(X)	(X)	5.1%	+/-1.6	
People in families	(X)	(X)	9.0%	+/-2.2	
Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	(X)	(X)	28.6%	+/-3.6	

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

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Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2012-2016 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

Explanation of Symbols:

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DP03

SELECTED ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS

2012-2016 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

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Subject	California				
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of Error	
EMPLOYMENT STATUS				2.1.0.	
Population 16 years and over	30,565,746	+/-3,893	30,565,746	(X)	
In labor force	19,391,320	+/-20,568	63.4%	+/-0.1	
Civilian labor force	19,260,868	+/-20,577	63.0%	+/-0.1	
Employed	17,577,142	+/-19,377	57.5%	+/-0.1	
Unemployed	1,683,726	+/-11,744	5.5%	+/-0.1	
Armed Forces	130,452	+/-2,163	0.4%	+/-0.1	
Not in labor force	11,174,426	+/-20,900	36.6%	+/-0.1	
Civilian labor force	19,260,868	+/-20,577	19,260,868	(X)	
Unemployment Rate	(X)	(X)	8.7%	+/-0.1	
Females 16 years and over	15,494,178	+/-2,711	15,494,178	(X)	
In labor force	8,858,641	+/-13,174	57.2%	+/-0.1	
Civilian labor force	8,843,148	+/-13,146	57.1%	+/-0.1	
Employed	8,062,838	+/-12,186	52.0%	+/-0.1	
Own children of the householder under 6 years	2,894,630	+/-5,785	2,894,630	(X)	
All parents in family in labor force	1,766,378	+/-8,648	61.0%	+/-0.3	
Own children of the householder 6 to 17 years	5,826,524	+/-7,129	5,826,524	(X)	
All parents in family in labor force	3,834,485	+/-12,431	65.8%	+/-0.2	
COMMUTING TO WORK					
Workers 16 years and over	17,193,695	+/-20,722	17,193,695	(X)	
Car, truck, or van drove alone	12,636,396	+/-17,021	73.5%	+/-0.1	
Car, truck, or van carpooled	1,825,507	+/-14,542	10.6%	+/-0.1	
Public transportation (excluding taxicab)	894,813	+/-7,719	5.2%	+/-0.1	
Walked	463,369	+/-4,796	2.7%	+/-0.1	
Other means	439,174	+/-4,940	2.6%	+/-0.1	
Worked at home	934,436	+/-7,798	5.4%	+/-0.1	

Mean travel time to work (minutes) CCCUPATION Civilian employed population 16 years and over Management, business, science, and arts occupations Service occupations Sales and office occupations Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations Production, transportation, and material moving occupations NDUSTRY	28.4 17,577,142 6,618,546 3,292,699 4,117,361 1,600,708 1,947,828	#/-0.1 +/-19,377 +/-25,905 +/-16,912 +/-12,071 +/-10,824 +/-10,711	Percent (X) 17,577,142 37.7% 18.7% 23.4% 9.1%	Percent Margin of Error () () () +/-0.
CCUPATION Civilian employed population 16 years and over Management, business, science, and arts occupations Service occupations Sales and office occupations Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	17,577,142 6,618,546 3,292,699 4,117,361 1,600,708	+/-19,377 +/-25,905 +/-16,912 +/-12,071 +/-10,824	17,577,142 37.7% 18.7% 23.4%	() () +/-0.
Civilian employed population 16 years and over Management, business, science, and arts ccupations Service occupations Sales and office occupations Natural resources, construction, and maintenance ccupations Production, transportation, and material moving ccupations	6,618,546 3,292,699 4,117,361 1,600,708	+/-25,905 +/-16,912 +/-12,071 +/-10,824	37.7% 18.7% 23.4%	+/-0.
Civilian employed population 16 years and over Management, business, science, and arts accupations Service occupations Sales and office occupations Natural resources, construction, and maintenance accupations Production, transportation, and material moving accupations	6,618,546 3,292,699 4,117,361 1,600,708	+/-25,905 +/-16,912 +/-12,071 +/-10,824	37.7% 18.7% 23.4%	+/-0.
Management, business, science, and arts accupations Service occupations Sales and office occupations Natural resources, construction, and maintenance accupations Production, transportation, and material moving accupations	6,618,546 3,292,699 4,117,361 1,600,708	+/-25,905 +/-16,912 +/-12,071 +/-10,824	37.7% 18.7% 23.4%	+/-0.
Service occupations Sales and office occupations Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	3,292,699 4,117,361 1,600,708	+/-16,912 +/-12,071 +/-10,824	18.7% 23.4%	
Service occupations Sales and office occupations Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	4,117,361 1,600,708	+/-12,071 +/-10,824	23.4%	
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	1,600,708	+/-10,824		+/-0
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations			9.1%	+/-0
Production, transportation, and material moving ccupations	1,947,828	+/-10,711		+/-0
			11.1%	+/-0
VDUSTRY				
150011(1				
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	17,577,142	+/-19,377	17,577,142	(
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	414,997	+/-5,991	2.4%	+/-(
Construction	1,055,791	+/-8,172	6.0%	+/-0
Manufacturing	1,697,080	+/-10,560	9.7%	+/-(
Wholesale trade	530,690	+/-5,706	3.0%	+/-(
Retail trade	1,927,782	+/-9,672	11.0%	+/-(
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	845,011	+/-5,770	4.8%	+/-(
Information	513,204	+/-5,699	2.9%	+/-(
Finance and insurance, and real estate and rental and leasing	1,089,085	+/-8,594	6.2%	+/-(
Professional, scientific, and management, and dministrative and waste management services	2,297,962	+/-9,001	13.1%	+/-
Educational services, and health care and social ssistance	3,674,888	+/-15,684	20.9%	+/-
Arts, entertainment, and recreation, and ccommodation and food services	1,817,155	+/-10,745	10.3%	+/-
Other services, except public administration	938,247	+/-7,573	5.3%	+/-
Public administration	775,250	+/-6,606	4.4%	+/-(
CLASS OF WORKER				
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	47 577 440	. / 40 277	47 577 440	
Private wage and salary workers	17,577,142	+/-19,377	17,577,142	- 1
Government workers	13,707,752	+/-16,424	78.0%	+/-(
Self-employed in own not incorporated business	2,390,893	+/-16,702	13.6%	+/-(
vorkers	1,448,125	+/-7,845	8.2%	+/-(
Unpaid family workers	30,372	+/-1,186	0.2%	+/-(
NCOME AND BENEFITS (IN 2016 INFLATION-				
ADJUSTED DOLLARS)		/ / 2 2 2 2		
Total households	12,807,387	+/-18,852	12,807,387	
Less than \$10,000	728,895	+/-6,027	5.7%	+/-(
\$10,000 to \$14,999	629,347	+/-5,042	4.9%	+/-(
\$15,000 to \$24,999	1,165,049	+/-6,714	9.1%	+/-(
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	1,111,844	+/-5,717	8.7%	+/-(
\$50,000 to \$74,999	1,507,937	+/-7,780	11.8%	+/-
\$75,000 to \$99,999	2,115,762	+/-10,548	16.5%	+/-
\$100,000 to \$149,999	1,552,490	+/-9,308	12.1%	+/-
\$150,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 to \$199,999	1,950,658	+/-12,093	15.2%	+/-(
\$200,000 to \$199,999 \$200,000 or more	935,208	+/-7,199	7.3%	+/-
Median household income (dollars)	1,110,197	+/-7,999	8.7%	+/-
Mean household income (dollars)	63,783 91,149	+/-188 +/-244	(X) (X)	
With a prince				
With earnings	10,300,159	+/-19,407	80.4%	+/-
Mean earnings (dollars)	91,564	+/-232	(X)	(
With Social Security	3,423,062	+/-11,032	26.7%	+/-(
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	17,741	+/-38	(X)	
With retirement income Mean retirement income (dollars)	2,040,930	+/-12,597 +/-160	15.9% (X)	+/-(

Subject	California					
·	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of Error		
With Supplemental Security Income	799,792	+/-5,350	6.2%	+/-0.1		
Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars)	9,861	+/-41	(X)	(X)		
With cash public assistance income	480,799	+/-4,332	3.8%	+/-0.1		
Mean cash public assistance income (dollars)	4,727	+/-45	(X)	(X)		
With Food Stamp/SNAP benefits in the past 12 months	1,205,984	+/-7,415	9.4%	+/-0.1		
Families	8,800,019	+/-24,923	8,800,019	(X)		
Less than \$10,000	371,691	+/-4,144	4.2%	+/-0.1		
\$10,000 to \$14,999	269,720	+/-3,775	3.1%	+/-0.1		
\$15,000 to \$24,999	685,798	+/-5,919	7.8%	+/-0.1		
\$25,000 to \$34,999	711,766	+/-4,905	8.1%	+/-0.1		
\$35,000 to \$49,999	1,016,133	+/-7,011	11.5%	+/-0.1		
\$50,000 to \$74,999	1,450,515	+/-8,651	16.5%	+/-0.1		
\$75,000 to \$99,999	1,124,895	+/-7,805	12.8%	+/-0.1		
\$100,000 to \$149,999	1,498,659	+/-11,752	17.0%	+/-0.1		
\$150,000 to \$199,999	755,288	+/-7,333	8.6%	+/-0.1		
\$200,000 or more	915,554	+/-7,971	10.4%	+/-0.1		
Median family income (dollars)	72,952	+/-283	(X)	(X)		
Mean family income (dollars)	101,373	+/-330	(X)	(X)		
Per capita income (dollars)	31,458	+/-99	(X)	(X)		
Nonfamily households	4,007,368	+/-10,748	4,007,368	(X)		
Median nonfamily income (dollars)	41,858	+/-154	(X)	(X)		
Mean nonfamily income (dollars)	63,209	+/-243	(X)	(X)		
Median earnings for workers (dollars)	04.700	. / 54	()()	()()		
Median earnings for male full-time, year-round workers	31,736	+/-54	(X)	(X)		
(dollars) Median earnings for female full-time, year-round	51,272	+/-121	(X)	(X)		
workers (dollars)	44,192	+/-257	(X)	(X)		
HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE						
Civilian noninstitutionalized population	38,151,997	+/-2,141	38,151,997	(X)		
With health insurance coverage	33,347,804	+/-33,460	87.4%	+/-0.1		
With private health insurance	23,584,092	+/-72,422	61.8%	+/-0.2		
With public coverage	13,098,930	+/-35,490	34.3%	+/-0.1		
No health insurance coverage	4,804,193	+/-34,093	12.6%	+/-0.1		
Civilian noninstitutionalized population under 18	9,124,984	+/-668	9,124,984	(X)		
No health insurance coverage	494,165	+/-8,186	5.4%	+/-0.1		
Civilian noninstitutionalized population 18 to 64 years	24,146,091	+/-2,532	24,146,091	(X)		
In labor force:	18,257,605	+/-18,683	18,257,605	(X)		
Employed:	16,672,233	+/-17,605	16,672,233	(X)		
With health insurance coverage	14,056,704	+/-29,553	84.3%	+/-0.1		
With private health insurance	12,491,665	+/-32,990	74.9%	+/-0.2		
With public coverage	1,889,124	+/-10,094	11.3%	+/-0.1		
No health insurance coverage	2,615,529	+/-21,946	15.7%	+/-0.1		
Unemployed:	1,585,372	+/-11,565	1,585,372	(X)		
With health insurance coverage	1,051,535	+/-8,814	66.3%	+/-0.3		
With private health insurance	592,641	+/-6,986	37.4%	+/-0.4		
With public coverage	496,210	+/-5,952	31.3%	+/-0.3		
No health insurance coverage	533,837	+/-6,420	33.7%	+/-0.3		
Not in labor force:	5,888,486	+/-18,400	5,888,486	(X)		
With health insurance coverage	4,798,050	+/-14,601	81.5%	+/-0.2		
With private health insurance	2,886,140	+/-14,876	49.0%	+/-0.3		

Subject	California				
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of Error	
With public coverage	2,196,078	+/-13,772	37.3%	+/-0.2	
No health insurance coverage	1,090,436	+/-10,704	18.5%	+/-0.2	
PERCENTAGE OF FAMILIES AND PEOPLE WHOSE INCOME IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS IS BELOW THE POVERTY LEVEL					
All families	(X)	(X)	11.8%	+/-0.1	
With related children of the householder under 18 years	(X)	(X)	17.7%	+/-0.2	
With related children of the householder under 5 years only	(X)	(X)	14.6%	+/-0.3	
Married couple families	(X)	(X)	7.0%	+/-0.1	
With related children of the householder under 18 years	(X)	(X)	10.2%	+/-0.1	
With related children of the householder under 5 vears only	(X)	(X)	6.5%	+/-0.2	
Families with female householder, no husband present	(X)	(X)	27.3%	+/-0.2	
With related children of the householder under 18 years	(X)	(X)	37.5%	+/-0.3	
With related children of the householder under 5 years only	(X)	(X)	39.3%	+/-0.9	
All people	(X)	(X)	15.8%	+/-0.1	
Under 18 years	(X)	(X)	21.9%	+/-0.2	
Related children of the householder under 18 years	(X)	(X)	21.6%	+/-0.2	
Related children of the householder under 5 years	(X)	(X)	22.9%	+/-0.3	
Related children of the householder 5 to 17 years	(X)	(X)	21.1%	+/-0.2	
18 years and over	(X)	(X)	13.9%	+/-0.1	
18 to 64 years	(X)	(X)	14.7%	+/-0.1	
65 years and over	(X)	(X)	10.3%	+/-0.1	
People in families	(X)	(X)	13.2%	+/-0.1	
Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	(X)	(X)	27.8%	+/-0.1	

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Employment and unemployment estimates may vary from the official labor force data released by the Bureau of Labor Statistics because of differences in survey design and data collection. For guidance on differences in employment and unemployment estimates from different sources go to Labor Force Guidance.

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DP03

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Subject	Murphys CDP, California				
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of Error	
EMPLOYMENT STATUS					
Population 16 years and over	1,874	+/-332	1,874	(X)	
In labor force	819	+/-248	43.7%	+/-8.0	
Civilian labor force	819	+/-248	43.7%	+/-8.0	
Employed	737	+/-221	39.3%	+/-7.5	
Unemployed	82	+/-66	4.4%	+/-3.2	
Armed Forces	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-1.7	
Not in labor force	1,055	+/-185	56.3%	+/-8.0	
Civilian labor force	819	+/-248	819	(X)	
Unemployment Rate	(X)	(X)	10.0%	+/-7.0	
Females 16 years and over	1,094	+/-224	1,094	(X)	
In labor force	504	+/-168	46.1%	+/-8.8	
Civilian labor force	504	+/-168	46.1%	+/-8.8	
Employed	457	+/-143	41.8%	+/-8.0	
Own children of the householder under 6 years	65	+/-53	65	(X)	
All parents in family in labor force	51	+/-51	78.5%	+/-32.4	
Own children of the householder 6 to 17 years	266	+/-135	266	(X)	
All parents in family in labor force	217	+/-131	81.6%	+/-18.0	
COMMUTING TO WORK					
Workers 16 years and over	729	+/-218	729	(X)	
Car, truck, or van drove alone	552	+/-171	75.7%	+/-10.5	
Car, truck, or van carpooled	59	+/-56	8.1%	+/-6.5	
Public transportation (excluding taxicab)	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-4.4	
Walked	36	+/-31	4.9%	+/-4.1	
Other means	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-4.4	
Worked at home	82	+/-62	11.2%	+/-8.4	

Subject		Murphys CDP,	California	
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	24.8	+/-7.9	(X)	Error ()
·		.,	(-1	(
OCCUPATION				
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	737	+/-221	737	()
Management, business, science, and arts occupations	307	+/-121	41.7%	+/-11
Service occupations	189	+/-86	25.6%	+/-10
Sales and office occupations	124	+/-81	16.8%	+/-9
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	62	+/-45	8.4%	+/-5
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	55	+/-57	7.5%	+/-6
UDUOTDV				
NDUSTRY				
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	737	+/-221	737	(
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	9	+/-13	1.2%	+/-1
Construction	94	+/-77	12.8%	+/-8
Manufacturing	53	+/-45	7.2%	+/-6
Wholesale trade	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-4
Retail trade	93	+/-83	12.6%	+/-10
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	22	+/-20	3.0%	+/-2
Information	8	+/-13	1.1%	+/-1
Finance and insurance, and real estate and rental and leasing	41	+/-43	5.6%	+/-5
Professional, scientific, and management, and dministrative and waste management services	90	+/-63	12.2%	+/-8
Educational services, and health care and social ssistance	141	+/-76	19.1%	+/-9
Arts, entertainment, and recreation, and ccommodation and food services	126	+/-69	17.1%	+/-
Other services, except public administration	35	+/-27	4.7%	+/-:
Public administration	25	+/-23	3.4%	+/-:
CLASS OF WORKER				
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	737	+/-221	737	
Private wage and salary workers	452	+/-168	61.3%	+/-13
Government workers	49	+/-35	6.6%	+/-13
Self-employed in own not incorporated business	236	+/-120	32.0%	+/-13
vorkers Unpaid family workers				
Oripaid fairilly workers	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-4
NCOME AND BENEFITS (IN 2016 INFLATION-				
NDJUSTED DOLLARS) Total households	1,061	+/-133	1,061	
Less than \$10,000	56	+/-133	5.3%	+/-4
\$10,000 to \$14,999	83	+/-40	7.8%	+/
\$15,000 to \$24,999	152	+/-64	14.3%	+/-6
\$25,000 to \$34,999	161	+/-82	15.2%	+/-7
\$35,000 to \$49,999	144	+/-63	13.6%	+/-5
\$50,000 to \$74,999	153	+/-66	14.4%	+/-6
\$75,000 to \$99,999	70	+/-53	6.6%	+/
\$100,000 to \$149,999	84	+/-54	7.9%	+/-5
\$150,000 to \$199,999	62	+/-43	5.8%	+/-4
\$200,000 or more	96	+/-58	9.0%	+/-5
Median household income (dollars)	43,686	+/-10,050	(X)	17
Mean household income (dollars)	87,806	+/-21,683	(X)	
With earnings	568	+/-138	53.5%	+/-9
Mean earnings (dollars)	106,372	+/-39,822	(X)	
With Social Security	638	+/-39,822	60.1%	+/-9
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	17,560	+/-1,926	60.1% (X)	
With retirement income	368	+/-1,926	34.7%	+/-9
Mean retirement income (dollars)	22,221	+/-7,522	(X)	+/-8

Subject	Murphys CDP, California					
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of Error		
With Supplemental Security Income	67	+/-46	6.3%	+/-4.2		
Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars)	9,616	+/-3,380	(X)	(X)		
With cash public assistance income	60	+/-56	5.7%	+/-5.2		
Mean cash public assistance income (dollars)	3,188	+/-1,754	(X)	(X)		
With Food Stamp/SNAP benefits in the past 12	117	+/-75	11.0%	+/-6.7		
months	117	+/-13	11.070	+/-0.7		
Families	592	+/-142	592	(X)		
Less than \$10,000	13	+/-21	2.2%	+/-3.5		
\$10,000 to \$14,999	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-5.3		
\$15,000 to \$24,999	31	+/-24	5.2%	+/-4.1		
\$25,000 to \$34,999	105	+/-68	17.7%	+/-10.4		
\$35,000 to \$49,999	76	+/-51	12.8%	+/-8.3		
\$50,000 to \$74,999	70	+/-53	11.8%	+/-8.3		
\$75,000 to \$99,999	62	+/-52	10.5%	+/-7.9		
\$100,000 to \$149,999	91	+/-55	15.4%	+/-9.1		
\$150,000 to \$199,999	48	+/-41	8.1%	+/-6.7		
\$200,000 or more	96	+/-58	16.2%	+/-8.9		
Median family income (dollars)	82,581	+/-33,686	(X)	+/-8.9 (X)		
Mean family income (dollars)	<u> </u>					
wear ranny meetic (denais)	132,140	+/-35,386	(X)	(X)		
Per capita income (dollars)	44,317	+/-10,470	(X)	(X)		
Nonfamily households	469	+/-99	469	(X)		
Median nonfamily income (dollars)	23,355	+/-6,462	(X)	(X)		
Mean nonfamily income (dollars)	31,207	+/-5,367	(X)	(X)		
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	01,207	17 0,007	(71)	(//)		
Median earnings for workers (dollars)	26,033	+/-11,844	(X)	(X)		
Median earnings for male full-time, year-round workers	52,470	+/-18,750	(X)	(X)		
(dollars) Median earnings for female full-time, year-round	32,470	**	(X)	(X)		
workers (dollars)			(71)	(71)		
HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE						
Civilian noninstitutionalized population	2,088	+/-379	2,088	(X)		
With health insurance coverage	1,977	+/-370	94.7%	+/-4.3		
With private health insurance	1,470	+/-286	70.4%	+/-6.8		
With public coverage	1,188	+/-241	56.9%	+/-8.8		
No health insurance coverage	111	+/-91	5.3%	+/-4.3		
Civilian noninstitutionalized population under 18	331	+/-147	331	(X)		
years No health insurance coverage		./40	0.00/			
No reality insurance coverage	0	+/-12	0.0%	+/-9.3		
Civilian noninstitutionalized population 18 to 64 years	964	+/-271	964	(X)		
In labor force:	675	+/-218	675	(X)		
Employed:	609	+/-201	609	(X)		
With health insurance coverage	519	+/-182	85.2%	+/-12.5		
With private health insurance	494	+/-175	81.1%	+/-12.5		
With public coverage	50	+/-32	8.2%	+/-5.2		
No health insurance coverage	90	+/-83	14.8%	+/-12.5		
Unemployed:	66	+/-64	66	(X)		
With health insurance coverage	61	+/-62	92.4%	+/-14.9		
With private health insurance	50	+/-55	75.8%	+/-27.0		
With public coverage	38	+/-50	57.6%	+/-38.4		
No health insurance coverage	5	+/-8	7.6%	+/-38.4		
Not in labor force:	289	+/-118	289	(X)		
With health insurance coverage	273	+/-115	94.5%	+/-8.2		
With private health insurance	127	+/-113	43.9%	+/-0.2		

Subject	Murphys CDP, California					
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of Error		
With public coverage	146	+/-92	50.5%	+/-20.4		
No health insurance coverage	16	+/-24	5.5%	+/-8.2		
PERCENTAGE OF FAMILIES AND PEOPLE WHOSE INCOME IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS IS BELOW THE POVERTY LEVEL						
All families	(X)	(X)	3.5%	+/-4.2		
With related children of the householder under 18 years	(X)	(X)	7.5%	+/-12.7		
With related children of the householder under 5 years only	(X)	(X)	0.0%	+/-61.8		
Married couple families	(X)	(X)	1.8%	+/-2.9		
With related children of the householder under 18 years	(X)	(X)	0.0%	+/-30.2		
With related children of the householder under 5 vears only	(X)	(X)	0.0%	+/-61.8		
Families with female householder, no husband present	(X)	(X)	10.3%	+/-16.7		
With related children of the householder under 18 vears	(X)	(X)	16.3%	+/-25.5		
With related children of the householder under 5 years only	(X)	(X)	-	**		
All people	(X)	(X)	9.7%	+/-5.1		
Under 18 years	(X)	(X)	11.5%	+/-17.4		
Related children of the householder under 18 years	(X)	(X)	11.5%	+/-17.4		
Related children of the householder under 5 years	(X)	(X)	22.4%	+/-42.2		
Related children of the householder 5 to 17 years	(X)	(X)	9.2%	+/-14.1		
18 years and over	(X)	(X)	9.4%	+/-4.2		
18 to 64 years	(X)	(X)	9.0%	+/-5.2		
65 years and over	(X)	(X)	9.8%	+/-7.2		
People in families	(X)	(X)	4.4%	+/-5.4		
Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	(X)	(X)	24.5%	+/-11.5		

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Employment and unemployment estimates may vary from the official labor force data released by the Bureau of Labor Statistics because of differences in survey design and data collection. For guidance on differences in employment and unemployment estimates from different sources go to Labor Force Guidance.

Workers include members of the Armed Forces and civilians who were at work last week.

Occupation codes are 4-digit codes and are based on Standard Occupational Classification 2010.

Industry codes are 4-digit codes and are based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). The Census industry codes for 2013 and later years are based on the 2012 revision of the NAICS. To allow for the creation of 2012-2016 tables, industry data in the multiyear files (2012-2016) were recoded to 2013 Census industry codes. We recommend using caution when comparing data coded using 2013 Census industry codes with data coded using Census industry codes prior to 2013. For more information on the Census industry code changes, please visit our website at https://www.census.gov/people/io/methodology/.

Logical coverage edits applying a rules-based assignment of Medicaid, Medicare and military health coverage were added as of 2009 -- please see https://www.census.gov/library/working-papers/2010/demo/coverage_edits_final.html for more details. The 2008 data table in American FactFinder does not incorporate these edits. Therefore, the estimates that appear in these tables are not comparable to the estimates in the 2009 and later tables. Select geographies of 2008 data comparable to the 2009 and later tables are available at https://www.census.gov/data/tables/time-series/acs/1-year-re-run-health-insurance.html. The health insurance coverage category names were modified in 2010. See https://www.census.gov/topics/health/health-insurance/about/glossary.html#par_textimage_18 for a list of the insurance type definitions.

While the 2012-2016 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the February 2013 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2012-2016 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

Explanation of Symbols:

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 - 8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.

Income Range	# of households (Murphys)	% of households (Murphys)	# of households (Calaveras Co.)	% of households (Calaveras Co.)	# of households (State of CA)	% of households (State of CA)
Less than \$10,000	56	5%	863	5%	371,691	4%
\$10,000 - \$14,999	83	8%	1,010	6%	269,720	3%
\$15,000 - \$24,999	152	14%	2,075	12%	685,798	8%
\$25,000 - \$34,999	161	15%	2,006	11%	711,766	8%
\$35,000 - \$49,999	144	14%	2,405	14%	1,016,133	12%
\$50,000 - \$74,999	153	14%	2,766	16%	1,450,515	16%
\$75,000 - \$99,999	70	7%	2,087	12%	1,124,895	13%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	84	8%	2,768	16%	1,498,659	17%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	62	6%	955	5%	755,288	9%
\$200,000 or greater	96	9%	778	4%	915,554	10%
Total Households	1,061		17,713		8,800,019	_
Per Capita Income	\$44,317		\$30,577		\$31,458	
% of households with incomes under \$35k		43%		34%		23%

Data is from 2012-2016 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates



S0801

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2012-2016 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

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Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Tell us what you think. Provide feedback to help make American Community Survey data more useful for you.

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Subject	Murphys CDP, California						
	Tota	al	Mal	Female			
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate		
Workers 16 years and over	729	+/-218	280	+/-106	449		
MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK							
Car, truck, or van	83.8%	+/-10.4	78.2%	+/-17.3	87.3%		
Drove alone	75.7%	+/-10.5	66.8%	+/-17.9	81.3%		
Carpooled	8.1%	+/-6.5	11.4%	+/-11.7	6.0%		
In 2-person carpool	8.1%	+/-6.5	11.4%	+/-11.7	6.0%		
In 3-person carpool	0.0%	+/-4.4	0.0%	+/-10.9	0.0%		
In 4-or-more person carpool	0.0%	+/-4.4	0.0%	+/-10.9	0.0%		
Workers per car, truck, or van	1.05	+/-0.04	1.07	+/-0.09	1.03		
Public transportation (excluding taxicab)	0.0%	+/-4.4	0.0%	+/-10.9	0.0%		
Walked	4.9%	+/-4.1	2.5%	+/-4.2	6.5%		
Bicycle	0.0%	+/-4.4	0.0%	+/-10.9	0.0%		
Taxicab, motorcycle, or other means	0.0%	+/-4.4	0.0%	+/-10.9	0.0%		
Worked at home	11.2%	+/-8.4	19.3%	+/-17.1	6.2%		
PLACE OF WORK							
Worked in state of residence	100.0%	+/-4.4	100.0%	+/-10.9	100.0%		
Worked in county of residence	78.2%	+/-9.3	91.8%	+/-8.9	69.7%		
Worked outside county of residence	21.8%	+/-9.3	8.2%	+/-8.9	30.3%		
Worked outside state of residence	0.0%	+/-4.4	0.0%	+/-10.9	0.0%		
Living in a place	100.0%	+/-4.4	100.0%	+/-10.9	100.0%		
Worked in place of residence	44.2%	+/-12.1	59.6%	+/-17.7	34.5%		
Worked outside place of residence	55.8%	+/-12.1	40.4%	+/-17.7	65.5%		
Not living in a place	0.0%	+/-4.4	0.0%	+/-10.9	0.0%		
Living in 12 selected states	0.0%	+/-4.4	0.0%	+/-10.9	0.0%		
Worked in minor civil division of residence	0.0%	+/-4.4	0.0%	+/-10.9	0.0%		
Worked outside minor civil division of residence	0.0%	+/-4.4	0.0%	+/-10.9	0.0%		
Not living in 12 selected states	100.0%	+/-4.4	100.0%	+/-10.9	100.0%		

Subject	Murphys CDP, California						
·	Tota	al	Mal	Female			
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate		
Workers 16 years and over who did not work at home	647	+/-209	226	+/-94	421		
TIME LEAVING HOME TO GO TO WORK							
12:00 a.m. to 4:59 a.m.	0.0%	+/-4.9	0.0%	+/-13.4	0.0%		
5:00 a.m. to 5:29 a.m.	0.0%	+/-4.9	0.0%	+/-13.4	0.0%		
5:30 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	1.4%	+/-2.2	4.0%	+/-6.0	0.0%		
6:00 a.m. to 6:29 a.m.	7.3%	+/-6.5	7.1%	+/-8.0	7.4%		
6:30 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	4.8%	+/-3.9	3.1%	+/-5.2	5.7%		
7:00 a.m. to 7:29 a.m.	20.6%	+/-12.7	19.0%	+/-16.6	21.4%		
7:30 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	12.7%	+/-7.1	22.6%	+/-14.2	7.4%		
8:00 a.m. to 8:29 a.m.	22.3%	+/-10.0	15.9%	+/-15.4	25.7%		
8:30 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	5.1%	+/-5.1	9.3%	+/-14.0	2.9%		
9:00 a.m. to 11:59 p.m.	26.0%	+/-9.3	19.0%	+/-11.9	29.7%		
TRAVEL TIME TO WORK							
Less than 10 minutes	35.5%	+/-12.7	41.6%	+/-19.8	32.3%		
10 to 14 minutes	15.0%	+/-8.1	36.3%	+/-21.0	3.6%		
15 to 19 minutes	5.7%	+/-5.2	8.0%	+/-9.1	4.5%		
20 to 24 minutes	8.7%	+/-8.1	0.0%	+/-13.4	13.3%		
25 to 29 minutes	4.9%	+/-6.3	0.0%	+/-13.4	7.6%		
30 to 34 minutes	4.3%	+/-3.9	0.0%	+/-13.4	6.7%		
35 to 44 minutes	7.9%	+/-5.5	3.1%	+/-4.9	10.5%		
45 to 59 minutes	9.4%	+/-7.9	4.0%	+/-6.0	12.4%		
60 or more minutes	8.5%	+/-6.4	7.1%	+/-7.6	9.3%		
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	24.8	+/-7.9	16.9	+/-8.7	29.0		
VEHICLES AVAILABLE							
Workers 16 years and over in households	729	+/-218	280	+/-106	449		
No vehicle available	0.0%	+/-4.4	0.0%	+/-10.9	0.0%		
1 vehicle available	17.3%	+/-8.4	14.3%	+/-13.5	19.2%		
2 vehicles available	46.8%	+/-14.2	38.6%	+/-17.8	51.9%		
3 or more vehicles available	35.9%	+/-15.0	47.1%	+/-19.8	29.0%		
PERCENT ALLOCATED							
Means of transportation to work	4.3%	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)		
Private vehicle occupancy	7.0%	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)		
Place of work	5.8%	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)		
Time leaving home to go to work	8.8%	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)		
Travel time to work	4.8%	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)		
Vehicles available	0.0%	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)		

Subject	Murphys CDP, California Female	
	Margin of Error	
Workers 16 years and over	+/-140	
MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK	/ / / / /	
Car, truck, or van Drove alone	+/-10.0	
Carpooled	+/-10.8	
In 2-person carpool	+/-6.4	
In 3-person carpool	+/-6.4	
In 4-or-more person carpool	+/-7.0	
Workers per car, truck, or van	+/-7.0	
Public transportation (excluding taxicab)	+/-7.0	
Walked	+/-6.2	
Bicycle	+/-7.0	
Taxicab, motorcycle, or other means	+/-7.0	
Worked at home	+/-7.8	
Tremes at heme	+/-1.0	
PLACE OF WORK		
Worked in state of residence	+/-7.0	
Worked in county of residence	+/-13.0	
Worked outside county of residence	+/-13.0	
Worked outside state of residence	+/-7.0	
	17-7.0	
Living in a place	+/-7.0	
Worked in place of residence	+/-14.9	
Worked outside place of residence	+/-14.9	
Not living in a place	+/-7.0	
3 2 2	17 7.0	
Living in 12 selected states	+/-7.0	
Worked in minor civil division of residence	+/-7.0	
Worked outside minor civil division of residence	+/-7.0	
Not living in 12 selected states	+/-7.0	
-		
Workers 16 years and over who did not work at home	+/-138	
TIME LEAVING HOME TO GO TO WORK		
12:00 a.m. to 4:59 a.m.	+/-7.4	
5:00 a.m. to 5:29 a.m.	+/-7.4	
5:30 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	+/-7.4	
6:00 a.m. to 6:29 a.m.	+/-9.0	
6:30 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	+/-5.2	
7:00 a.m. to 7:29 a.m.	+/-14.5	
7:30 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	+/-7.2	
8:00 a.m. to 8:29 a.m.	+/-14.0	
8:30 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	+/-3.7	
9:00 a.m. to 11:59 p.m.	+/-13.0	
TRAVEL TIME TO WORK		
Less than 10 minutes	+/-14.2	
10 to 14 minutes	+/-5.7	
15 to 19 minutes	+/-5.0	
20 to 24 minutes	+/-12.0	
25 to 29 minutes	+/-9.2	
30 to 34 minutes	+/-6.1	
35 to 44 minutes	+/-7.9	
45 to 59 minutes	+/-10.7	
60 or more minutes	+/-9.3	
Moon traval time to work (minutes)	+/-10.6	
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	.,	
inean travel time to work (minutes)		

Subject	Murphys CDP, California
	Female
	Margin of Error
Workers 16 years and over in households	+/-140
No vehicle available	+/-7.0
1 vehicle available	+/-9.0
2 vehicles available	+/-14.1
3 or more vehicles available	+/-13.6
PERCENT ALLOCATED	
Means of transportation to work	(X)
Private vehicle occupancy	(X)
Place of work	(X)
Time leaving home to go to work	(X)
Travel time to work	(X)
Vehicles available	(X)

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

The 12 selected states are Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin.

Workers include members of the Armed Forces and civilians who were at work last week.

When information is missing or inconsistent, the Census Bureau logically assigns an acceptable value using the response to a related question or questions. If a logical assignment is not possible, data are filled using a statistical process called allocation, which uses a similar individual or household to provide a donor value. The "Allocated" section is the number of respondents who received an allocated value for a particular subject.

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Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2012-2016 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

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2012-2016 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

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Subject	ject Calaveras County, California						
	Tota	al	Mal	Male			
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate		
Workers 16 years and over	15,995	+/-729	8,296	+/-475	7,699		
MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK							
Car, truck, or van	88.5%	+/-1.7	86.4%	+/-2.5	90.8%		
Drove alone	78.0%	+/-2.4	76.6%	+/-3.1	79.5%		
Carpooled	10.6%	+/-2.1	9.9%	+/-2.4	11.3%		
In 2-person carpool	8.9%	+/-2.0	8.2%	+/-2.4	9.6%		
In 3-person carpool	1.3%	+/-0.7	1.1%	+/-0.9	1.4%		
In 4-or-more person carpool	0.4%	+/-0.4	0.5%	+/-0.8	0.3%		
Workers per car, truck, or van	1.07	+/-0.01	1.06	+/-0.02	1.07		
Public transportation (excluding taxicab)	0.8%	+/-0.7	0.4%	+/-0.7	1.3%		
Walked	1.9%	+/-0.8	2.7%	+/-1.4	1.1%		
Bicycle	0.1%	+/-0.1	0.2%	+/-0.3	0.0%		
Taxicab, motorcycle, or other means	0.9%	+/-0.4	1.5%	+/-0.8	0.2%		
Worked at home	7.7%	+/-1.6	8.8%	+/-2.2	6.5%		
PLACE OF WORK							
Worked in state of residence	99.2%	+/-0.7	98.4%	+/-1.3	100.0%		
Worked in county of residence	55.7%	+/-3.7	53.4%	+/-4.1	58.2%		
Worked outside county of residence	43.4%	+/-3.8	45.0%	+/-4.4	41.8%		
Worked outside state of residence	0.8%	+/-0.7	1.6%	+/-1.3	0.0%		
Living in a place	74.3%	+/-3.6	74.7%	+/-4.0	73.9%		
Worked in place of residence	16.6%	+/-3.0	17.9%	+/-4.0	15.1%		
Worked outside place of residence	57.7%	+/-3.6	56.8%	+/-3.8	58.8%		
Not living in a place	25.7%	+/-3.6	25.3%	+/-4.0	26.1%		
Living in 12 selected states	0.0%	+/-0.2	0.0%	+/-0.4	0.0%		
Worked in minor civil division of residence	0.0%	+/-0.2	0.0%	+/-0.4	0.0%		
Worked outside minor civil division of residence	0.0%	+/-0.2	0.0%	+/-0.4	0.0%		
Not living in 12 selected states	100.0%	+/-0.2	100.0%	+/-0.4	100.0%		

Subject	Calaveras County, California							
	Tot	al	Mal	Female				
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate			
Workers 16 years and over who did not work at home	14,758	+/-706	7,563	+/-433	7,195			
TIME LEAVING HOME TO GO TO WORK								
12:00 a.m. to 4:59 a.m.	6.9%	+/-1.6	10.3%	+/-2.7	3.3%			
5:00 a.m. to 5:29 a.m.	4.9%	+/-1.5	6.8%	+/-2.4	2.9%			
5:30 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	5.2%	+/-1.5	7.5%	+/-2.6	2.9%			
6:00 a.m. to 6:29 a.m.	10.9%	+/-2.1	12.0%	+/-2.8	9.7%			
6:30 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	11.4%	+/-2.4	14.0%	+/-3.8	8.6%			
7:00 a.m. to 7:29 a.m.	21.4%	+/-2.7	16.4%	+/-3.0	26.7%			
7:30 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	10.0%	+/-1.9	8.3%	+/-2.7	11.9%			
8:00 a.m. to 8:29 a.m.	9.5%	+/-1.8	7.5%	+/-2.1	11.6%			
8:30 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	2.5%	+/-0.9	2.0%	+/-0.9	3.0%			
9:00 a.m. to 11:59 p.m.	17.2%	+/-2.4	15.0%	+/-3.3	19.4%			
TRAVEL TIME TO WORK								
Less than 10 minutes	16.0%	+/-2.7	14.4%	+/-3.4	17.6%			
10 to 14 minutes	10.3%	+/-1.8	9.7%	+/-2.3	10.9%			
15 to 19 minutes	7.9%	+/-1.5	7.7%	+/-2.1	8.1%			
20 to 24 minutes	7.8%	+/-2.0	6.3%	+/-2.2	9.5%			
25 to 29 minutes	2.9%	+/-1.1	1.7%	+/-0.9	4.1%			
30 to 34 minutes	9.4%	+/-1.8	9.2%	+/-2.7	9.5%			
35 to 44 minutes	11.7%	+/-2.7	10.4%	+/-2.7	13.0%			
45 to 59 minutes	15.7%	+/-3.0	15.3%	+/-3.5	16.2%			
60 or more minutes	18.4%	+/-2.5	25.2%	+/-3.9	11.2%			
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	34.9	+/-1.8	39.4	+/-3.1	30.1			
VEHICLES AVAILABLE								
Workers 16 years and over in households	15,987	+/-726	8,291	+/-474	7,696			
No vehicle available	1.8%	+/-1.0	2.1%	+/-1.5	1.5%			
1 vehicle available	10.8%	+/-1.9	9.1%	+/-2.3	12.6%			
2 vehicles available	38.1%	+/-4.3	37.2%	+/-4.4	39.2%			
3 or more vehicles available	49.2%	+/-4.1	51.5%	+/-4.2	46.8%			
PERCENT ALLOCATED								
Means of transportation to work	0.40/	00	00	00	44			
Private vehicle occupancy	6.4%	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)			
Place of work	7.7%	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)			
Time leaving home to go to work	8.3%	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)			
Travel time to work	20.2%	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)			
	9.7%	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)			
Vehicles available	0.9%	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)			

Subject	Calaveras County, California
	Female
Workers 16 years and over	Margin of Error
MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK	+/-490
Car, truck, or van	./24
Drove alone	+/-2.4
Carpooled	+/-3.6
In 2-person carpool	+/-3.0
In 3-person carpool	+/-3.0
In 4-or-more person carpool	+/-0.4
Workers per car, truck, or van	+/-0.02
Public transportation (excluding taxicab)	+/-0.02
Walked	+/-0.6
Bicycle	+/-0.4
Taxicab, motorcycle, or other means	+/-0.4
Worked at home	+/-0.4
Tremes at heme	T/-Z.1
PLACE OF WORK	
Worked in state of residence	+/-0.4
Worked in state of residence	+/-0.4
Worked outside county of residence	+/-4.9
Worked outside state of residence	+/-4.9
Worked addide state of residence	+/-0.4
Living in a place	+/-4.5
Worked in place of residence	+/-4.5
Worked outside place of residence	+/-5.2
Not living in a place	+/-3.2
itot iiviiig iii a piaoo	+/-4.5
Living in 12 selected states	+/-0.4
Worked in minor civil division of residence	+/-0.4
Worked outside minor civil division of residence	+/-0.4
Not living in 12 selected states	+/-0.4
. tot iiviiig iii 12 oolootou otatoo	+/-0.4
Workers 16 years and over who did not work at home	+/-487
•	T/-407
TIME LEAVING HOME TO GO TO WORK	
12:00 a.m. to 4:59 a.m.	+/-1.6
5:00 a.m. to 5:29 a.m.	+/-1.5
5:30 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	+/-1.5
6:00 a.m. to 6:29 a.m.	+/-3.5
6:30 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	+/-2.7
7:00 a.m. to 7:29 a.m.	+/-4.4
7:30 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	+/-2.9
8:00 a.m. to 8:29 a.m.	+/-3.0
8:30 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	+/-1.5
9:00 a.m. to 11:59 p.m.	+/-3.1
TRAVEL TIME TO WORK	
Less than 10 minutes	+/-3.4
10 to 14 minutes	+/-2.4
15 to 19 minutes	+/-2.1
20 to 24 minutes	+/-3.1
25 to 29 minutes	+/-1.9
30 to 34 minutes	+/-2.4
35 to 44 minutes	+/-3.9
45 to 59 minutes	+/-4.6
60 or more minutes	+/-3.3
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	+/-2.2
. ,	., 2.2
VEHICLES AVAILABLE	

Subject	Calaveras County, California Female
	Margin of Error
Workers 16 years and over in households	+/-489
No vehicle available	+/-0.9
1 vehicle available	+/-2.5
2 vehicles available	+/-5.1
3 or more vehicles available	+/-5.3
PERCENT ALLOCATED	
Means of transportation to work	(X)
Private vehicle occupancy	(X)
Place of work	(X)
Time leaving home to go to work	(X)
Travel time to work	(X)
Vehicles available	(X)

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

The 12 selected states are Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin.

Workers include members of the Armed Forces and civilians who were at work last week.

When information is missing or inconsistent, the Census Bureau logically assigns an acceptable value using the response to a related question or questions. If a logical assignment is not possible, data are filled using a statistical process called allocation, which uses a similar individual or household to provide a donor value. The "Allocated" section is the number of respondents who received an allocated value for a particular subject.

While the 2012-2016 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the February 2013 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2012-2016 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

Explanation of Symbols:

- 1. An '**' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
- 2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
 - 3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
 - 4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
- 5. An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
- 6. An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
- 7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.

8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.



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COMMUTING CHARACTERISTICS BY SEX

2012-2016 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Data and Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Tell us what you think. Provide feedback to help make American Community Survey data more useful for you.

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Subject	Subject California						
	Total	al	Mal	Male			
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate		
Workers 16 years and over	17,193,695	+/-20,722	9,397,830	+/-14,415	7,795,865		
MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK							
Car, truck, or van	84.1%	+/-0.1	84.4%	+/-0.1	83.7%		
Drove alone	73.5%	+/-0.1	73.8%	+/-0.1	73.1%		
Carpooled	10.6%	+/-0.1	10.6%	+/-0.1	10.6%		
In 2-person carpool	7.9%	+/-0.1	7.8%	+/-0.1	8.0%		
In 3-person carpool	1.6%	+/-0.1	1.6%	+/-0.1	1.6%		
In 4-or-more person carpool	1.1%	+/-0.1	1.2%	+/-0.1	1.0%		
Workers per car, truck, or van	1.08	+/-0.01	1.08	+/-0.01	1.08		
Public transportation (excluding taxicab)	5.2%	+/-0.1	4.9%	+/-0.1	5.6%		
Walked	2.7%	+/-0.1	2.6%	+/-0.1	2.8%		
Bicycle	1.1%	+/-0.1	1.5%	+/-0.1	0.7%		
Taxicab, motorcycle, or other means	1.4%	+/-0.1	1.7%	+/-0.1	1.1%		
Worked at home	5.4%	+/-0.1	4.9%	+/-0.1	6.1%		
PLACE OF WORK							
Worked in state of residence	99.5%	+/-0.1	99.4%	+/-0.1	99.7%		
Worked in county of residence	82.6%	+/-0.1	80.4%	+/-0.1	85.1%		
Worked outside county of residence	17.0%	+/-0.1	19.0%	+/-0.1	14.6%		
Worked outside state of residence	0.5%	+/-0.1	0.6%	+/-0.1	0.3%		
Living in a place	95.2%	+/-0.1	95.0%	+/-0.1	95.5%		
Worked in place of residence	35.1%	+/-0.1	33.0%	+/-0.1	37.8%		
Worked outside place of residence	60.0%	+/-0.1	62.0%	+/-0.1	57.7%		
Not living in a place	4.8%	+/-0.1	5.0%	+/-0.1	4.5%		
Living in 12 selected states	0.0%	+/-0.1	0.0%	+/-0.1	0.0%		
Worked in minor civil division of residence	0.0%	+/-0.1	0.0%	+/-0.1	0.0%		
Worked outside minor civil division of residence	0.0%	+/-0.1	0.0%	+/-0.1	0.0%		
Not living in 12 selected states	100.0%	+/-0.1	100.0%	+/-0.1	100.0%		

Subject	California							
	Tota	al	Mal	е	Female			
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate			
Workers 16 years and over who did not work at home	16,259,259	+/-21,229	8,936,461	+/-14,681	7,322,798			
TIME LEAVING HOME TO GO TO WORK								
12:00 a.m. to 4:59 a.m.	5.7%	+/-0.1	7.5%	+/-0.1	3.4%			
5:00 a.m. to 5:29 a.m.	4.5%	+/-0.1	6.0%	+/-0.1	2.7%			
5:30 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	4.7%	+/-0.1	5.8%	+/-0.1	3.4%			
6:00 a.m. to 6:29 a.m.	8.6%	+/-0.1	10.2%	+/-0.1	6.7%			
6:30 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	8.3%	+/-0.1	8.4%	+/-0.1	8.2%			
7:00 a.m. to 7:29 a.m.	13.6%	+/-0.1	12.9%	+/-0.1	14.5%			
7:30 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	10.9%	+/-0.1	9.1%	+/-0.1	13.1%			
8:00 a.m. to 8:29 a.m.	11.7%	+/-0.1	10.6%	+/-0.1	13.0%			
8:30 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	5.9%	+/-0.1	5.0%	+/-0.1	7.0%			
9:00 a.m. to 11:59 p.m.	26.1%	+/-0.1	24.6%	+/-0.1	27.9%			
TRAVEL TIME TO WORK								
Less than 10 minutes	9.9%	+/-0.1	9.0%	+/-0.1	11.1%			
10 to 14 minutes	12.9%	+/-0.1	12.0%	+/-0.1	13.9%			
15 to 19 minutes	15.1%	+/-0.1	14.5%	+/-0.1	15.9%			
20 to 24 minutes	14.5%	+/-0.1	14.3%	+/-0.1	14.8%			
25 to 29 minutes	5.9%	+/-0.1	5.8%	+/-0.1	5.9%			
30 to 34 minutes	15.0%	+/-0.1	15.5%	+/-0.1	14.4%			
35 to 44 minutes	6.8%	+/-0.1	7.1%	+/-0.1	6.5%			
45 to 59 minutes	8.5%	+/-0.1	9.0%	+/-0.1	8.0%			
60 or more minutes	11.3%	+/-0.1	12.8%	+/-0.1	9.6%			
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	28.4	+/-0.1	29.9	+/-0.1	26.6			
VEHICLES AVAILABLE								
Workers 16 years and over in households	17,041,624	+/-21,108	9,302,716	+/-14,262	7,738,908			
No vehicle available	3.4%	+/-0.1	3.3%	+/-0.1	3.5%			
1 vehicle available	19.7%	+/-0.1	18.1%	+/-0.1	21.5%			
2 vehicles available	39.3%	+/-0.1	40.0%	+/-0.1	38.4%			
3 or more vehicles available	37.6%	+/-0.1	38.5%	+/-0.1	36.6%			
PERCENT ALLOCATED								
Means of transportation to work	0.207	(V)	()()	(V)	///			
Private vehicle occupancy	9.3%	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)			
Place of work	10.6%	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)			
Time leaving home to go to work	12.4%	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)			
Travel time to work	18.6%	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)			
Vehicles available	14.0%	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)			
verilcies available	1.0%	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)			

Subject	California
	Female
Madaga 4C casa and access	Margin of Error
Workers 16 years and over MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK	+/-12,763
Car, truck, or van	./04
Drove alone	+/-0.1
Carpooled	+/-0.1
In 2-person carpool	+/-0.1
In 3-person carpool	+/-0.1
In 4-or-more person carpool	+/-0.1
Workers per car, truck, or van	+/-0.1
Public transportation (excluding taxicab)	+/-0.01
Walked	+/-0.1
Bicycle	+/-0.1
Taxicab, motorcycle, or other means	+/-0.1
Worked at home	+/-0.1
	17-0.1
PLACE OF WORK	
Worked in state of residence	+/-0.1
Worked in county of residence	+/-0.1
Worked outside county of residence	+/-0.1
Worked outside state of residence	+/-0.1
	17-0.1
Living in a place	+/-0.1
Worked in place of residence	+/-0.1
Worked outside place of residence	+/-0.1
Not living in a place	+/-0.1
	17 0.1
Living in 12 selected states	+/-0.1
Worked in minor civil division of residence	+/-0.1
Worked outside minor civil division of residence	+/-0.1
Not living in 12 selected states	+/-0.1
Workers 16 years and over who did not work at home	+/-12,448
TIME LEAVING HOME TO GO TO WORK	
12:00 a.m. to 4:59 a.m.	+/-0.1
5:00 a.m. to 5:29 a.m.	+/-0.1
5:30 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	+/-0.1
6:00 a.m. to 6:29 a.m.	+/-0.1
6:30 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	+/-0.1
7:00 a.m. to 7:29 a.m.	+/-0.1
7:30 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	+/-0.1
8:00 a.m. to 8:29 a.m.	+/-0.1
8:30 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	+/-0.1
9:00 a.m. to 11:59 p.m.	+/-0.1
5.00 a.m. to 11.55 p.m.	+/-0.1
TRAVEL TIME TO WORK	
Less than 10 minutes	1/01
10 to 14 minutes	+/-0.1
15 to 19 minutes	+/-0.1
20 to 24 minutes	+/-0.1
25 to 29 minutes	+/-0.1
30 to 34 minutes	+/-0.1
35 to 44 minutes	+/-0.1
45 to 59 minutes	+/-0.1
60 or more minutes	+/-0.1
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	+/-0.1
	+/-0.1
VEHICLES AVAILABLE	
Workers 16 years and over in households	1/42.004
	+/-13,021

Subject	California
	Female
	Margin of Error
No vehicle available	+/-0.1
1 vehicle available	+/-0.1
2 vehicles available	+/-0.1
3 or more vehicles available	+/-0.1
PERCENT ALLOCATED	
Means of transportation to work	(X)
Private vehicle occupancy	(X)
Place of work	(X)
Time leaving home to go to work	(X)
Travel time to work	(X)
Vehicles available	(X)

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

The 12 selected states are Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin.

Workers include members of the Armed Forces and civilians who were at work last week.

When information is missing or inconsistent, the Census Bureau logically assigns an acceptable value using the response to a related question or questions. If a logical assignment is not possible, data are filled using a statistical process called allocation, which uses a similar individual or household to provide a donor value. The "Allocated" section is the number of respondents who received an allocated value for a particular subject.

While the 2012-2016 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the February 2013 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2012-2016 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

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- 4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
- 5. An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
- 6. An '***** entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
- 7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
 - 8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.

SAFETREC TRAFFIC INJURY
MONITORING SYSTEM (TIMS)
DATA (MURPHYS, 2006-2016)

FID	CASEID	POINT_X	POINT_Y	YEAR_	LOCATION	CHPTYPE	DAYWEEK	CRASHSEV	VIOLCAT
110	2632069	-120.4546413	38.13166901	2006	500	3	5	3	4
206	2816680	-120.4566326	38.13820345	2006	500	3	1	4	3
352	3148855	-120.4567828	38.13720011	2007	500	3	1	4	5
413	3236976	-120.4545852	38.13153117	2007	500	3	1	4	5
638	3686078	-120.4562414	38.13552429	2008	500	3	5	4	3
699	3819455	-120.4557293	38.13443831	2008	500	3	4	4	3
964	4360012	-120.4557912	38.13457478	2009	500	3	7	3	3
1204	4831724	-120.4541531	38.13042209	2010	500	3	4	4	3
1257	4908477	-120.4556057	38.13416539	2010	500	3	2	4	3
1437	5256755	-120.4542621	38.13069906	2011	500	3	6	4	3
1473	5325139	-120.459709	38.13729132	2011	500	5	6	3	1
1498	5367146	-120.4557912	38.13457478	2011	500	3	3	3	3
1605	5793843	-120.4557912	38.13457478	2012	500	3	3	4	3
1830	6196987	-120.4567729	38.1374752	2013	500	3	3	2	5
1873	6089450	-120.4544257	38.1311146	2013	500	3	2	3	3
1975	6869205	-120.4550481	38.1328712	2015	500	3	4	4	3
2042	6714202	-120.4564896	38.1384773	2014	500	3	1	4	9
2057	6669873	-120.456749	38.1368599	2014	500	3	6	3	6
2193	6382098	-120.4556139	38.1342888	2014	500	3	5	4	3
2222	6909264	-120.4555506	38.1341501	2015	500	3	5	4	3
2271	90005459	-120.4543533	38.1310577	2015	500	3	5	4	8
2283	90007109	-120.4555817	38.1342239	2015	500	3	5	3	3
2543	90264806	-120.455864	38.1347313	2016	500	3	4	4	8

FID	KILLED	INJURED	WEATHER1	PEDCOL	BICCOL	MCCOL	TRUC	KCOL	ETOH	TIMECAT	MONTH_
110	0	2 A			`	′				1800	5
206	0	2 A					Υ			1800	9
352	0	1 A			`	′				2100	4
413	0	2 A								1800	6
638	0	3 A								1200	4
699	0	2 A								1200	7
964	0	2 A								1500	8
1204	0	2 A								1500	8
1257	0	1 C								600	10
1437	0	3 A								2100	8
1473	0	1 A						Υ		300	10
1498	0	1 A								1200	11
1605	0	1 A								1500	9
1830	0	2 A								900	9
1873	0	1 A			`	1				1800	6
1975	0	2 A								1500	4
2042	0	1 A								1800	11
2057	0	1 A			`	<i>(</i>				1500	10
2193	0	5 A								2100	2
2222	0	2 A								1200	4
2271	0	1 A								1800	7
2283	0	1 A								1800	7
2543	0	2 A								900	9

FID	CRASHTYP	INVOLVE	PED	PRIMARYRD	SECONDRD	DISTANCE	DIRECT	INTERSECT_
110 C		С	Α	RT 4	ALLEN CT	528 V	V N	
206 C		С	Α	RT 4	MITCHLER AV	350 E	. N	
352 D		С	Α	RT 4	MITCHLER AV	21 E	. N	
413 E		1	Α	RT 4	ALLEN LN	700 V	V N	
638 C		С	Α	RT 4	ARDEN AV	0	Y	•
699 C		С	Α	RT 4	PENNSYLVANIA GULCH RD	0	Y	,
964 C		С	Α	RT 4	PENNSYLVANIA GULCH RD	0	Y	•
1204 C		С	Α	RT 4	ALLEN LN	528 V	V N	1
1257 C		С	Α	RT 4	PENNSYLVANIA GULCH RD	30 E	. N	
1437 C		С	Α	RT 4	ALLEN LN	528 V	V N	
1473 A		С	Α	MAIN ST	SCOTT ST	51 V	V N	
1498 C		С	Α	RT 4	PENNSYLVANIA GULCH RD	66 E	. N	
1605 C		С	Α	RT 4	PENNSYLVANIA GULCH RD	10 E	. N	1
1830 A		С	Α	RT 4	MITCHLER AV	184 E	. N	
1873 D		С	Α	RT 4	PENNSYLVANIA GULCH RD	1320 V	V N	
1975 C		С	Α	RT 4	ALLEN LN	70 E	. N	
2042 D		С	Α	RT 4	MITCHLER AV	300 E	. N	
2057 B		С	Α	RT 4	PENNSYLVANIA GULCH RD	1056 V	V N	
2193 C		С	Α	RT 4	PENNSYLVANIA GULCH RD	37 E	. N	
2222 C		С	Α	RT 4	PENNSYLVANIA GULCH RD	0	Y	•
2271 D		С	Α	SR-4	PENNSYLVANIA GULCH RD	700 V	V N	
2283 C		С	Α	SR-4 W/B	PENNSYLVANIA GULCH RD	5 E	. N	
2543 B		C	Α	STATE ROUTE 4	PENNSYLVANIA GULCH RD	239 V	V N	I

FID	PROCDATE	JURIS	DATE_	TIME_	BADGE	JURIDIST	SHIFT	POP	SPECIAL	BEATTYPE
110	2006-08-28	9255	2006-05-19	1605	1155		2	9	0	1
206	2007-01-04	9255	2006-09-25	1515	1295		2	9	0	1
352	2007-10-01	9255	2007-04-23	1905	11080		2	9	0	1
413	2007-10-30	9255	2007-06-25	1535	1155		2	9	0	1
638	2009-01-29	9255	2008-04-11	1145	940		1	9	0	1
699	2009-05-18	9255	2008-07-10	1135	1647		1	9	0	1
964	2010-06-09	9255	2009-08-09	1410	18488		2	9	0	1
1204	2011-09-26	9255	2010-08-05	1200	13939		1	9	0	1
1257	2012-04-11	9255	2010-10-05	545	11552		3	9	0	1
1437	2013-03-06	9255	2011-08-13	1845	13939		2	9	0	1
1473	2013-01-08	9255	2011-10-01	200	18776		3	9	0	3
1498	2013-04-26	9255	2011-11-02	1023	15691		1	9	0	1
1605	2013-12-06	9255	2012-09-19	1330	11552		1	9	0	1
1830	2014-04-14	9255	2013-09-11	845	15546		1	9	0	1
1873	2014-03-07	9255	2013-06-04	1615	19011		2	9	0	1
1975	2016-11-02	9255	2015-04-02	1209	15546		1	9	0	1
2042	2015-01-14	9255	2014-11-10	1735	13556		2	9	0	1
2057	2014-12-19	9255	2014-10-11	1310	18492		1	9	0	1
2193	2016-03-05	9255	2014-02-14	1845	15546		2	9	0	1
2222	2016-11-02	9255	2015-04-24	1100	16054		1	9	0	1
2271	2015-10-19	9255	2015-07-10	1520	18873		2	9	0	1
2283	2015-10-19	9255	2015-07-24	1535	18776		2	9	0	1
2543	2016-09-09	9255	2016-09-08	748	18363		1	9	0	1

FID	LAPDDIV	BEATCLAS	BEATNUMB	WEATHER2	STATEHW	CALTRANC	CALTRAND	STROUTE
110		2	40 -	Υ		CAL	10	4
206		2	40 -	Y		CAL	10	4
352		2	40 -	Υ		CAL	10	4
413		2	40 -	Υ		CAL	10	4
638		2	40 -	Υ		CAL	10	4
699		2	40 -	Υ		CAL	10	4
964		2	40 -	Υ		CAL	10	4
1204		2	40 -	Υ		CAL	10	4
1257		2	40 -	Υ		CAL	10	4
1437		2	40 -	Υ		CAL	10	4
1473		2	4 -	N			0	0
1498		2	40 -	Υ		CAL	10	4
1605		2	40 -	Υ		CAL	10	4
1830		2	40 -	Υ		CAL	10	4
1873		2	40 -	Υ		CAL	10	4
1975		2	40 -	Υ		CAL	10	4
2042		2	40 -	Υ			0	4
2057		2	40 -	Υ			0	4
2193		2	40 -	Υ		CAL	10	4
2222		2	40 -	Υ		CAL	10	4
2271		2	40 -	Υ			0	4
2283		2	40 -	Υ			0	4
2543		2	40 -	Y			0	4

FID	ROUTESUF	POSTPRE	POSTMILE	LOCATYPE	RAMP	SIDEHW	TOWAWAY	PARTIES	PCF
110 -	-		29.04 H		-	E	N	2	Α
206 -	-		29.51 H		-	W	Υ	5	Α
352 -	-		29.44 I		5	W	N	2	Α
413 -	-		29.03 H		-	W	Υ	1	Α
638 -	-		29.32 H		-	E	Υ	2	Α
699 -	-		29.24 I		5	E	Υ	2	Α
964 -	-		29.25 H		-	W	Υ	2	Α
1204 -	-		28.95 H		-	E	N	3	Α
1257 -	-		29.22 H		-	E	N	2	Α
1437 -	-		28.97 H		-	E	Υ	3	Α
1473			0				Υ	2	Α
1498 -	-		29.25 H		-	E	Υ	2	Α
1605 -	-		29.25 H		-	W	Υ	2	Α
1830 -	-		29.46 H		-	E	Υ	2	Α
1873 -	-		29 H		-	W	Υ	2	Α
1975 -	-		29.15 H		-	E	Υ	2	Α
2042			0				Υ	2	Α
2057			0				Υ	2	Α
2193 -	-		29.25 H		-	W	N	3	Α
2222 -	-		29.24 I		5	E	Υ	2	Α
2271			0				N	2	Α
2283			0			W	Υ	2	Α
2543			0				Υ	2	Α

FID	VIOLCODE	VIOL	VIOLSUB	HITRUN	ROADSURF	RDCOND1	RDCOND2	LIGHTING	RIGHTWAY
110 -		21703		M	Α	Н	-	Α	D
206 -		22350		N	Α	Н	-	Α	D
352 -		21460 A		N	Α	Н	-	Α	D
413 -		21650		N	Α	Н	-	Α	D
638 -		22350		N	Α	Н	-	Α	D
699 -		22350		N	Α	Н	-	Α	D
964 -		22350		N	Α	Н	-	Α	D
1204 -		22350		N	Α	Н	-	Α	D
1257 -		22350		N	В	Н	-	С	D
1437 -		22350		N	Α	Н	-	Α	D
1473 -		23152 A		N	Α	Н	-	С	D
1498 -		22350		N	Α	Н	-	Α	D
1605 -		22350		N	Α	Н	-	Α	D
1830 -		21460 A		N	Α	Н	-	Α	D
1873 -		22350		N	Α	Н	-	Α	D
1975 -		22350		N	Α	Н	-	Α	D
2042 -		21804 A		N	Α	Н	-	С	D
2057 -		21750		N	Α	D	-	Α	D
2193 -		22350		N	Α	Н	-	С	D
2222 -		22350		N	Α	Н	-	Α	D
2271 -		22107		N	Α	Н	-	Α	D
2283 -		22350		N	Α	Н	-	Α	D
2543 -		22107		N	Α	Н	-	Α	D

FID	CHPRDTYP N	IOTPRIV STFAU	LT CHPFAUL	LT SEVINJ	OTHERINJ	COP	PEDKILL	PEDINJ	BICKILL
110	0 Y	С	2	0	2	0	0	0	0
206	0 Y	G	25	0	0	2	0	0	0
352	0 Y	С	2	0	0	1	0	0	0
413	0 Y	Α	1	0	0	2	0	0	0
638	0 Y	E	22	0	0	3	0	0	0
699	0 Y	D	22	0	0	2	0	0	0
964	0 Y	Α	7	0	1	1	0	0	0
1204	0 Y	Α	7	0	0	2	0	0	0
1257	0 Y	Α	1	0	0	1	0	0	0
1437	0 Y	E	22	0	0	3	0	0	0
1473	0 Y	D	22	0	1	0	0	0	0
1498	0 Y	Α	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
1605	0 Y	Α	7	0	0	1	0	0	0
1830	0 Y	Α	7	1	1	0	0	0	0
1873	0 Y	С	2	0	1	0	0	0	0
1975	0 Y	D	22	0	0	2	0	0	0
2042	0 Y	Α	1	0	0	1	0	0	0
2057	0 Y	С	2	0	1	0	0	0	0
2193	0 Y	Α	7	0	0	5	0	0	0
2222	0 Y	Α	1	0	0	2	0	0	0
2271	0 Y	Α	1	0	0	1	0	0	0
2283	0 Y	Α	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
2543	0 Y	J	48	0	0	2	0	0	0

FID	BICINJ	MCKILL	MCINJURE RAN	IP1 RAMP2	CITY	COUNTY	STATE	X_CHP	Y_CHP
110	0	0	2 -	-	UNINCORPORATED	CALAVERAS	CA	0	0
206	0	0	0 -	-	UNINCORPORATED	CALAVERAS	CA	0	0
352	0	0	1 -	-	UNINCORPORATED	CALAVERAS	CA	0	0
413	0	0	0 -	-	UNINCORPORATED	CALAVERAS	CA	0	0
638	0	0	0 -	-	UNINCORPORATED	CALAVERAS	CA	0	0
699	0	0	0 -	-	UNINCORPORATED	CALAVERAS	CA	0	0
964	0	0	0 -	-	UNINCORPORATED	CALAVERAS	CA	-120	38
1204	0	0	0 -	-	UNINCORPORATED	CALAVERAS	CA	-120	38
1257	0	0	0 -	-	UNINCORPORATED	CALAVERAS	CA	-120	38
1437	0	0	0 -	-	UNINCORPORATED	CALAVERAS	CA	-120	38
1473	0	0	0 -	-	UNINCORPORATED	CALAVERAS	CA	-120	39
1498	0	0	0 -	-	UNINCORPORATED	CALAVERAS	CA	-120	38
1605	0	0	0 -	-	UNINCORPORATED	CALAVERAS	CA	-120	38
1830	0	0	0 -	-	UNINCORPORATED	CALAVERAS	CA	-120	38
1873	0	0	1 -	-	UNINCORPORATED	CALAVERAS	CA	-120	38
1975	0	0	0 -	-	UNINCORPORATED	CALAVERAS	CA	-120	38
2042	0	0	0 -	-	UNINCORPORATED	CALAVERAS	CA	-120	38
2057	0	0	1 -	-	UNINCORPORATED	CALAVERAS	CA	0	0
2193	0	0	0 -	-	UNINCORPORATED	CALAVERAS	CA	-120	38
2222	0	0	0 -	-	UNINCORPORATED	CALAVERAS	CA	-120	38
2271	0	0	0 -	-	UNINCORPORATED	CALAVERAS	CA	-120	38
2283	0	0	0 -	-	UNINCORPORATED	CALAVERAS	CA	-120	38
2543	0	0	0 -	-	UNINCORPORATED	CALAVERAS	CA	-120	38

FID	AvgVAGE	VAGE_Minor	VAGE_Senio	MobilLimAg	F_M_VSEX	F_F_VSEX	index	Col_Cnt	Kill_Col_C
110	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
206	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
352	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
413	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
638	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
699	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
964	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1204	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1257	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1437	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1473	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1498	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1605	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1830	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1873	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1975	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2042	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2057	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2193	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2222	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2271	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2283	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2543	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

FID	SevInj_Col	BikeSevInj	PedSevInj V	ehSevInj Kill	I_Col_B Kil	I_Col_P S	tudy_Area
110	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
206	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
352	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
413	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
638	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
699	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
964	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
1204	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
1257	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
1437	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
1473	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
1498	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
1605	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
1830	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
1873	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
1975	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
2042	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
2057	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
2193	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
2222	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
2271	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
2283	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
2543	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

BICYCLE AND PEDESTRIAN LEVEL OF TRAFFIC STRESS

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Bike Score by Link

Refer to StreetScore+ white paper for criteria definitions.

	Bike StreetScore by Link	Input
	View Basic Roadway Characteristics?	+
1	Roadway Name	CA State Route 4
2	Roadway Extents	north of Williams St
3	ADT (average daily traffic)	6001-9000
4	Prevailing Speed in MPH (use posted speed limit if speed data is not available)	45
5	Are the bicycle conditions the same in both directions? (e.g. bicycle facilities are the same in both directions, number of lanes are the same in both directions)	Yes
6	Are the pedestrian facilities the same in both directions? (e.g. sidewalk of similar width present on both sides of the street, number of lanes are the same in both directions)	Yes
7	Is there a raised median?	No
8	Number of Total Travel Lanes	2
	What is the bicycle facility type?	Bicycle Route Or No Designated Bikeway
	Speed	45
	# of Travel Lanes	2
	Does the street have a centerline?	Yes
	Is the street classified as residential?	No
	Segment LTS Score Per Mineta Methodology	4
	Street Score+ LTS Score	4



Bike Score by Link

Refer to StreetScore+ white paper for criteria definitions.

	Bike StreetScore by Link	Input
	View Basic Roadway Characteristics?	+
1	Roadway Name	CA State Route 4
2	Roadway Extents	Williams to Allen
3	ADT (average daily traffic)	6001-9000
4	Prevailing Speed in MPH (use posted speed limit if speed data is not available)	35
5	Are the bicycle conditions the same in both directions? (e.g. bicycle facilities are the same in both directions, number of lanes are the same in both directions)	Yes
6	Are the pedestrian facilities the same in both directions? (e.g. sidewalk of similar width present on both sides of the street, number of lanes are the same in both directions)	Yes
7	Is there a raised median?	No
8	Number of Total Travel Lanes	2
	What is the bicycle facility type?	Bicycle Route Or No Designated Bikeway
	Speed	35
	# of Travel Lanes	2
	Does the street have a centerline?	Yes
	Is the street classified as residential?	No
	Segment LTS Score Per Mineta Methodology	4
	Street Score+ LTS Score	3



Bike Score by Link

Refer to StreetScore+ white paper for criteria definitions.

	Bike StreetScore by Link	Input
	View Basic Roadway Characteristics?	+
1	Roadway Name	CA State Route 4
2	Roadway Extents	south of Allen Lane
3	ADT (average daily traffic)	6001-9000
4	Prevailing Speed in MPH (use posted speed limit if speed data is not available)	45
5	Are the bicycle conditions the same in both directions? (e.g. bicycle facilities are the same in both directions, number of lanes are the same in both directions)	Yes
6	Are the pedestrian facilities the same in both directions? (e.g. sidewalk of similar width present on both sides of the street, number of lanes are the same in both directions)	Yes
7	Is there a raised median?	No
8	Number of Total Travel Lanes	2
	What is the bicycle facility type?	Bicycle Route Or No Designated Bikeway
	Speed	45
	# of Travel Lanes	2
	Does the street have a centerline?	Yes
	Is the street classified as residential?	No
	Segment LTS Score Per Mineta Methodology	4
	Street Score+ LTS Score	4

StreetScore^t

Bike Score by Intersection

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	Bike StreetScore by Intersection	Input
	View Basic Roadway Characteristics?	+
1	Roadway Name	CA State Route 4
2	Roadway Extents	Williams to Allen
3	ADT (average daily traffic)	6001-9000
4	Prevailing Speed in MPH (use posted speed limit if speed data is not available)	35
5	Are the bicycle conditions the same in both directions? (e.g. bicycle facilities are the same in both directions, number of lanes are the same in both directions)	Yes
6	Are the pedestrian facilities the same in both directions? (e.g. sidewalk of similar width present on both sides of the street, number of lanes are the same in both directions)	Yes
7	Is there a raised median?	No
8	Number of Total Travel Lanes	2
	What is the bicycle facility type?	Bicycle Route Or No Designated Bikeway
	Is there a right turn lane?	No
	What is the right-turn speed?	20
	Does the configuration present additional hazards?	No
	Segment LTS Score Per Mineta Methodology	4
	Street Score+ LTS Score	4

StreetScore^t

Bike Score by Intersection

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	Bike StreetScore by Intersection	Input
	View Basic Roadway Characteristics?	+
1	Roadway Name	CA State Route 4
2	Roadway Extents	Williams to Allen
3	ADT (average daily traffic)	6001-9000
4	Prevailing Speed in MPH (use posted speed limit if speed data is not available)	35
5	Are the bicycle conditions the same in both directions? (e.g. bicycle facilities are the same in both directions, number of lanes are the same in both directions)	Yes
6	Are the pedestrian facilities the same in both directions? (e.g. sidewalk of similar width present on both sides of the street, number of lanes are the same in both directions)	Yes
7	Is there a raised median?	No
8	Number of Total Travel Lanes	2
	What is the bicycle facility type?	Bicycle Route Or No Designated Bikeway
	Is there a right turn lane?	No
	What is the right-turn speed?	20
	Does the configuration present additional hazards?	No
	Segment LTS Score Per Mineta Methodology	4
	Street Score+ LTS Score	4

StreetScore

Bike Score by Intersection

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	Bike StreetScore by Intersection	Input
	View Basic Roadway Characteristics?	+
1	Roadway Name	CA State Route 4
2	Roadway Extents	Williams to Allen
3	ADT (average daily traffic)	6001-9000
4	Prevailing Speed in MPH (use posted speed limit if speed data is not available)	35
5	Are the bicycle conditions the same in both directions? (e.g. bicycle facilities are the same in both directions, number of lanes are the same in both directions)	Yes
6	Are the pedestrian facilities the same in both directions? (e.g. sidewalk of similar width present on both sides of the street, number of lanes are the same in both directions)	Yes
7	Is there a raised median?	No
8	Number of Total Travel Lanes	2
	What is the bicycle facility type?	Bicycle Route Or No Designated Bikeway
	Is there a right turn lane?	Yes, 76-150'
	Is there more than one right-turn lanes?	No
	What is the right-turn speed?	20
	Does the configuration present additional hazards?	No
	Segment LTS Score Per Mineta Methodology	4
	Street Score+ LTS Score	4



Pedestrian Score by Link

	Refer to StreetScore+ white paper for criteria definitions.	
	Pedestrian Streetscore by Link	Input
	View Basic Roadway Characteristics?	+
1	Roadway Name	CA State Route 4
2	Roadway Extents	north of Williams St
3	ADT (average daily traffic)	6001-9000
4	Prevailing Speed in MPH (use posted speed limit if speed data is not available)	45
5	Are the bicycle conditions the same in both directions? (e.g. bicycle facilities are the same in both directions, number of lanes are the same in both directions)	Yes
6	Are the pedestrian facilities the same in both directions? (e.g. sidewalk of similar width present on both sides of the street, number of lanes are the same in both directions)	Yes
7	Is there a raised median?	No
8	Number of Total Travel Lanes	2
	What is the width of the sidewalk?	No Sidewalk
	Is the sidewalk in good repair?	Even, Smooth Surface
	Does the sidewalk provide a continuous pedestrian	Driveway Curb Cuts Out of
	environment?	the Sidewalk Zone
	Is there a landscape buffer and street trees?	No Landscaping
	What is the prevailing speed?	45
	Number of Travel Lanes?	2
	Is lighting present?	Roadway Lighting Only
	What is the percent of heavy vehicles in curbside travel lane? (Use total percentage if by-lane data is not available. Percentage should not include transit vehicles.)	<=5%
	(Optional) What is the crosswalk frequency?	Crosswalks Spaced > 400'
	Street Score + LTS Score	4



Pedestrian Score by Link

	Refer to StreetScore+ white paper for criteria definitions.	
	Pedestrian Streetscore by Link	Immust
	View Basic Roadway Characteristics?	Input
1	•	+
1	Roadway Name	CA State Route 4
2	Roadway Extents	Williams to Allen
3	ADT (average daily traffic)	6001-9000
4	Prevailing Speed in MPH (use posted speed limit if speed data is not available)	35
5	Are the bicycle conditions the same in both directions? (e.g. bicycle facilities are the same in both directions, number of lanes are the same in both directions)	Yes
6	Are the pedestrian facilities the same in both directions? (e.g. sidewalk of similar width present on both sides of the street, number of lanes are the same in both directions)	Yes
7	Is there a raised median?	No
8	Number of Total Travel Lanes	2
	What is the width of the sidewalk?	No Sidewalk
	Is the sidewalk in good repair?	Even, Smooth Surface
	Does the sidewalk provide a continuous pedestrian environment?	Driveway Curb Cuts Out of the Sidewalk Zone
	Is there a landscape buffer and street trees?	No Landscaping
	What is the prevailing speed?	35
	Number of Travel Lanes?	2
	Is lighting present?	Roadway Lighting Only
	What is the percent of heavy vehicles in curbside travel lane? (Use total percentage if by-lane data is not available. Percentage should not include transit vehicles.)	<=5%
	(Optional) What is the crosswalk frequency?	Crosswalks Spaced > 400'
	Street Score+ LTS Score	4



Pedestrian Score by Link

	Refer to StreetScore+ white paper for criteria definitions.	
	Pedestrian Streetscore by Link	Input
	View Basic Roadway Characteristics?	+
1	Roadway Name	CA State Route 4
2	Roadway Extents	south of Allen Lane
3	ADT (average daily traffic)	6001-9000
4	Prevailing Speed in MPH (use posted speed limit if speed data is not available)	45
5	Are the bicycle conditions the same in both directions? (e.g. bicycle facilities are the same in both directions, number of lanes are the same in both directions)	Yes
6	Are the pedestrian facilities the same in both directions? (e.g. sidewalk of similar width present on both sides of the street, number of lanes are the same in both directions)	Yes
7	Is there a raised median?	No
8	Number of Total Travel Lanes	2
	What is the width of the sidewalk?	No Sidewalk
	Is the sidewalk in good repair?	Even, Smooth Surface
	Does the sidewalk provide a continuous pedestrian	Driveway Curb Cuts Out of
	environment?	the Sidewalk Zone
	Is there a landscape buffer and street trees?	No Landscaping
	What is the prevailing speed?	45
	Number of Travel Lanes?	2
	Is lighting present?	Roadway Lighting Only
	What is the percent of heavy vehicles in curbside travel lane? (Use total percentage if by-lane data is not available. Percentage should not include transit vehicles.)	<=5%
	(Optional) What is the crosswalk frequency?	Crosswalks Spaced > 400'
	Street Score+ LTS Score	4
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